MARYLAND
STATE RETIREMENT
and PENSION SYSTEM

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System
A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Maryland
For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

2022

MISSION STATEMENT

The Board of Trustees of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (System) is charged with the fiduciary responsibility for administering the survivor, disability and retirement benefits of the System's participants and to ensure that sufficient assets are available to fund the benefits when due. To accomplish this mission the System has established the following key goals:

- To prudently invest System assets in a well diversified manner to optimize long-term returns, while controlling risk though excellence in execution of the investment objectives and strategies of the System.

- To effectively communicate with all retirement plan participants to inform them about the benefits provided by the System, and to educate them about planning and preparing for all aspects of their future retirement.

- To accurately and timely pay retirement allowances provided by State pension law to the System's retirees and their beneficiaries.

- To implement an automated, comprehensive and integrated pension administration and electronic document management system.

- To efficiently collect the required employer and members contributions necessary to fund the System.

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Maryland

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Prepared by:
Maryland State Retirement Agency
120 East Baltimore Street
Baltimore, Maryland 21202

INTRODUCTORY SECTION:

FINANCIAL SECTION:

INVESTMENT SECTION:

ACTUARIAL SECTION:

STATISTICAL SECTION:

PLAN SUMMARY SECTION:

STATE RETIREMENT AGENCY
120 East Baltimore Street
Baltimore, MD 21202-6700

MARYLAND
STATE RETIREMENT
and PENSION SYSTEM

410-625-5555 • 1-800-492-5909
TTY Users: call via Maryland Relay
sra.maryland.gov

December 15, 2022

Dear Members, Retirees and Beneficiaries:

On behalf of the Board of Trustees, we are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2022. This report provides information on the financial status of the System during a period when it issued approximately $374 million in average monthly payments to more than 172,000 retirees and beneficiaries.

The System generated a modestly negative return of -2.97%, net of fees, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, beating its policy benchmark of -3.48%. The policy benchmark is a standard for comparing a portfolio's performance in the market from which the manager selects securities. The System's diversified and risk-balanced asset allocation, designed to weather extremes in market volatility, performed significantly better than a traditional 60/40 allocation to publicly traded stocks and bonds, saving more than $5 billion on its investments for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2022.

The fiscal year 2022 returns reflect the impact of the ongoing volatility of global financial markets impacted by inflation, rising interest rates, the COVID-19 pandemic, and the war in Ukraine. Recent market activity has been marked by a reversal in the long-term relationship between stocks and bonds. Typically, bond returns have provided a cushion to offset weak stock performance. In fiscal year 2022, stocks and bonds were both down more than ten percent.

While the focus will typically be on investment returns, the Board recognizes that the management of risk is equally important in the investment of plan assets. History has shown that returns will vary from year to year, at times by wide margins. The Board has adopted investment policies designed to minimize the downside impact of such volatility on the value of System assets, while still capturing significant value when markets are strong.

Reforms enacted by the Maryland General Assembly in 2011 and in subsequent years continue to show positive results for the System and continue to match or, in fact, exceed projections made at the time of the reforms. Required employer contributions for the coming fiscal year of 2023 are projected to be 18.07% of payroll, significantly lower than the 20.15% predicted at the time of the 2011 reforms. As of June 30, 2022, the System's funded ratio is 77.2%, slightly lower than the 77.3% predicted at the same time, but higher than the 76.9% reported last year. The System continues to remain on track to be 80% funded by 2026; 85% funded by 2030; and 100% funded by 2039.

Your Retirement System remains administratively and financially sound. As a participant in the System, you can remain confident that your pension benefits are secure. As always, your commitment to and involvement in the concerns of the System are greatly appreciated. We value your input—this is your System. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

Peter Franchot

PETER FRANCHOT
Chair

Dereck E. Davis

DERECK E. DAVIS
Vice Chair

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Peter Franchot, *Chair*
Dereck E. Davis, *Vice-Chair*

Linda Vaughn Allen
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Sheila Hill
Michael J. Howard
Richard E. Norman
Douglas Prouty
Robert F. Sandlass, Jr.
Michael J. Stafford, Jr.
Matthew Wyskiel

Martin Noven, *Secretary to the Board*

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Baltimore, MD 21202-6700

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sra.maryland.gov

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

December 15, 2022

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We believe this report fairly presents the operating results achieved during this 12-month reporting period.

The System is responsible for properly administering retirement, disability, and death benefits. At the same time, it strives to keep employer contribution rates as reasonable as possible by maximizing investment returns while maintaining an acceptable level of risk. Members covered by the plans include state employees, teachers, law enforcement officers, legislators, judges, as well as local government employees and correctional personnel whose employers have elected to participate in the System.

The System currently provides monthly allowances to more than 172,000 retirees and beneficiaries and is an essential element of the future financial security for more than 194,000 active participating members. Descriptions of the membership requirements and benefits provided by each plan administered by the System are included in the Plan Summary Section starting on page 140.

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report contains six sections. The Introductory Section provides information about the administrative structure of the System. The Financial Section provides a comprehensive review of the System's financial position, the results of its operations and its funded status. It also contains the report from the System's independent auditor, the combined financial statements, and supplementary financial data. The Investment Section includes a report highlighting the System's investment performance in addition to various summary level portfolio compositions and other investment data. The Actuarial Section contains the independent actuary's report on the results of the System's annual actuarial valuation. The Statistical and Plan Summary Sections provide demographic composition of the System's membership segments affected by each plan and detailed descriptions of the various plans' provisions. In addition to this Letter of Transmittal, additional narrative, overview, and analysis can be found in Management's Discussion and Analysis beginning on page 18.

INVESTMENTS

The System's investment portfolio returned -2.97 percent on investments, net of fees, for the fiscal year 2022 relative to the System's 6.80 percent assumed actuarial return rate and the plan's policy benchmark of -3.48 percent. After the payment of benefits, the fair value of Fiduciary Net Position decreased by $3.3 billion from $67.6 billion on June 30, 2021 to $64.3 billion on June 30, 2022.

The System's long-term target strategic asset allocation is comprised of 34 percent public equities, 21 percent rate sensitive assets, 16 percent private equities, 8 percent credit/debt strategies, 15 percent real assets, and 6 percent absolute return. The System's portfolio is balanced across several asset and sub-asset classes and is globally diversified. This, coupled with a long-term investment horizon, provides the System with greater protection during short-term market volatility.

FINANCIAL REPORT CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

This annual report is designed to comply with the reporting requirements of GASB and in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Best Practices. The responsibility for the accuracy of the data presented here, as well as the completeness and fairness of the presentation, rests with the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS) management. Management is responsible for the contents of the annual comprehensive financial report and for the internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance for the safeguarding of assets and the reliability of financial records. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes the relationship between the cost of a control and the benefit likely to be derived, based on the judgment of management.

The System reports its transactions on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are reported in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable, and expenses are reported when the related liability is incurred and measurable. Investments are reported at market value at fiscal year-end. Investment purchases and sales are reported in the accounting period in which the related trade dates occur.

Management has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to protect assets from loss and to compile adequate reliable information for the preparation of the System financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Management has committed the resources necessary to maintain an internal control structure that provides reasonable assurance that assets are adequately safeguarded, financial records are consistently and accurately maintained, and transactions are properly executed to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The System's internal control structure includes written policies and procedures and an internal audit division that reports to the Board.

Effective internal controls can only provide a reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and thus, may not prevent or detect misstatements. The System's external auditors, CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, conducted an independent audit of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted government auditing standards. This audit and the financial statements are described in the Financial Section, beginning on page 15.

REVENUES

The reserves necessary to finance retirement allowances and other benefits are accumulated through investment earnings and the collection of employer and member contributions. During fiscal year 2022, investment earnings were -$1.4 billion, while revenues from employer and member contributions were $2.28 billion and $894.3 million, respectively. For fiscal year 2022, member contribution rates on average were seven percent, while employer rates varied depending on the System.

EXPENSES

The System's expenses consist of monthly retirement allowances, refunds of contributions to terminated and transferring members, withdrawing employers, and the administrative cost of System operations. Payments to retirees, beneficiaries and transferring or withdrawing members and employers continued to be the System's primary disbursements during FY 2022, totaling $4.4 billion. In addition, the System disbursed $607.0 million to manage the investment portfolio and to administer the System, of which $565.0 million was paid for investment management, portfolio custody, and securities lending services and $42.0 million was used to fund the System's administrative operations.

FUNDING

Funds are derived from the excess of additions, which include contributions and investment earnings, over deductions, which are comprised of benefits and administrative expenses. Funds are accumulated to meet future benefit obligations to retirees and beneficiaries. This accumulated balance is referred to as the "net assets held in trust for pension benefits" in the Statement of Pension Net Assets in the Financial Section of this report. The actuarial accrued liability is not disclosed in the basic financial statement but is disclosed in note nine to the basic financial statements. The funded status schedule presented in note nine shows the actuarial value of assets, which is based on a five-year smoothed expected rate of return, wherein the excess or shortfall of investment income over or under the actuarial assumed income of 6.80 percent is recognized over a five-year period. This is the value of assets used by the actuary in determining contribution rates for the Systems as disclosed in note five to the basic financial statements.

The actuarial accrued liability of the Systems is also determined by the actuary. It is a measure of the present value of actuarial accrued liabilities estimated to be payable in the future to current retirees, beneficiaries and employees for service earned to date. The percentage computed by dividing the actuarial value of net assets available for benefits by the actuarial accrued liability is generally referred to as the "funded ratio." This ratio provides an indication of the funded status of the System on a going-concern basis and generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the System. The System's funded ratio decreased from 76.8 percent at June 30, 2021 to 76.6 percent at June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2022 the System's actuarial accrued assets and liability were $62.8 billion and $81.7 billion, respectively. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability totaled $20.2 billion, resulting in a funded status ratio of 73.6 percent. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over a closed 25-year period.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

The System contracts for the services of various independent consulting, investment advisory and financial professionals to assist the Board of Trustees in carrying out its fiduciary responsibility to manage the System efficiently and effectively. Actuarial services were provided by Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company and independent financial statement audit services were provided by SB & Company, LLC. The System's asset custody and portfolio accounting services were provided by the State Street Bank & Trust Company under a multi-year, master custody arrangement. Meketa Investment Group, Inc. served as the System's general investment consultant. Specialty consulting services were provided by Pavilion Alternatives Group, LLC for private equity and Townsend Holdings, LLC for real estate. Aksia, LLC advises staff on the retirement System's Absolute Return portfolio. A complete listing of the System's professional consultants and external investment advisors is presented on page 11.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the thirty third consecutive year (1989 through 2021) that it has received this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Additionally, the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System received the Public Pension Coordinating Council's (PPCC) 2021 Recognition Award for meeting professional standards for plan funding and administration, as set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

The PPCC is a coalition of associations that represent public pension funds that cover most public employees in the U.S., including the National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA), the National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR), and the National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS).

The Public Pension Standards are intended to reflect expectations for public retirement Systems management and administration and serve as a benchmark by which all defined benefit public plans should be measured. The Maryland State Retirement and Pension System is proud to be a recipient of this award.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This annual report reflects the dedicated efforts of the System's staff under the steady direction of the Board of Trustees. We extend our sincere gratitude to each member of the Board, the System's staff, the Board's advisors, and the many people who worked with diligence and dedication throughout fiscal year 2022. Special thanks go to the members of the Maryland State Retirement Agency's senior executive team and the agency's staff of professional and paraprofessionals who helped to gather and prepare the information for this report.

Martin Noven
Executive Director
Secretary to the Board

Melody Countess, CPA, CGMA
Chief Operating Officer

BOARD OF TRUSTEES AS OF NOVEMBER 2022

PETER FRANCHOT, *Chair*
State Comptroller
Ex Officio since January 22, 2007
Member, Investment Committee

DERECK E. DAVIS, *Vice Chair*
State Treasurer
Ex Officio since December 17, 2021
Member, Administrative Committee
Member, Investment Committee

LINDA VAUGHN ALLEN
July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2026
Member, Administrative Committee
Member, Investment Committee

THOMAS M. BRANDT, JR.
May 7, 2020 – July 31, 2023
Vice Chairman, Audit Committee
Member, Administrative Committee
Member, Corporate Governance and
Securities Litigation Committee

DAVID R. BRINKLEY
Ex Officio since January 21, 2015
Vice Chairman, Investment Committee
Member, Administrative Committee
Member, Corporate Governance and
Securities Litigation Committee

JAMAAL R. A. CRADDOCK
June 19, 2018 - July 31, 2025
Member, Administrative Committee
Member, Audit Committee

JAMES P. DALY, JR.
September 11, 2020 – June 30, 2025
Member, Corporate Governance and
Securities Litigation Committee
Member, Investment Committee

KENNETH B. HAINES
August 1, 2019 - July 31, 2023
Chairman, Administrative Committee
Member, Audit Committee

SHEILA HILL
August 1, 2015 – July 31, 2023
Vice Chairman, Corporate Governance and
Securities Litigation Committee
Member, Investment Committee

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Michael J. Howard
June 10, 2022 - June 30, 2023
Member, Audit Committee
Member, Corporate Governance and Securities Litigation Committee

Richard E. Norman
August 1, 2014 – July 31, 2026
Chairman, Audit Committee
Vice Chairman, Administrative Committee
Member, Investment Committee

Douglas Prouty
August 1, 2017 – July 31, 2025
Chairman, Corporate Governance and Securities Litigation Committee
Member, Investment Committee

Robert F. Sandlass, Jr.
June 10, 2022 - June 30,2025
Member, Administrative Committee
Member, Audit Committee

Michael J. Stafford, Jr.
October 26, 2017 – July 31, 2023
Chairman, Investment Committee

Matthew W. Wyskiel
March 15, 2022 - July 31, 2024
Member, Audit Committee
Member, Corporate Governance and Securities Litigation Committee

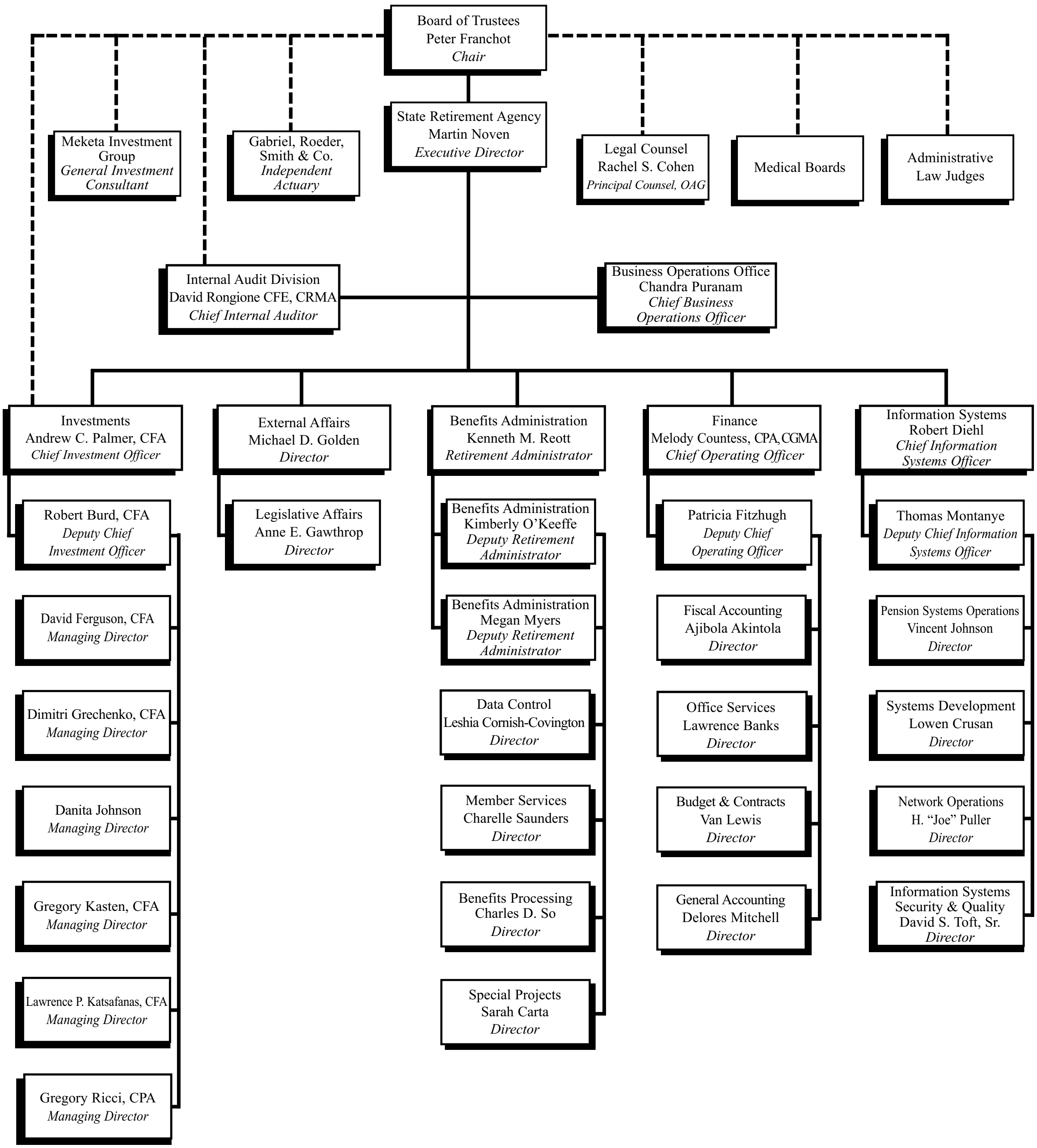
ADVISORS TO THE INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

Michael K. Barry
July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2025

Anne L. Shelton
July 1, 2020 – June 30, 2023

Monte Tarbox
July 1, 2018 – June 30, 2024

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART (November 2022)



*Additional information regarding investment professionals who provide services to the System can be found on pages 11, and 95-98.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Global Custodial Bank and Security Lending

State Street Bank & Trust Company
Boston, Massachusetts

Deutsche Bank
New York, New York

Hearing Officers

Office of Administrative Hearings
Baltimore, Maryland

Independent Actuary

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.
Southfield, Michigan

Independent Public Accountant

Clifton Larson Allen
Timonium, Maryland

Independent Investment Consultants

Hamilton Lane Advisors, LLC
Bala Cynwyd, Pennsylvania

Meketa Investment Group, Inc.
Westwood, Massachusetts

Townsend Holdings, LLC
Cleveland, Ohio

Aksia, LLC
New York, New York

Operational Banking Services

M & T Bank
Baltimore, Maryland

The Harbor Bank of Maryland
Baltimore, Maryland

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

For its Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Public Pension Coordinating Council

Public Pension Standards Award For Funding and Administration 2022

Presented to

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

In recognition of meeting professional standards for
plan funding and administration as
set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA)
National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS)
National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

Alan H. Winkle
Program Administrator

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Financial Section

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP
CLAconnect.com

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Trustees
Maryland State Retirement and Pension System
Baltimore, Maryland

Report on the Financial Statements
Opinion
We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the System), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the System, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in fiduciary net position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the System and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the System's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:
- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the System's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of changes in the employers' net pension liability, employers' net pension liability and related ratios, employers' contributions and investment returns be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the System's financial statements. The schedule of funding progress, fund balance accounts, administrative expenses, investment expenses, fiduciary net position by system, and changes in fiduciary net position by system (other supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory, investment, plan summary, actuarial and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based e conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2022, on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP
Baltimore, Maryland
December 15, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

To help facilitate a better understanding of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System's (the System) financial condition as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the results of its operations for the fiscal years then ended, and the fiscal policies that govern its significant business operations, management has prepared this narrative analysis. This narrative is intended to supplement the System's audited financial statements and, as such should be read in conjunction with these statements, which are presented beginning on page 24.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the System's basic financial statements are comprised of the comparative Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, along with the related note disclosures. In addition, the System's financial statements include certain required supplementary information (e.g., schedule of changes in employers' net pension liability, schedule of employers' net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employers' contributions, and schedule of investment returns) as well as other supplementary schedules considered relevant to the financial statement user (e.g., schedules of fund balance accounts, administrative and investment expenses, fiduciary net position by system, and related changes by system). To better understand the relevance of the information presented in the System's financial statements, related notes, and supplementary information, it is helpful to first consider what purpose each component is intended to serve.

The Statements of Fiduciary Net Position presents a comparative, summary-level snapshot, as of a specific point in time (i.e., June 30th – the last day of the System's fiscal year), of the fair value of the net position available to pay future pension benefits to retirees and beneficiaries. To assist the reader in understanding the composition of the System's accumulated net position the most significant components (e.g., cash and cash equivalent securities, investments) are separately disclosed. In this regard, cash and cash equivalents represent that portion of the System's assets that, as of the end of the fiscal year, reside in the form of actual cash or short-term, highly liquid, investment securities. This amount gives an indication of the System's liquidity at fiscal year-end. Conversely, the amounts shown as investments represent those funds invested in longer-term securities (e.g., stocks, bonds, real estate) held for the purpose of generating investment income. The sum of these assets, reduced by any liabilities owed by the System as of fiscal year-end, represents the net position held in trust to pay pension benefits.

By contrast, the Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position are intended to show, on a comparative basis, the major categories of income earned (additions to fiduciary Net position) and expenses incurred (deductions from fiduciary Net position) by the System during the previous fiscal year. As such, the System's net income or loss accounts for the entire change in the net position held in trust to pay pension benefits during the fiscal year as a result of System operations. As with the System's assets and liabilities, significant categories of income and expense, as reported on the Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, are separately disclosed to help clarify the major sources and uses of the System's resources.

Finally, the note disclosures are provided as an integral component of the basic financial statements to help explain in narrative form some of the more complex or less obvious elements of the statements. Further, the notes to the financial statements provide additional information (e.g., significant accounting policies, various types of investment risk) that is essential for a comprehensive understanding of the System's financial condition and the results of its operations.

The Schedule of Changes in Employers' Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employers' Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employers' Contributions, and Schedule of Investment Returns share common characteristics with data disclosed in the basic financial statements. In this regard, both the Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position and the Schedule of Contributions from Employers and Other Contributing Entity disclose the amount of contributions received from participating employers. However, the Schedule of Employer Contributions differs from the Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position in that the Schedule's primary focus is to disclose the contributions required to be made in accordance with the System's funding policy and the percentage of the required contributions actually made during the fiscal years presented.

Finally, the other supplementary schedules, presented immediately after the required supplementary information, summarize the changes in fund balances, disclose major categories of operating and investment expenses, and provide combining, plan-level detail related to asset, liability, income, and expense amounts summarized in the basic financial statements.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The System's overall funding objective is to accumulate sufficient assets over time to meet its long-term benefit obligations as they become due. Accordingly, collecting employer and member contributions as well as earning an adequate long-term rate of return on its investments are essential components of the System's plan for accumulating the funds needed to finance future retirement benefits.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to 2021

The following condensed comparative Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 reflects a decrease of $3.3 billion (-4.9%) in the System's net position. This decrease is primarily due to high inflation and rising interest rates generating negative performance returns in global and domestic stocks and bonds offset by positive performance in the real estate and private equity asset classes.

A schedule of the System's investments and changes (by type) for fiscal years 2022 and 2021 is presented below (expressed in millions):

	June 30,		Change	
	2022	**2021**	**Variance**	**%**
Cash & cash equivalents	**$ 2,005.8**	$ 2,407.2	$ (401.4)	-16.7%
U.S. Government obligations	**6,705.8**	7,148.3	(442.5)	-6.2%
Domestic corporate obligations	**3,866.2**	4,503.9	(637.7)	-14.2%
International obligations	**1,453.2**	2,576.4	(1,123.2)	-43.6%
Domestic stocks	**8,004.0**	10,664.3	(2,660.3)	-24.9%
International stocks	**10,149.8**	13,465.8	(3,316.0)	-24.6%
Mortgages & mortgage-related securities	**1,512.0**	1,235.1	2 76.9	22.4%
Alternative investments	**30,323.4**	26,241.2	4,082.2	15.6%
Total managed investments	**64,020.2**	68,242.2	(4,222.0)	-6.2%
Collateral for loaned securities	**4,414.8**	4,745.2	(330.4)	-7.0%
Total investments and cash & cash equivalents	**68,435.0**	72,987.4	(4,552.4)	-6.2%
Receivables	**1,314.0**	1,028.8	2 85.2	27.7%
Total Assets	**69,749.0**	74,016.2	(4,267.2)	-5.8%
Liabilities	**5,438.1**	6,411.7	(973.6)	-15.2%
Total Fiduciary Net Position, End of Year	**$ 64,310.9**	$ 67,604.5	$ (3,293.6)	-4.9%

As depicted in the following comparative Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, contributions to the System during fiscal year 2022 increased by $107.3 million from prior fiscal year as a result of an increase in covered payroll and the State's reinvestment contribution of savings. The System's investments experienced a negative return of -2.97% net of fees in fiscal year 2022 due to a rise in interest rates in the second half of the fiscal year in response to high inflation that negatively impacted the System's public equity and bond portfolios.

The System continues to pay out more benefits than contributions collected. An increase of $141.4 million in benefits paid to retirees correlates to a continued experience of an increase in retirements of the baby boomer generation in fiscal year 2022. As a result, the increase in benefits and refund payments outweighed the increase in contributions resulting in a net decrease in fiduciary net position.

A schedule of the System's additions to and deductions from fiduciary net position and related changes (by major category) for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, is as follows (expressed in millions):

	June 30,		Change	
	2022	**2021**	**Variance**	**%**
Employer contributions	**$ 1,489.1**	$ 1,436.9	$ 52.2	3.6%
Member contributions	**894.3**	865.7	28.6	3.3%
State contributions on behalf of local governments & contribution interest	**793.2**	766.7	26.5	3.5%
Net investment income/(loss)	**(1,942.2)**	14,315.7	(16,257.9)	-113.6%
Total additions	**1,234.4**	17,385.0	(16,150.6)	-92.9%
Benefit payments	**4,394.4**	4,253.0	141.4	3.3%
Refunds	**91.5**	64.8	26.7	41.2%
Administrative expenses	**42.1**	48.7	(6.6)	-13.6%
Total deductions	**4,528.0**	4,366.5	1 61.5	3.7%
Net increase(decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	**$ (3,293.6)**	$ 13,018.5	$ (16,312.1)	-125.3%

	June 30,		Change	
	2022	**2021**	**Variance**	**%**
Total Pension Liability (TPL)	**$ 84,319.5**	$ 82,606.8	$ 1,712.7	2.1%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	**64,310.9**	67,604.5	(3,293.6)	-4.9%
Net Pension Liability	**$ 20,008.6**	$ 15,002.3	$ 5,006.3	33.4%
Ratio - Fiduciary Net Position/TPL	**76.3%**	81.8%		

The TPL increased by $1.7 Billion from 2021 to 2022, due to an increase in service cost. The Plan Fiduciary Net Position decreased by $3.3 Billion from 2021 to 2022 primarily due to an investment return of -2.97%. These two events when netted increased the Net Pension Liability by $5 Billion from 2021 to 2022.

Fiscal Year 2021 Compared to 2020

The following condensed comparative Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 reflects an increase in the System's net position of $13 billion (23.8%) as a result of positive net returns across all investment categories but most notably in domestic an global equity an private alternative investments.

A schedule of the System's investments and changes (by type) from fiscal year 2020 to 2021 is presented below (expressed in millions):

	June 30,		Change	
	2021	**2020**	**Variance**	**%**
Cash & cash equivalents	**$ 2,407.2**	$ 1,539.7	$ 867.5	56.3%
U.S. Government obligations	**7,148.3**	6,578.0 5	70.3	8.7%
Domestic corporate obligations	**4,503.9**	4,264.7	239.2	5.6%
International obligations	**2,576.4**	2,184.8	391.6	17.9%
Domestic stocks	**10,664.3**	8,775.5	1,888.8	21.5%
International stocks	**13,465.8**	10,872.5	2,593.3	23.9%
Mortgages & mortgage-related securities	**1,235.1**	1,152.5	82.6	7.2%
Alternative investments	**26,241.2**	19,943.1	6,298.1	31.6%
Total managed investments	**68,242.2**	55,310.8	12,931.4	23.4%
Collateral for loaned securities	**4,745.2**	4,142.1	603.1	14.6%
Total investments and cash & cash equivalents	**72,987.4**	59,452.9	13,534.5	22.8%
Receivables	**1,028.8**	993.7 3	5.1	3.5%
Total Assets	**74,016.2**	60,446.6	13,569.6	22.4%
Liabilities	**6,411.7**	5,860.6	551.1	9.4%
Total Fiduciary Net Position, End of Year	**$ 67,604.5**	$ 54,586.0	$ 13,018.5	23.8%

As depicted in the following comparative Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020, contributions to the System during fiscal year 2021 increased by approximately $74.8 million as a result of an increase in employer contribution rates due to the continued transition from a corridor funding method to actuarially determined contribution rates. Additionally, the System's investments experienced a historical positive investment return of 26.7%, net of fees, recognizing $14.3 billion in net investment income.

The System continued to pay out more benefits than contributions collected. An increase of $144.5 million in benefits paid to retirees reflected an increase in baby boomer retirements experienced in fiscal year 2021. The total fiscal year 2021 additions to the System exceeded benefits, refunds and administrative expenses resulting in a historic increase in fiduciary net position of $13.0 billion.

A schedule of the System's additions to and deductions from fiduciary net position and related changes (by major category) from fiscal year 2020 to 2021, is as follows (expressed in millions):

	June 30,		Change	
	2021	**2020**	**Variance**	**%**
Employer contributions	**$ 1,436.9**	$ 1,359.9	$ 77.0	5.7%
Member contributions	**865.7**	850.3	15.4	1.8%
State contributions on behalf of	-	-		
local governments & contribution interest	**766.7**	784.4	(17.7)	-2.3%
Net investment income	**14,315.7**	1,866.6	12,449.1	666.9%
Total additions	**17,385.0**	4,861.2	12,523.8	257.6%
Benefit payments	**4,253.0**	4,108.5	144.5	3.5%
Refunds	**64.8**	68.8	(4.0)	-5.8%
Administrative expenses	**48.7**	41.3	7.4	17.9%
Total deductions	**4,366.5**	4,218.6	147.9	3.5%
Net increase in Fiduciary Net Position	**$ 13,018.5**	$ 642.6	$ 12,375.9	1925.9%

Analysis of Net Pension Liability *(expressed in millions)*

	June 30,		Change	
	2021	**2020**	**Variance**	**%**
Total Pension Liability (TPL)	$ 82,606.8	$ 77,187.4	$ 5,419.4	7.0%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	67,604.5	54,586.0	13,018.5	23.8%
Net Pension Liability	$ 15,002.3	$ 22,601.4	$ (7,599.1)	-33.6%
Ratio - Fiduciary Net Position/TPL	81.8%	70.7%		

The System's net pension liability decreased by $7.6 billion from 2020 to 2021 due to a historical investment return of 26.69% that far exceeded the 6.80% investment return assumption.

Requests for Information

Members of the System's Board of Trustees and senior management are fiduciaries of the pension trust fund and, as such, are charged with the responsibility of ensuring that the System's assets are used exclusively for the benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. This financial report is designed to provide an overview of the System's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the resources entrusted to the System for the benefit of all of the System's stakeholders. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland
Attn: Melody Countess, CPA, CGMA
120 E. Baltimore Street, Suite 1660
Baltimore, Maryland 21202-1600

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
As of June 30, 2022 and 2021
(Expressed in Thousands)

	2022	2021
Assets:		
Cash & Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	**$ 2,005,811**	$ 2,407,235
Receivables		
Contributions:		
Employers	**65,430**	29,583
Members	**9,380**	9,909
Accrued investment income	**253,424**	333,628
Investment sales proceeds	**985,807**	655,713
Total receivables	**1,314,041**	1,028,833
Investments, at fair value (Notes 3 & 4)		
U.S. Government obligations	**6,705,763**	7,148,338
Domestic corporate obligations	**3,866,242**	4,503,886
International obligations	**1,453,221**	2,576,397
Domestic stocks	**8,003,951**	10,664,316
International stocks	**10,149,793**	13,465,796
Mortgages & mortgage-related securities	**1,512,031**	1,235,094
Alternative investments	**30,323,411**	26,241,154
Collateral for loaned securities	**4,414,793**	4,745,195
Total investments	**66,429,205**	70,580,176
Total Assets	**69,749,057**	74,016,244
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable & accrued expenses (Note 7)	**65,402**	66,355
Investment commitments payable	**957,871**	1,600,194
Obligation for collateral for loaned securities	**4,414,793**	4,745,195
Total Liabilities	**5,438,066**	6,411,744
Fiduciary Net position restricted for pensions	**$ 64,310,991**	$ 67,604,500

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021
(Expressed in Thousands)

	2022	2021
ADDITIONS:		
Contributions:		
Employers	**$ 1,489,076**	$ 1,436,868
Members	**894,267**	865,738
State contributions on behalf of local governments	**793,227**	766,656
Total contributions	**3,176,570**	3,069,262
Investment (loss)/ Income:		
Net (depreciation)/ appreciation in fair value of investments	**(5,033,012)**	11,866,664
Interest	**545,863**	528,802
Dividends	**3,086,502**	2,439,299
(Loss)/ Income before securities lending activity	**(1,400,647)**	14,834,765
Gross income from securities lending activity	**31,972**	23,724
Securities lending borrower rebates	**(7,256)**	(1,178)
Securities lending agent fees	**(1,242)**	(1,127)
Net income from securities lending activity	**23,474**	21,419
Total investment (loss)/ income	**(1,377,173)**	14,856,184
Investment expenses	**(564,960)**	(540,422)
Net investment (loss)/ income	**(1,942,133)**	14,315,762
TOTAL ADDITIONS	**1,234,437**	17,385,024
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefit payments	**4,394,350**	4,253,047
Refunds	**91,535**	64,774
Administrative expenses	**42,061**	48,740
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	**4,527,946**	4,366,561
Net decrease/ increase in fiduciary net position	**(3,293,509)**	13,018,463
Fiduciary Net position restricted for pensions		
Beginning of the fiscal year	**67,604,500**	54,586,037
END OF THE FISCAL YEAR	**$ 64,310,991**	$ 67,604,500

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM

A. Organization

The State Retirement Agency (the Agency) is the administrator of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the System). The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators, and employees of participating governmental units. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 15-member Board of Trustees. The System is made up of two cost-sharing employer pools: the "State Pool" and the "Municipal Pool." The "State Pool" consists of the State agencies, boards of education, community colleges, and libraries. The "Municipal Pool" consists of the participating governmental units that elected to join the System. Neither pool shares in each other's actuarial liabilities, thus participating governmental units that elect to join the System (the "Municipal Pool") share in the liabilities of the Municipal Pool only. Although separate valuations are performed for each pool, all assets accumulated in the plan may legally be used to pay benefits to any member.

The State of Maryland is the statutory guarantor for the payment of all pensions, annuities, retirement allowances, refunds, reserves, and other benefits of the System. The State is obligated to annually pay into the accumulation fund of each State system at least an amount that, when combined with the System's accumulation funds, is sufficient to provide benefits payable under each plan during that fiscal year. The System is accounted for as one defined benefit plan as defined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Additionally, the System is fiscally dependent on the State by virtue of the legislative and executive controls exercised with respect to its operations, policies, and administrative budget. Accordingly, the System is included in the State's reporting entity and disclosed in its financial statements as a pension trust fund.

The System is comprised of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems, Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems, State Police Retirement System, Judges' Retirement System, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System.

B. Covered Members

The Teachers' Retirement System was established on August 1, 1927, to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to teachers in the State. Effective January 1, 1980, the Teachers' Retirement System was closed to new members and the Teachers' Pension System was established. As a result, teachers hired after December 31, 1979, became members of the Teachers' Pension System as a condition of employment. On or after January 1, 2005, an individual who is a member of the Teachers' Retirement System may not transfer membership to the Teachers' Pension System.

On October 1, 1941, the Employees' Retirement System was established to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, elected and appointed officials, and the employees of participating governmental units. Effective January 1, 1980, the Employees' Retirement System was essentially closed to new members and the Employees' Pension System was established. As a result, State employees (other than correctional officers) and employees of participating governmental units hired after December 31, 1979, became members of the Employees' Pension System as a condition of employment, while all State correctional officers and members of the Maryland General Assembly continue to be enrolled as members of the Employees' Retirement System. On or after January 1, 2005, an individual who is a member of the Employees' Retirement System may not transfer membership to the Employees' Pension System. Currently, more than 150 governmental units participate in the Employees' Retirement System.

The State Police Retirement System was established on July 1, 1949, to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to any police employee or cadet of the Maryland State Police.

The Judges' Retirement System was established on June 30, 1969, to provide retirement allowances and other benefits for State and local, appointed, or elected judges.

The Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System (LEOPS) was established on July 2, 1990, to provide retirement allowances and other benefits for certain State and local law enforcement officers. This System includes both retirement plan and pension plan provisions which are applicable to separate portions of this System's membership. The retirement plan provisions are only applicable to those members who, on the date they elected to participate in LEOPS, were members of the Employees' Retirement System. This System's pension plan provisions are applicable to all other participating law enforcement officers.

The following tables present a summary of membership by system as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, with comparative prior year totals:

	Inactive & Deferred Vested	Retirees & Beneficiaries	Active Plan Participants		
			Vested	Non-vested	Total
Teachers' Retirement & Pension Systems	**23,612**	**82,884**	**60,229**	**50,751**	**110,980**
Employees' Retirement & Pension Systems*	**23,500**	**83,898**	**38,424**	**40,397**	**78,821**
Judges' Retirement System	**10**	**463**	**209**	**108**	**317**
State Police Retirement System	**86**	**2,597**	**765**	**591**	**1,356**
Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	**295**	**2,393**	**1,357**	**1,379**	**2,736**
Total as of June 30, 2022	**47,503**	**172,235**	**100,984**	**93,226**	**194,210**
Total as of June 30, 2021	**48,051**	**169,368**	**102,169**	**92,142**	**194,311**

*Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems include 66 vested and 59 non-vested active members, 8 deferred vested members, and 53 retired members from the Correctional Officers Retirement System.

	Inactive & Deferred Vested	Retirees & Beneficiaries	Active Plan Participants		
			Vested	Non-vested	Total
Teachers' Retirement & Pension Systems	23,733	81,515	60,152	49,806	109,958
Employees' Retirement & Pension Systems*	23,932	82,588	39,682	40,306	79,988
Judges' Retirement System	7	442	204	111	315
State Police Retirement System	86	2,559	774	579	1,353
Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	293	2,264	1,357	1,340	2,697
Total as of June 30, 2021	48,051	169,368	102,169	92,142	194,311
Total as of June 30, 2020	50,246	164,892	111,200	82,258	193,458

*Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems include 66 vested and 68 non-vested active members, 7 deferred vested members, and 51 retired members from the Correctional Officers Retirement System.

C. Summary of Significant Plan Provisions

All plan benefits are specified by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. For all individuals who are members of the Employees', Teachers', Correctional Officers', or State Police Retirement System on or before June 30, 2011, retirement allowances are computed using both the highest three years' Average Final Compensation (AFC) and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. For individuals who become members of the State Police Retirement System or the Correctional Officers' Retirement System on or after July 1, 2011, retirement allowances are computed using both the highest five years' AFC and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. For all individuals who are members of the pension systems of the State Retirement and Pension System on or before June 30, 2011, pension allowances are computed using both the highest three consecutive years' AFC and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. For any individual who becomes a member of one of the pension systems on or after July 1, 2011, pension allowances are computed using both the highest five consecutive years' AFC and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. Various retirement options are available under each system which ultimately determines how a retiree's benefit allowance will be computed. Some of these options require actuarial reductions based on the retiree's and/or designated beneficiary's attained age and similar actuarial factors.

The member contribution rate for members of the Teachers' Retirement Pension System and Employees' Retirement Pension System is 7% and 6%, respectively, and 7% for members of the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System. The member contribution rate for members of the Judges' Retirement System is 8%.

In addition, the benefit attributable to service on or after July 1, 2011 in many of the pension systems now will be subject to different cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) that is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and capped at 2.5% or 1.0% based on whether the fair value investment return for the preceding calendar year was higher or lower than the investment return assumption used in the valuation.

A brief summary of the retirement eligibility requirements of and the benefits available under the various systems in effect during fiscal year 2022, are as follows:

Service Retirement Allowances

A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System is generally eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 60 or accumulating 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 1/55 (1.81%) of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

An individual who is a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 62, with specified years of eligibility service, or accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. An individual who becomes a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits if the member's combined age and eligibility service equals at least 90 years, or if the member is at least age 65 and has accrued at least 10 years of eligibility service.

For most individuals who retired from either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.4% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. With certain exceptions, for individuals who are members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.8% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. Beginning July 1, 2011, any new member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System shall earn an annual pension allowance equal to 1.5% of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated as a member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System.

Exceptions to these benefit formulas apply to members of the Employees' Pension System, who are employed by a participating governmental unit that does not provide the 1998 or 2006 enhanced pension benefits or the 2011 reformed pension benefits. The pension allowance for these members equals 0.8% of the member's AFC up to the social security integration level (SSIL), plus 1.5% of the member's AFC in excess of the SSIL, multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service. For the purpose of computing pension allowances, the SSIL is the average of the social security wage bases for the past 35 calendar years ending with the year the retiree separated from service.

An individual who is a member of the State Police Retirement System on or before June 30, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 50 or accumulating 22 years of eligibility service regardless of age. An individual who becomes a member of the State Police Retirement System on or after July 1, 2011 is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 50 or accumulating 25 years of eligibility service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 2.55% of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service and may not exceed 71.4% of the member's AFC.

A member of the Judges' Retirement System is eligible for full retirement benefits upon attaining age 60. The annual retirement allowance for a member with at least 16 years of accumulated creditable service equals 2/3 (66.7%) of the salary of an active judge holding a comparable position. The annual retirement allowance is prorated if the member retires with fewer than 16 years of accumulated creditable service.

A member of the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 50 or accumulating 25 years of eligibility service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance for a member who is covered under the retirement plan provisions equals 1/50 (2.0%) of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service up to 30 years, plus 1/100 (1.0%) of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service in excess of 30 years. For members subject to the pension provisions, full-service pension allowances equal 2.0% of AFC up to a maximum benefit of 60% (30 years of credit).

Vested Allowances

Any individual who is a member of the State Retirement and Pension System on or before June 30, 2011 (other than a judge or a legislator), and who terminates employment before attaining retirement age but after accumulating five years of eligibility service is eligible for a vested retirement allowance. Any individual who joins the State Retirement and Pension System on or after July 1, 2011 (other than a judge or a legislator), and who terminates employment before attaining retirement age, but after accumulating 10 years of eligibility service, is eligible for a vested retirement allowance. An individual who is a member of the Judges' Retirement System on or before June 30, 2014, has no minimum service requirements prior to vesting. However, individuals who join the Judges' Retirement System on or after July 1, 2013, and terminate employment before attaining retirement age, will have to accrue five years of eligibility service in order to receive a vested retirement allowance. Legislators become eligible for a vested retirement allowance upon accumulating eight years of eligibility services. A member, who terminates employment prior to attaining retirement age and before vesting, receives a refund of all member contributions and interest.

Early Service Retirement

A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System may retire with reduced benefits after completing 25 years of eligibility service. Benefits are reduced by 0.5% per month for each month remaining until the retiree either attains age 60 or would have accumulated 30 years of creditable service, whichever is less. The maximum reduction for a Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System member is 30%.

An individual who is a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2011, may retire with reduced benefits upon attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service. Benefits are reduced by 0.5% per month for each month remaining until the retiree attains age 62. The maximum reduction for these members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System is 42%. An individual who becomes a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, may retire with reduced benefits upon attaining age 60 with at least 15 years of eligibility service. Benefits are reduced by 0.5% per month for each month remaining until the retiree attains age 65. The maximum reduction for these members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System is 30%.

Members of the State Police, Judges', Law Enforcement Officers' and Local Fire and Police Systems are not eligible for early service benefits.

Disability and Death Benefits

Generally, a member covered under retirement plan provisions who is permanently disabled after five years of service receives a service allowance based on a minimum percentage (usually 25%) of the member's AFC. A member covered under pension plan provisions who is permanently disabled after accumulating five years of eligibility service receives a service allowance computed as if service had continued with no change in salary until the retiree attained age 62. A member (other than a member of the Maryland General Assembly or a judge, both of which are ineligible for accidental disability benefits) who is permanently and totally disabled as the result of an accident occurring in the line of duty receives 2/3 (66.7%) of the member's AFC plus an annuity based on all member contributions and interest. Death benefits are equal to a member's annual salary as of the date of death plus all member contributions and interest.

Adjusted Retirement Allowances

Retirement and pension allowances are increased annually to provide for changes in the cost of living according to prescribed formulae. Such adjustments for retirees are based on the annual change in the CPI. For the Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems (TRS/ERS) the method by which the annual COLA's are computed depends upon elections made by members who were active on July 1, 1984 (or within 90 days of returning to service, for members who were inactive on July 1, 1984) enabling the member to receive either an unlimited COLA, a COLA limited to 5% or a two-part combination COLA depending upon the COLA election made by the member.

Members of the State Police Retirement System (SPRS) and Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System (LEOPS) are eligible to participate in a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). For members who enter the DROP on or after July 1, 2011, the member is deemed retired and the retirement allowance is placed in an account earning 4% interest per year, compounded annually. At the end of the DROP period, the lump sum held in the DROP account is paid to the retiree. The SPRS and LEOPS members must end employment and fully retire at the end of the DROP period. The maximum period of participation is 5 years for SPRS and 5 years for LEOPS. The amount of funds held in the DROP as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, was $31,001,707 and $25,017,803, respectively.

However, beginning July 1, 2011, for benefits attributable to service earned on or after July 1, 2011, in all of the systems except the judges' and legislators' systems, the adjustment is capped at the lesser of 2.5% or the increase in CPI if the most recent calendar year fair value rate of return was greater than or equal to the assumed rate. The adjustment is capped at the lesser of 1% or the increase in CPI if the fair value return was less than the assumed rate of return. In years in which COLAs would be less than zero due to a decline in the CPI, retirement allowances will not be adjusted. COLAs in succeeding years are adjusted until the difference between the negative COLA that would have applied, and the zero COLA is fully recovered.

Retirement allowances for legislators and judges are recalculated when the salary of an active member holding a comparable position is increased.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their respective trade dates. Employer and Member contributions are recognized in the period when due, pursuant to statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

B. Investment Limitations

The State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland authorizes the System to invest plan assets in stocks, bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, mortgage notes, real estate, debentures or other obligations, subject to the terms, conditions, limitations and restrictions imposed by the Board of Trustees of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System.

C. Portfolio Valuation Method

The System's investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount that the System can reasonably expect to receive for an investment in a current sale. See Note 3.H for the description of investments at fair value.

Investment amounts presented in the accompanying Statements of Fiduciary Net Position represent the fair value of the respective portfolios as of the fiscal year-end. Similarly, investment income amounts reported in the accompanying Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position represent the income or loss derived for the years then ended. Accordingly, significant market fluctuations could periodically occur subsequent to the financial statement valuation date, which are not reflected in either the fair value of investments or the related investment income presented in these financial statements.

D. Derivatives

As permitted by guidelines established by the Board of Trustees, the System may invest in derivatives. Compliance with these guidelines is monitored by Agency staff. Pursuant to such authority, the System invests in foreign currency forward contracts, options, futures, and swaps. The Agency does not purchase rights and warrants; however, it can accrue ownership through corporate actions. No derivatives were purchased with borrowed funds.

Derivatives are generally used to hedge against foreign currency risk and changes in interest rates, improve yield, and adjust the duration of the System's fixed income portfolio. These securities are subject to changes in value due to changes in currency valuations or interest rates. Credit risk for derivatives results from the same considerations as other counterparty risk assumed by the System, which is the risk that the counterparty might be unable to meet its obligations.

The System enters into forward foreign currency exchange contracts for hedging purposes to minimize the short-term impact of foreign currency fluctuations. Foreign currency exchange contracts are reported at fair value based on published market prices and quotations from major investment firms. The System could be exposed to risk if the counterparties to the contracts are unable to meet the terms of the contracts. The System seeks to minimize risk from counterparties by establishing minimum credit quality standards.

E. Administrative and Investment Expenses

All of the System's administrative and investment expenses (e.g., salaries of Agency employees, investment advisory fees, etc.) are incurred centrally and charged to each individual retirement or pension system on the basis of its active membership and percentage ownership in the System's net position, respectively. The System's investment expenses are funded from investment income. The System's administrative expenses are funded from administrative fees assessed to each participating employer. See pages 69 and 70 for detailed Schedules of Administrative and Investment Expenses, respectively.

F. Federal Income Tax Status

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the System qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and was exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501(a) of the Code.

G. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The System adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2020; however the implementation of the standard did not have a material impact on the System's financial statements.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

A. Legal Provisions

The Board of Trustees is required by Section 21-116 (c), State Personnel and Pensions Article, Annotated Code of Maryland (SPP), to establish and maintain an Investment Policy Manual (IPM), which is available on the Agency's web site. The IPM authorizes investing in all major sectors of the capital market in order to diversify and minimize total investment program risk. Such sectors include, but are not limited to:

		As of June 30, 2021	
Type	**Description**	**Strategic Target**	**Actual**
Public Equity	Investments in securities, known as shares or stocks, that represent an ownership interest in corporations and are generally traded on a stock exchange.	34.0%	28.5%
Private Equity	Investments in companies that are not registered with the SEC and are not traded in the public markets. Private equity may also be referred to as venture capital or buy-outs.	16.0%	21.5%
Rate Sensitive	Investments in securities, know as bonds, that represent an ownership interest in the debt of governments and corporations that are generally not traded on an exchange. They generally pay interest on a regular schedule and repay principal or face value at maturity. Short term investments such as money market funds U.S. treasury bills and currency are also included.	21.0%	17.6%
Credit/Debt Related Strategies	Debt issued by corporations and other non-government sectors of the fixed income market such as distressed debt, convertibles, corporate and mortgage related credit strategies, mezzanine debt, bank loans, high yield, emerging markets and preferred securities.	8.0%	7.9%
Absolute Return	Investments whose performance is expected to exceed the three month U.S. Treasury bill by 4-5% over a full market cycle and exhibit low correlation to public stocks. The System's program may include strategies such as hedge fund of funds, multi- strategy, global tactical asset allocation, event driven, relative value, macro, insurance and equity hedged.	6.0%	7.6%
Real Assets	Investments whose performance is expected to exceed the rate of inflation over an economic cycle. The System's Real Return program may include the following investment vehicles in both public and private investments: energy related, infrastructure, timber and other natural resources, multi-asset class portfolios with a real return mandate, and real estate including direct investments, REITs and private partnerships.	15.0%	15.2%
Cash/Cash Equivalents	Investments that provide daily liquidity and either have very low risk or principal loss such as treasury bills or high quality commercial paper.	0.0%	1.3%
Multi Assets	Investments that act as a proxy for all overall Asset allocation through a combination of Exchange Traded Funds and fully funded Futures contracts.	0.0%	0.4%

The above listed strategic targets were implemented in stages throughout the fiscal year. All asset classes are within the transitional target ranges.

The System is authorized by its Board of Trustees to operate a securities lending program and has contracted with Deutsche Bank to lend securities and reinvest cash collateral received from the transfer of securities in investment instruments authorized by the investment policy. Currently, the initial required collateral for foreign securities is equal to 105 percent of the aggregate market value of the transferred securities not denominated in the same currency as the collateral provided by the counterparty and 102 percent for domestic securities and foreign securities that are denominated in the same currency as the collateral provided by the counterparty. See section G of this note for additional information.

B. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Cash and Cash Equivalents category reported on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position consists of short-term investments that are used to meet the liquidity requirements of the System.

Cash and Cash Equivalents held by the System can include cash on deposit, foreign currencies, cash posted as collateral to counterparties, repurchase agreements, certificate of deposit, U.S. Treasury Bills, short-term investment funds, and other U.S. or foreign liquid financial instruments with original maturities that are generally less than three months. Cash and Cash Equivalents are reported at fair value or cost, which approximates fair value.

For cash deposits and cash equivalents, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the System's deposits may not be returned to it.

The System does not have any funds or deposits that are not covered by depository insurance, which are either uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the System's name and there are no legal or contractual provisions for deposits and investments. Nor does the System have any investments that are not registered in its name and are either held by the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the System's name.

The amount of the System's total Cash and Cash Equivalents as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, was $2,005,811 and $2,407,235 (in thousands), respectively.

C. Investments

These investments are accounted for as the System and are allocated to Teachers' Retirement and Pension, Employees' Retirement and Pension, Judges' Retirement, State Police Retirement and Law Enforcement Officers' Pension.

All investments are governed by the Prudent Person Rule as described in SPP Section 21-203 which states: A fiduciary shall discharge the fiduciary's duties with respect to the several systems solely in the interest of the participants and as follows: (1) for the exclusive purposes of providing benefits to the participants and for reasonable expenses of administering the several systems; (2) with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims; (3) by diversifying the investments of the several systems so as to minimize the risk of large losses, unless under the circumstances it is clearly prudent not to do so: (4) in accordance with the laws governing the several systems; and (5) in accordance with the documents and instruments governing the several systems to the extent that the documents and instruments are consistent with this subtitle.

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the System had the following fixed income investments allocated by year of maturity except for the Commingled Funds, which are based on their average maturity:

As of June 30, 2022

	Fair Value	**Investment Maturities (in years)**			
Investment Type:	**(in thousands)**	**Less than 1**	**1 thru 5**	**5+ thru 10**	**More than 10**
Asset Backed Securities	$ 1 33,266	$ 8 3	$ 20,489	$ 31,524	$ 81,170
Bank Loans	867,759	5,895	410,326	451,538	-
Collateralized mortgage obligations	465,519	236	10,428	36,743	418,112
Credit/debt commingled funds	743,998	34,130	566,201	127,131	16,536
Domestic Corporate Obligations	2,899,627	45,970	860,156	1,486,961	506,540
International Obligations	256,411	-	59,630	111,693	85,088
Mortgage Pass-throughs	1,056,455	11,352	16,054	1,039,048	
Municipals	53,094	852	5,026	11,728	35,488
Options	(9,350)	(8,067)	(1,283)	-	-
Short term	1,396,368	139,752	-	1,256,616	-
Swaps	(6,560)	(502)	(11,420)	(2,171)	7,533
U.S. Government Agency	35,706	-	2,156	10,062	23,488
U.S. Treasury Inflation Linked	2,763,633	-	976,325	1,373,852	413,456
U.S. Treasury Notes/Bonds	3,840,547	1,529	63,176	125,236	3,650,606
U.S. Treasury Strips	66,437	-	-	-	66,437
Yankee Bonds	1,078,384	19,753	330,924	419,976	307,731
Total	$ 15,641,294	$ 239,633	$ 3,293,486	$ 5,456,943	$ 6,651,232

		As of June 30, 2021			
	Fair Value	**Investment Maturities (in years)**			
Investment Type:	**(in thousands)**	**Less than 1**	**1 thru 5**	**5+ thru 10**	**More than 10**
Asset backed securities	$ 178,423	$ 123	$ 20,534	$ 42,914	$ 114,852
Bank loans	921,570	3,483	430,089	487,998	-
Collateralized mortgage obligations	447,957	3,807	7,388	36,442	400,320
Credit/debt commingled funds	646,660	45,674	447,085	134,402	19,499
Domestic corporate obligations	3,488,429	34,115	928,353	1,861,928	664,033
International obligations	936,278	16,362	292,116	356,432	271,368
Mortgage pass-throughs	783,994	21,541	10,101	772,350	
Municipals	55,110	1,004	6,399	9,470	38,237
Options	(8,187)	(8,176)	(11)	-	-
Short-term	1,595,353	203,138	-	1,373,131	19,084
Swaps	(25,481)	(20,842)	3,981	(6,664)	(1,956)
U.S. government agency	68,307 871	2,303	24,042	41,091	
U.S. treasury inflation linked	2,627,223	-	1,139,560	977,609	510,054
U.S. treasury notes/bonds	4,123,771	4,119	150,710	235,090	3,733,852
U.S. treasury strips	86,331	-	4,417	-	81,914
Yankee bonds	1,474,674	22,992	436,472	586,435	428,775
Total	$ 17,400,412	$ 306,672	$ 3,870,937	$ 6,129,330	$ 7,093,473

Markets or interest rate risk is the greatest risk faced by an investor in the fixed income market. The price of a fixed income security typically moves in the opposite direction of the change in interest rates. Derivative securities, variable rate investments with coupon multipliers greater than one, and securities with long terms to maturity are examples of investments whose fair values may be highly sensitive to interest rate changes. These securities are reported at fair value in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position.

Securities that would qualify as “highly interest rate sensitive” include interest only, principal only and inverse floaters, of which the System had no significant holdings as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

As of June 30, 2022, and 2021, the System had $1,056,455 and $783,994 (in thousands), respectively, invested in mortgage pass-through securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. These investments are moderately sensitive to changes in interest rates because they are backed by mortgage loans in which the borrowers have the option of prepaying. Investment guidelines developed for each mandate determines the amount of interest rate risk allowable for each manager.

Derivatives held as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, are identified in greater detail in Note 4.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to a debt instrument will not fulfill its obligations. This is measured by the assignment of ratings by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The ratings used to determine the quality of the individual securities in the table below are the ratings provided by Moody’s and Standard & Poor’s Global Inc. The listed ratings are based on the most conservative rating when multiple ratings were offered. Obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or government-sponsored agencies are eligible without limit. The System may invest in an unrated security if the security is comparable in quality to other rated securities that are eligible for purchase. The notation NR represents those securities that are not rated for which the rating disclosure requirements are not applicable, such as obligations of the U.S. government and obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, commingled short term and credit funds, mortgage securities, foreign sovereign bonds and bank loans which by nature do not have credit quality ratings. The current policy regarding credit risk is determined by each investment manager’s mandate.

As of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, the credit ratings of fixed income securities are shown below as a percentage of total investments:

Credit Quality Distribution for Securities with Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Total Investments

(Expressed in Thousands)

Rating	**2022 Fair Value**	**Percentage Total Investments**	**2021 Fair Value**	**Percentage Total Investments**
AAA	**$ 124,057**	**0.192%**	$ 112,756	0.167%
AA	**232,580**	**0.360%**	299,128	0.442%
A	**469,541**	**0.726%**	573,853	0.849%
BBB	**1,281,648**	**1.983%**	1,557,702	2.304%
BB	**1,154,697**	**1.787%**	1,651,650	2.443%
B	**776,733**	**1.202%**	939,415	1.390%
CCC	**106,189**	**0.164%**	159,633	0.236%
CC	**2,030**	**0.003%**	2,674	0.004%
C	**1,832**	**0.003%**	-	0.000%
D	**10,280**	**0.016%**	13,663	0.020%
NR	**4,811,091**	**7.444%**	5,252,611	7.770%
	$ 8,970,678		$ 10,563,085	

The current policy regarding credit risk is determined by each investment manager's mandate. The above listed ratings are based on the most conservative rating when multiple ratings were offered. NR represents securities not rated; primarily made up of commingled short term and credit funds, mortgage securities, foreign sovereign bonds and bank loans which by nature do not have credit quality ratings.

F. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Systems investment exposure in foreign currency risk as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, is shown below: The System's exposure to foreign currency risk as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, is shown below:

International Investment Securities – At Fair Value as of June 30, 2022
(U.S. Dollars in Thousands)

Currency	Equity	Fixed Income	Cash	Alternative Investments	Total
Australian Dollar	$ 1 97,174	$ -	$ 21,772	$ 150,064	**$ 369,010**
Brazilian Real	75,066	(2,004)	1,628	-	**74,690**
Canadian Dollar	372,460	(4,211)	6,772	193,381	**568,402**
Chilean Peso	-	-	-	-	**-**
Colombian Peso	-	-	-	-	**-**
Czech Koruna	-	-	16	-	**16**
Danish Krone	104,830	17,555	1,085	-	**123,470**
Egyptian Pound	11,753	-	-	-	**11,753**
Euro Currency	1,310,886	74,026	5,895	1,407,968	**2,798,775**
Hong Kong Dollar	321,890	-	832	51,860	**374,582**
Hungarian Forint	545	-	22	-	**567**
Indonesian Rupiah	37,400	9,020	1,219	-	**47,639**
Japanese Yen	717,050	(673)	4,658	14,476	**735,511**
Malaysian Ringgit	5,712	-	-	-	**5,712**
Mexican Peso	67,955	10,552	3,006	-	**81,513**
New Israeli Shekel	34,694	-	7	-	**34,701**
New Taiwan Dollar	101,065	-	450	-	**101,515**
New Zealand Dollar	9,657	10,105	2,125	3,927	**25,814**
Norwegian Krone	50,986	-	531	-	**51,517**
Philippine Peso	89	-	17	-	**106**
Polish Zloty	3,243	-	26	-	**3,269**
Pound Sterling	585,340	45,830	2,536	299,646	**933,352**
Qatari Rial	10,566	-	855	-	**11,421**
Romanian Leu	-	-	-	-	**-**
Russian Ruble	-	-	-	-	**-**
Singapore Dollar	37,182	-	613	-	**37,795**
Sol	-	5,097	504	-	**5,601**
South African Rand	87,544	1,971	8 75	-	**90,390**
South Korean Won	221,047	(288)	53	-	**220,812**
Swedish Krona	102,974	-	(27)	-	**102,947**
Swiss Franc	311,258	-	187	2,853	**314,298**
Thailand Baht	14,389	528	163	-	**15,080**
Turkish Lira	18,899	-	142	-	**19,041**
UAE Dirham	36,262	-	-	-	**36,262**
Yuan Renminbi	71,592	-	754	-	**72,346**
Total foreign currency risk	$ 4 ,919,508	$ 167,508	$ 5 6,715	$ 2,124,175	**$ 7,267,907**
Other holdings with potential exposure to foreign currency risk	5,532,758	1,559,219	-	2,459,314	**9,551,291**
Total Exposure	**$ 10,452,266**	**$ 1,726,727**	**$ 56,715**	**$ 4,583,489**	**$ 16,819,198**

The majority foreign currency-denominated investments are in non-US stocks.
The Agency has an overlay program to help minimize its currency risk.

International Investment Securities – At Fair Value as of June 30, 2021
(U.S. Dollars in Thousands)

Currency	Equity	Fixed Income	Cash	Alternative Investments	Total
Australian Dollar	$226,815	$13,784	$4,121	$191,514	**$436,234**
Brazilian Real	84,305	71,410	1,400	-	**157,115**
Canadian Dollar	337,354	301	6,377	170,647	**514,679**
Chilean Peso	-	8,517	171	-	**8,688**
Colombian Peso	-	15,960	217	-	**16,177**
Czech Koruna	-	21,105	820	-	**21,925**
Danish Krone	155,602	-	550	-	**156,151**
Egyptian Pound	14,784	-	0	-	**14,784**
Euro Currency	1,797,838	111,231	10,968	1,219,711	**3,139,748**
Hong Kong Dollar	490,904	-	631	45,672	**537,207**
Hungarian Forint	237	15,149	268	-	**15,654**
Indonesian Rupiah	25,741	72,877	1,049	-	**99,667**
Japanese Yen	856,958	(1,421)	4,289	17,542	**877,369**
Malaysian Ringgit	1,365	49,218	728	-	**51,311**
Mexican Peso	76,469	49,052	4,556	-	**130,077**
New Israeli Sheqel	26,161	25,824	224	2,296	**54,506**
New Taiwan Dollar	162,338	-	2,930	-	**165,268**
New Zealand Dollar	8,418	26,369	294	3,997	**39,078**
Norwegian Krone	71,096	681	520	7,659	**79,957**
Philippine Peso	477	20,769	331	-	**21,577**
Polish Zloty	10,129	34,930	188	-	**45,247**
Pound Sterling	700,520	61,785	9,630	282,196	**1,054,131**
Qatari Rial	340	-	0	-	**340**
Romanian Leu	-	11,765	70	-	**11,835**
Russian Ruble	-	35,727	824	-	**36,551**
Singapore Dollar	29,371	-	1,057	4,672	**35,101**
Sol	-	20,726	509	-	21,234
South African Rand	112,666	44,618	666	-	**157,949**
South Korean Won	398,131	63,254	3,122	780	**465,288**
Swedish Krona	155,345	-	422	4,827	**160,594**
Swiss Franc	419,638	-	82	6,328	**426,048**
Thailand Baht	25,193	45,057	392	-	**70,643**
Turkish Lira	26,298	7,498	419	-	**34,215**
Uae Dirham	22,212	-	0	-	**22,212**
Yuan Renminbi	71,723	62,706	259	-	**134,687**
Total foreign currency risk	6,308,428	888,892	58,084	1,957,842	**9,213,245**
Other holdings with potential exposure to foreign currency risk	6,393,599	1,623,925	-	2,631,103	**10,648,626**
Total Holdings Subject to Foreign Currency Risk	$12,702,027	$2,512,817	$58,084	$4,588,943	**$19,861,871**

The majority foreign currency-denominated investments are in non-US stocks.
The Agency has an overlay program to help minimize its currency risk.

Note: These schedules do not agree with the total international obligations and international equities as listed on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position due to private and public partnerships or funds and American Depository Receipts which are valued in U.S. dollars but classified as International.

G. Security Lending Transactions

The System accounts for securities lending transactions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 28, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Securities Lending Transactions.*

The following table details the net income from securities lending for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands):

	2022	2021
Interest income	**$ 31,972**	$ 23,724
Less:		
Interest expense	**7,256**	1,178
Program fees	**1,242**	1,127
Expenses from securities lending	**8,498**	2,305
Net income from securities lending	**$ 23,474**	$ 21,419

The Board of Trustees has authorized the System to lend its securities to broker-dealers with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. Deutsche Bank, pursuant to a written agreement, is permitted to lend long-term securities to authorized broker-dealers subject to the receipt of acceptable collateral. The System lends securities for collateral in the form of either cash or other securities. The types of securities on loan as of June 30, 2022 included long-term U.S. government obligations, domestic and international equities, as well as domestic and international debt obligations. At the initiation of a loan, borrowers are required to provide collateral amounts of 102 percent (domestic securities and foreign securities that are denominated in the same currency as the collateral provided by the counterparty) and 105 percent (foreign securities that are not denominated in the same currency as the collateral provided by the counterpart). In the event the collateral fair value falls below 100 percent for domestic securities and foreign securities that are denominated in the same currency as the collateral or 103 percent on foreign securities not denominated in the same currency as the collateral provided by the counterparty, the borrower is required to provide additional collateral to the original levels by the end of the next business day. Deutsche Bank is obligated to indemnify the client if there are any losses of securities, collateral or investments of the client in the Bank's custody arising out of or related to the negligence or dishonesty of the Bank.

The System maintains the right to terminate the securities lending transactions upon notice. The lending agent reinvests the cash collateral received on each loan utilizing indemnified repurchase agreements (repos). As of June 30, 2022, such repos had average days to maturity of 6.28 days. The System cannot pledge or sell collateral securities received unless (and until) a borrower defaults. At year-end, the System had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amount the System owed the borrowers exceeded the amount the borrowers owed the System. The fair value of collateral held and the fair value of securities on loan for the System as of June 30, 2022 (in thousands) was $4,268,464 and $4,414,793, respectively. The fair value of securities on loan and the fair value collateral held for the System as of June 30, 2021 (in thousands) was $4,665,115 and $4,745,195, respectively.

The following tables present the fair values of the underlying securities, and the value of the collateral pledged at June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands):

	As of June 30, 2022		
Securities Lent	**Fair Value Loaned Securities**	**Collateral Fair Value**	**Percent Collateralized**
Lent for cash collateral			
U.S. government and agency	**$ 2 ,863,595**	**$ 2,961,969**	**103.4%**
Domestic bond & equity	**1,367,546**	**1,413,222**	**103.3%**
International fixed	**6,655**	**6,820**	**102.5%**
International equity	**30,668**	**32,782**	**106.9%**
Total securities lent	**$ 4,268,464**	**$ 4,414,793**	**103.4%**

	As of June 30, 2021		
Securities Lent	Fair Value Loaned Securities	Collateral Fair Value	Percent Collateralized
Lent for cash collateral			
U.S. government and agency	$2,677,648	$2,712,325	101.3%
Domestic bond & Equity	1,969,659	2,014,479	102.3%
International fixed	12,634	12,914	102.2%
International equity	5,174	5,477	105.9%
Total securities lent	$4,665,115	$4,745,195	101.7%

There were no significant under-collateralization events as of June 30, 2022.

H. Investments at Fair Value

The System follows the fair value measurement and disclosure guidance under U.S. GAAP, which establishes a hierarchical disclosure framework. This framework prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investments at fair value. U.S. GAAP also allows investments to be valued at cost or net asset value (NAV).

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified into one of the following categories:

Level 1 – Fair value is determined using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities accessible on the measurement date.

Level 2 – Fair value is determined using quoted prices in inactive markets or significant observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, volatility and credit spreads), either directly or indirectly. These inputs may be derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data through correlation or by other means.

Level 3 – Fair value is determined using unobservable inputs, including situations where there is little market activity, if any, for the asset or liability.

The system had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a combination of prevailing market prices and interest payments that are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments.

Commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques. Collateralized debt obligations classified in Level 3 are valued using consensus pricing.

As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the System had the following recurring fair value measurements:

As of June 30, 2022 **Investments by fair value level (expressed in millions)**	**Total**	**Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)**	**Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)**	**Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)**
Debt Securities				
U.S. Government obligations	$ 6,707	$ 6 ,707	$ -	$ -
Domestic corporate obligations	3,872	-	3,872	-
International obligations	951	-	951	-
Emerging markets debt	512	-	512	-
Mortgages & mortgage related securities	1,512	-	-	1,512
Total debt securities	13,554	6,707	5,335	1,512
Equity Securities				
Domestic stocks (includes REITs)	5,490	5 ,490	-	-
International stocks (includes (REITs)	6,359	6,359	-	-
Total equity securities	11,849	11,849	-	-
Alternative Investment	386	386	-	-
Total investment by fair value level	25,789	$ 18,942	$ 5,335	$ 1,512
Investment measured at the net asset value (NAV)				
Equity Open-End Fund	6,237			
Private funds (includes equity, real estate, credit, energy, infrastructure and timber)	18,297			
Real estate-open ended	5,956			
Mult-asset	238			
Hedge Funds				
Equity long/short	1,172			
Event-driven	667			
Global macro	1,247			
Relative Value	2,157			
Opportunistic	203			
Total investment measured at the NAV	36,174			
Investment derivative instruments and foreign currency holdings				
Forwards	72	$ -	$ 72	$ -
Options	(9)	-	(9)	-
Swaps	(7)	-	(7)	-
Rights/Warrants	68	-	68	-
Total investment derivative instruments	124	$ -	$ 124	$ -
***Total**	$ 62,087			

***Total Investments on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position agrees to the total sum of $62,087 on this table, $4,414 of collateral for loaned securities, and ($72) of forwards contracts.**

As of June 30, 2021 Investments by fair value level (expressed in millions)	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Debt Securities				
U.S. Government obligations	$ 7,149	$ 7,149	$ -	$ -
Domestic corporate obligations	4,536	-	4,536	-
International obligations	1,269	-	1,269	-
Emerging markets debt	1,308	-	1,308	-
Mortgages & mortgage related securities	1,235	-	-	1,235
Total debt securities	15,497	7,149	7,113	1,235
Equity Securities				
Domestic stocks (includes REITs)	8,139	8,139	-	-
International stocks (includes (REITs)	8,434	8,434	-	-
Total equity securities	16,573	16,573	-	-
Alternative Investment	372	372	-	-
Total investment by fair value level	32,442	$ 24,094	$ 7,113	$ 1,235
Investment measured at the net asset value (NAV)				
Equity Open-End Fund	7,476			
Private funds (includes equity, real estate, credit, energy, infrastructure and timber)	15,851			
Real estate-open ended	3,266			
Mult-asset	286			
Hedge Funds				
Equity long/short	1,055			
Event-driven	1,340			
Global macro	1,342			
Relative Value	2,364			
Opportunistic	365			
Total investment measured at the NAV	33,345			
Investment derivative instruments and foreign currency holdings				
Forwards	$ 6		6	
Options	(8)		(8)	
Swaps	(25)		(25)	
Rights/Warrants	81		81	
Total investment derivative instruments	54	$ -	$ 54	$ -
***Total**	$ 65,841			

***Total Investments on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position agrees to the total sum of $65,841 on this table, $4,745 of collateral for loaned securities, and ($6) of forwards contracts.**

The valuation method for investments measured at net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented in the following table (in millions):

	As of June 30, 2022				As of June 30, 2021			
	Fair Value	**Unfunded Commitments**	**Redemption Frequency**	**Redemption Notice Period**	**Fair Value**	**Unfunded Commitments**	**Redemption Frequency**	**Redemption Notice**
Private funds (includes equity, credit, energy, infrastructure, real estate and timber) (1)	**$18,297**	**$ 9,965**			$15,851	$ 9,434		
Real estate open-end fund	**5 ,956**		**Quarterly**	**45-90 days**	3,266		Quarterly	45-90 days
Equity open-end fund (2)	**3,285**		**Daily**	**1 day**	4,298		Daily	1 day
	2 ,387		**Monthly**	**5-30 days**	2,330		Monthly	5-30 days
	566		**Triennially**	**150 days**	848		Triennially	150 days
Multi-asset (9)	**238**		**Monthly**	**5 days**	286		Monthly	5 days
Hedge Funds								
Equity long/short (5)	**775**		**Monthly**	**30-45 days**	720		Monthly	30-45 days
	397		**Quarterly**	**60 days**	335		Quarterly	60 days
Event-driven (6)	**12**		**Monthly**	**15 days**	268		Monthly	15 days
	336		**Quarterly**	**60-65 days**	558		Quarterly	60-65 days
	137		**Quarterly**	**90 days**	239		Quarterly	90 days
	141		**Quarterly**	**120 days +**	234		Quarterly	120 days +
	41	**N/A**		**Liquidating**	41		N/A	Liquidating
Global macro (4)	**-**		**Daily**	**2 days**	209		Daily	2 days
	515		**Monthly**	**5-30 days**	424		Monthly	5-30 days
	505		**Monthly**	**60 days**	359		Monthly	60 days
	226		**Quarterly**	**60-90 days**	350		Quarterly	60-90 days
Relative value (7)	**209**		**Monthly**	**30 days**	226		Monthly	30 days
	437		**Quarterly**	**30 days**	412		Quarterly	30 days
	1,511		**Quarterly**	**45-90 days**	1,726		Quarterly	45-90 days
Opportunistic (8)	**203**		**Quarterly**	**90 days**	341		Quarterly	90 days
	-		**Semi Annual**	**90-120 days**	24		Semi Annual	90-120 days
	$36,174	**$ 9,965**			**$33,345**	**$ 9,434**		

(1) Private funds (includes equity, real estate, credit, energy, infrastructure and timber): This type includes 344 Global private funds, which cannot be redeemed. Instead, distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. These funds are valued-based on individual audited financial statements and assumptions used by fund managers.

(2) Equity Open-End Fund: This type includes investments in institutional investment funds, which invest in 3 domestic and 8 emerging market equities. The fair values of the funds within this type have been determined using the NAV per share, which has been valued by the fund based on the characteristics of the underlying assets. The five funds have a 5 to 30 days liquidity structures and one fund is redeemable in five months with triennial redemption restrictions.

(3) Real estate-open ended: This type includes 9 domestic open-ended real estate funds, which can be liquidated. The fair values of the funds within this type have been determined using the NAV per share, which has been valued by the fund based on the characteristics of the underlying assets.

(4) Global macro: This category includes 5 hedge fund that invest in over 100 financial markets. The funds are diversified and take long, short and spread positions. The fair values of the funds within this type have been determined using the NAV per share, which has been valued by the fund based on the characteristics of the underlying assets. These assets have a liquidity structure which ranges from 5 to 90 days.

(5) Equity long/short: This type includes investments in 4 hedge funds that invest both long and short primarily in U.S. and Asian common stocks. Management of each hedge fund has the ability to shift investment from value to growth strategies, from small to large capitalization stocks, and from a net long position to a net short position. The fair values of the funds within this type have been determined using the NAV per share, which has been valued by the fund based on the characteristics of the underlying assets. Two funds have a two-year hard lockup and the other one has a one-year soft lock-up and require a 30 day to 60 days notice.

(6) Event-driven: This type includes 6 investments of which 2 are credit hedge funds. These funds invest in equities and bonds of companies and governments at risk of or in the process of reorganizing to profit from economic, political, corporate and government-driven events. The other 4 funds are focused on merger arbitrage and assets across the capital structure. The fair values of the funds within this type have been determined using the NAV per share, which has been valued by the fund based on the characteristics of the underlying assets. The funds have a 15 to 90 days liquidity structure.

(7) Relative value: This category includes 8 hedge funds with a liquidity structure between 30 and 90 days. These funds invest in a wide range of strategies. The fair values of the funds within this type have been determined using the NAV per share, which has been valued by the fund based on the characteristics of the underlying assets.

(8) Opportunistic: Currently there are 1 hedge fund in this category, which invests in re- insurance for catastrophe risk (mostly hurricane and earthquake). The fund has a quarterly redemption with a 90-day. The fair value of these funds has been determined using the NAV per share, which has been valued by the fund based on the characteristics of the underlying assets.

(9) Multi-asset: This category includes 1 diversified Hedge fund of funds. The fair value of the fund within this type has been determined using the NAV per share, which has been valued by the fund based on the characteristics of the underlying assets.

4. DERIVATIVES

In conjunction with the responsibility for implementing the Boards asset allocation strategy the Chief Investment Officer hires external investment managers or assigns responsibility to managers employed by the agency. These managers may use derivatives to manage the asset allocation, rebalance the portfolio, equitize cash balances, hedge or manage exposures, or to implement tactical positions. The System invested in swaps, futures, options, forwards, and rights and warrants that are either exchange traded or over-the- counter instruments. Each investment manager's guidelines outline the permissible use of derivatives, which is monitored by internal staff to ensure compliance. The use of derivatives is permitted to the extent that it does not materially alter total portfolio volatility relative to its benchmark and with reference to variance permitted by guideline. The manager is responsible for collateral management and derivatives must be collateralized with cash, cash equivalents, or current portfolio security holdings.

In addition, the System has exposure to derivatives through the ownership interests in commingled funds. These funds may hold derivatives in the fund and the System does not have control over the investment policy or guidelines of such funds. However, the risk associated with derivative instruments is limited to the capital contributed to the fund.

List of Derivatives Aggregated by Investment Type – At Fair Value as of June 30, 2022
(in Thousands)

	Changes in Fair Value(4)		Fair Value at June 30,2022		
Currency	**Classifications**	**Amount(1)**	**Classification**	**Amount(2)**	**Notional(3)**
Commodity Futures Long	Investment Revenue	$ 1 8,151	Futures	$ -	$ -
Commodity Futures Short	Investment Revenue	785	Futures	-	-
Credit Default Swaps Bought	Investment Revenue	5	Swaps	-	300
Credit Default Swaps Written	Investment Revenue	(9,428)	Swaps	(467)	359,175
Fixed Income Futures Long	Investment Revenue	(557,552)	Futures	-	1,749,818
Fixed Income Futures Short	Investment Revenue	28,571	Futures	-	(272,300)
Fixed Income Options Bought	Investment Revenue	1,901	Options	3,257	31,100
Fixed Income Options Written	Investment Revenue	(1,334)	Options	(12,244)	(818,049)
Foreign Currency Futures Short	Investment Revenue	2,640	Futures	-	(35,000)
Foreign Currency Options Bought	Investment Revenue	(156)	Options	-	-
Foreign Currency Options Written	Investment Revenue	201	Options	-	-
Futures Options Bought	Investment Revenue	(3)	Options	-	-
Futures Options Written	Investment Revenue	1,312	Options	(429)	(983)
FX Forwards	Investment Revenue	122,738	Long Term Instrumen	72,598	11,610,431
Index Futures Long	Investment Revenue	(271,809)	Futures	-	734
Index Futures Short	Investment Revenue	362,283	Futures	-	(587)
Pay Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	Investment Revenue	30,727	Swaps	20,699	242,794
Receive Fixed Interest Rate Swap	Investment Revenue	(35,023)	Swaps	(26,839)	577,120
Rights	Investment Revenue	(1,687)	Common Stock	83	139
Warrants	Investment Revenue	(20,650)	Common Stock	68,080	18,450
		$ (328,328)		**$ 124,738**	

DERIVATIVES *(continued)*

List of Derivatives Aggregated by Investment Type – At Fair Value as of June 30, 2021
(in Thousands)

	Changes in Fair Value(4)		**Fair Value at June 30,2021**		
Currency	**Classifications**	**Amount(1)**	**Classification**	**Amount(2)**	**Notional(3)**
Commodity Futures Long	Investment Revenue	$ 6,327	Futures	$ -	$ 5,620
Commodity Futures Short	Investment Revenue	-	Futures	(6)	300
Credit Default Swaps Bought	Investment Revenue	$ (1)	Swaps	$ 7,221	$ 247,916
Credit Default Swaps Written	Investment Revenue	6,360	Swaps	-	2,586,148
Fixed Income Futures Long	Investment Revenue	(247,229)	Futures	-	(893,600)
Fixed Income Futures Short	Investment Revenue	2,180	Futures	-	49,900
Fixed Income Options Bought	Investment Revenue	(6,803)	Options	461	(540,567)
Fixed Income Options Written	Investment Revenue	26,045	Options	(8,496)	(38,900)
Foreign Currency Futures Short	Investment Revenue	572	Futures	-	-
Foreign Currency Options Bought	Investment Revenue	(610)	Options	-	-
Foreign Options Written	Investment Revenue	603	Options	-	-
Future Options Bought	Investment Revenue	30	Options	-	-
Future Options Written	Investment Revenue	1,099	Options	(206)	(633)
FX Forwards	Investment Revenue	(7,359)	Long Term Instruments	5,885	9,409,539
Index Futures Long	Investment Revenue	572,906	Futures	-	724
Index Futures Short	Investment Revenue	(448,337)	Futures	-	(676)
Pay Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	Investment Revenue	(10,545)	Swaps	(28,088)	1,071,985
Received Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	Investment Revenue	(28,965)	Swaps	(4,776)	1,134,855
Rights	Investment Revenue	1,286	Common Stock	198	122
Total Return Swaps Equity	Investment Revenue	1,187	Swaps	-	-
Warrants	Investment Revenue	43,684	Common Stock	81,215	11,688
		$ (87,570)		$ 53,408	

Note: Includes assets invested on behalf of the Mass Transit Administration.
1. Negative values (in brackets) refer to unrealized losses.
2. Negative values (in brackets) refer to liabilities.
3. Notional may be a dollar amount or size of underlying futures and options; negative values (in brackets) refer to short positions .
4. Changes in fair value excludes futures margin payments.

A. Credit Risk

The use of derivatives exposes the System to credit and counterparty risk due to the risk of counterparties failing to meet the terms of the derivative contracts. To minimize its exposure to losses related to credit and counterparty risk, the external investment managers use counterparty collateral in their non-exchange-traded derivative instruments and monitor the creditworthiness of the counterparties. Netting arrangements are also used when entering into more than one derivative instrument transaction with a counterparty.

The aggregate fair value of derivative instruments in asset positions at June 30, 2022 and 2021, was $429,537 and $122,233 (in thousands), respectively. This represents the maximum loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if all counterparties failed to perform. The maximum loss would, however, be reduced by the counterparty collateral and the liabilities included in netting arrangements with counterparties.

DERIVATIVES *(continued)*

Counterparty Ratings

The following tables list the fair value of credit exposure per ratings of Standard & Poor's (S&P), Moody's and Fitch (in thousands) as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

As of June 30, 2022

Fair Value	S&P Rating	Fair Value	Moody's Rating	Fair Value	Fitch Rating
$ 173,240	AA-	$ 98,309	Aa2	$ 98,308	AA
129,262	A+	95,191	Aa3	107,327	AA-
43,619	A	168,777	A1	216,059	A+
69,025	A-	1,653	A2	3,167	A
14,391	BBB+	62,451	A3	1,266	A-
-	NR	3,156	NR	254	BBB+
-		-		3,156	NR
$ 429,537	(1)	$ 429,537	(1)	$ 429,537	(1)

As of June 30, 2021

Fair Value	S&P Rating	Fair Value	Moody's Rating	Fair Value	Fitch Rating
$39,043	AA-	$26,807	Aa2	$33,506	AA
30,540	A+	36,390	Aa3	27,656	AA-
36,260	A	39,949	A1	56,441	A+
6,557	A-	12,538	A2	4,630	A
9,833	BBB+	6,549	A3	-	NR
$122,233	(1)	$122,233	(1)	$122,233	(1)

(1) Total Aggregate Fair Value

Risk Concentrations

The following tables list the counterparty risk concentration and credit ratings per ratings of Standard & Poor's (S&P), Moody's and Fitch as of June 30, 2022:

Counterparty Name	Percentage of Net Exposure	S&P Rating	Fitch Rating	Moody's Rating
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON	19.5%	AA-	AA	Aa2
HSBC BANK PLC	14.5%	A-	A+	A3
STANDARD CHARTERED BANK	13.6%	A+	A+	A1
STATE STREET BANK LONDON	9.9%	A	AA-	A1
BNP PARIBAS SA	9.1%	A+	A+	Aa3
WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION	9.0%	AA-	A+	Aa3
ROYAL BANK OF CANADA (UK)	6.6%	AA-	AA-	A1
TORONTO DOMINION BANK	4.8%	AA-	AA-	A1
UBS AG	3.4%	A+	AA-	Aa3
JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NA LONDON	3.0%	A+	AA	Aa2
WELLS FARGO LCH	2.2%	BBB+	A+	A1
WELLS FARGO CME	1.0%	BBB+	A+	A1
NOMURA GLOBAL FINANCIAL PRODUCTS INC	0.7%	A-	NR	NR
CITIBANK N.A.	0.7%	A+	A+	Aa3
NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY, THE	0.3%	AA-	AA-	A2
BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.	0.3%	A+	AA	Aa2
CREDIT SUISSE FOB LCH	0.3%	A	A-	A1
MORGAN STANLEY CME	0.3%	A-	A	A1
MORGAN STANLEY AND CO. INTERNATIONAL PLC	0.2%	A-	A	A1
MORGAN STANLEY LCH	0.2%	A-	A	A1
WELLS FARGO ICE	0.2%	BBB+	A+	A1
DEUTSCHE BANK AG	0.1%	A-	BBB+	A2
JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A.	0.1%	A+	AA	Aa2

B. Interest Rate Risk

During fiscal year 2022, the Agency was exposed to interest rate risk. For more details, refer to the Interest Rate Risk Note 3.D. (GASB Statement No. 40).

C. Foreign Currency Risk

The System's derivatives exposed it to foreign currency risk. For more details refer to the Foreign Currency Risk Note 3.F. (GASB Statement No. 40).

5. CONTRIBUTIONS

The State Personnel and Pensions Article requires both active members and their respective employers to make contributions to the System. Rates for required contributions by active members are established by law. Members of the Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems are required to contribute 7% or 5% of earnable compensation depending upon the retirement option selected. Members of the State Police and Judges' Retirement Systems are required to contribute 8% and 6% of earnable compensation, respectively, and beginning July 1, 2014, members of the Judges Retirement System are required to make contributions of 8% of earnable compensation. Members of the Teachers' and Employees' Pension System, Alternate Contributory Pension Selection (ACPS), are required to contribute 7% of earnable compensation.

However, members of the Employees' Pension System who are employed by a participating governmental unit that elected to remain in the Contributory Pension System are required to contribute 2% of earnable compensation. The members of the Employees' Pension System who are employed by participating governmental units who elected to remain in the Non- Contributory Pension System are only required to contribute 5% of earnable compensation in excess of the social security taxable wage base.

Contribution rates for employer and other "non-employer" contributing entities are established by annual actuarial valuations using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost method with projection and other actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board of Trustees. These contribution rates have been established as the rates necessary to fully fund normal costs and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

The unfunded actuarial liability was being amortized in distinct layers. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability which existed as of the June 30, 2000, actuarial valuation was being amortized over a 40-year period (as provided by law) from July 1, 1980 and as provided by law, any new unfunded liabilities or surpluses arising during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, or any fiscal year thereafter, was being amortized over a 25-year period from the end of the fiscal year in which the liability or surplus arose. However, in the 2014 legislative session, the Legislature changed the method used to fund the System. The unfunded liability for each System is being amortized over a single closed 25-year period. Members of the State Police Retirement System (SPRS) and Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System (LEOPS) are eligible to participate in a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). For members who enter the DROP on or after July 1, 2011, the member is deemed retired and the retirement allowance is placed in an account earning 4% interest per year, compounded annually. At the end of the DROP period, the lump sum held in the DROP account is paid to the retiree. The SPRS and LEOPS members must end employment and fully retire at the end of the DROP period. The maximum period of participation is 5 years for SPRS and 5 years for LEOPS. The amount of funds held in the DROP as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, was $31,001,707 and $26,677,378 respectively.

The State of Maryland (which is also a non-employer contributor to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems and the Judges' Retirement System), the Maryland Automobile Insurance Fund, the Injured Workers' Insurance Fund, and more than 150 participating governmental units make all of the employer and other (non-employer) contributions to the System.

6. REFUNDS

Member contributions plus interest may be refunded to a member who withdraws from the System, or to the designated beneficiary following a member's death. Employer contributions may also be refunded with interest to any participating governmental unit electing to withdraw from the System. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 refunds to members and withdrawing employers were $91,535 and $64,744 (expressed in thousands), respectively.

8. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following components (expressed in thousands):

	2022	2021
Administrative expenses	**$ 6,900**	4,731
Investment management fees	**15,278**	19,703
Tax and other withholdings	**43,224**	41,921
Total	**$ 65,402**	66,355

9. NET PENSION LIABILITY

The components of the net pension liability of the participating employers as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

(expressed in thousands)

	2022	2021
Total Pension Liability (TPL)	**$84,319,523**	82,606,805
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	**64,310,991**	67,604,497
Net Pension Liability	**$20,008,532**	15,002,308
Ratio - Fiduciary Net Position/TPL	**76.27%**	81.84%

A. Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation	In the 2022 actuarial valuation, 2.25% general, 2.75% wage. In the 2021 actuarial valuation, 2.25% general, 2.75% wage.
Salary Increases	In the 2022 actuarial valuation, 2.75% to 11.25%. In the 2021 actuarial valuation, 2.75% to 9.25%
Investment Rate of Return	In the 2022 actuarial valuation, 6.80%. In the 2021 actuarial valuation, 6.80%.
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to the 2019 experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.
Mortality	Various versions of the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables for males and females with projected generational mortality improvements based on the MP-2018 fully generational mortality Improvements scale for males and females.

B. Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s).

For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

2022

Asset Class	**Target Allocation**	**Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return**
Public Equity	34.0%	6.0%
Private Equity	16.0%	8.4%
Rate Sensitive	21.0%	1.2%
Credit Opportunity	8.0%	4.9%
Real Assets	15.0 %	5.2%
Absolute Return	6.0%	3.5%
Total	**100.0%**	

2021

Asset Class	**Target Allocation**	**Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return**
Public Equity	37.0%	4.7%
Private Equity	13.0%	6.5%
Rate Sensitive	19.0%	-0.4%
Credit Opportunity	9.0%	2.6%
Real Assets	14.0 %	4.2%
Absolute Return	8.0%	2.0%
Total	**100.0%**	

The above was the Board of Trustees' adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022.

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan investment expense, was (2.97)% and 26.69%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

C. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

D. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher as of June 30, 2022:

(Expressed in thousands)

System	1% Decrease to 5.80%	Discount Rate 6.80%	1% Increase to 7.80%
Teachers	$ 16,526,639	$ 10,109,218	$ 4,794,807
Employees	11,999,140	8,431,973	5,451,353
State Police	1,139,705	782,804	493,996
Judges	130,464	62,959	5,507
LEOPS	890,475	615,131	390,832
CORS	13,031	6,447	1,049
Total System Net Pension Liability	**$ 30,699,454**	**$ 20,008,532**	**$ 11,137,544**

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher as of June 30, 2021:

(Expressed in thousands)

System	1% Decrease to 5.80%	Discount Rate 6.80%	1% Increase to 7.80%
Teachers	$ 13,340,491	$ 7,028,984	$ 1,803,499
Employees	10,383,190	6,832,640	3,867,600
State Police	975,816	626,229	343,562
Judges	80,177	14,120	(42,093)
LEOPS	762,785	498,017	282,444
CORS	8,569	2,315	(2,804)
Total System Net Pension Liability	**$ 25,551,028**	**$ 15,002,305**	**$ 6,252,208**

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN

for the Fiscal Year Ended

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System
Total pension liability			
Service cost	$ 964,482	$ 521,702	$ 43,951
Interest	3,221,143	1,961,621	169,184
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(549,388)	(357,873)	(6,649)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,550,604)	(1,670,739)	(136,375)
Net change in total pension liability	1,085,633	454,711	70,111
Total pension liability, beginning of year	48,149,763	29,412,444	2,533,456
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	$ 49,235,396	$ 29,867,155	$ 2,603,567
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	$ 1,202,102	$ 880,672	$ 95,453
Contributions - members	554,537	311,851	9,843
Net investment income	(1,179,567)	(648,324)	(55,120)
Benefit payments, including refunds and administrative expenses	(2,574,104)	(1,688,310)	(136,676)
Net Transfer	2,431	(4,643)	36
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,994,601)	(1,148,754)	(86,464)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	41,120,779	22,577,488	1,907,227
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	$ 39,126,178	$ 21,428,734	$ 1,820,763
Employer net pension liability (a) - (b)	$ 10,109,218	$ 8,438,421	$ 782,804

**This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to present information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which the information is available.*

AND PENSION SYSTEM

EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2022

Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
$ 21,094	$ 53,741	$ 1,604,970
42,059	126,915	5,520,922
-	-	-
(5,498)	(7,880)	(927,288)
-	-	-
(39,934)	(88,234)	(4,485,886)
17,721	84,542	1,712,718
627,781	1,883,361	82,606,805
$ 645,502	$ 1,967,903	$ 84,319,523
$ 22,816	$ 81,260	$ 2,282,303
3,643	14,393	894,267
(17,502)	(41,620)	(1,942,133)
(40,004)	(88,852)	(4,527,946)
(71)	2,247	-
(31,118)	(32,572)	(3,293,509)
613,661	1,385,345	67,604,500
$ 582,543	$ 1,352,773	$ 64,310,991
$ 62,959	$ 615,130	$ 20,008,532

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN
for the Fiscal Year Ended
(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System
Total pension liability			
Service cost	$ 858,844	$ 467,800	$ 38,774
Interest	3,270,336	1,996,318	172,521
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(563,443)	(183,991)	(17,273)
Changes in assumptions	2,065,188	1,199,460	96,021
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,462,312)	(1,600,822)	(135,414)
Net change in total pension liability	3,168,613	1,878,765	154,629
Total pension liability, beginning of year	44,981,150	27,533,679	2,378,827
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	$ 48,149,763	$ 29,412,444	$ 2,533,456
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	$ 1,153,208	$ 856,219	$ 93,651
Contributions - members	531,931	307,067	9,431
Net investment income	8,699,680	4,795,405	403,734
Benefit payments, including refunds and administrative expenses	(2,485,957)	(1,624,910)	(135,711)
Net Transfer	6,907	(7,126)	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	7,905,769	4,326,655	371,105
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	33,215,011	18,250,832	1,536,121
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	$ 41,120,780	$ 22,577,487	$ 1,907,226
Employer net pension liability (a) - (b)	$ 7,028,983	$ 6,834,957	$ 626,230

**This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to present information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which the information is available.*

AND PENSION SYSTEM

EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2021

Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
$ 19,538	$ 46,320	$ 1,431,276
42,566	125,229	5,606,970
-	-	-
5,450	(10,113)	(769,370)
13,876	93,808	3,468,353
(37,874)	(81,399)	(4,317,821)
43,556	173,845	5,419,408
584,225	1,709,516	77,187,397
$ 627,781	$1,883,361	$ 82,606,805
$ 21,277	$ 79,168	$ 2,203,523
3,595	13,713	865,737
129,884	287,059	14,315,762
(37,944)	(82,040)	(4,366,562)
-	219	-
116,812	298,119	13,018,460
496,848	1,087,225	54,586,037
$ 613,660	$1,385,344	$ 67,604,497
$ 14,121	$ 498,017	$15,002,308

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN

for the Fiscal Year Ended

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System
Total pension liability			
Service cost	$ 848,896	$ 469,984	$ 38,359
Interest	3,162,069	1,930,920	165,786
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	(50)
Difference between expected and actual experience	(125,435)	54,646	18,073
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,393,609)	(1,541,672)	(127,446)
Net change in total pension liability	1,491,921	913,878	94,722
Total pension liability, beginning of year	43,489,231	26,619,801	2,284,105
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	$ 44,981,152	$ 27,533,679	$ 2,378,827
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	$ 1,170,248	$ 788,853	$ 91,390
Contributions - members	499,884	324,162	9,277
Net investment income	1,133,679	627,106	52,800
Benefit payments, including refunds and administrative expenses	(2,416,468)	(1,559,154)	(127,736)
Net Transfer	24,743	(25,535)	62
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	412,086	155,432	25,793
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	32,802,925	18,095,400	1,510,328
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	$ 33,215,011	$ 18,250,832	$ 1,536,121
Employer net pension liability (a) - (b)	$ 11,766,141	$ 9,282,847	$ 842,706

**This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to present information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which the information is available.*

AND PENSION SYSTEM
EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY
June 30, 2020

Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
$ 19,399	$ 45,684	$ 1,422,322
41,066	118,154	5,417,995
-	(45)	(95)
(3,166)	11,274	(44,608)
-	-	-
(36,332)	(78,186)	(4,177,245)
20,967	96,881	2,618,369
563,258	1,612,635	74,569,030
$ 584,225	$1,709,516	$77,187,399
$ 22,708	$ 71,070	$ 2,144,269
3,453	13,522	850,298
17,071	35,985	1,866,641
(36,401)	(78,830)	(4,218,589)
-	729	(1)
6,831	42,476	642,618
490,017	1,044,749	53,943,419
$ 496,848	$1,087,225	$54,586,037
$ 87,377	$ 622,291	$22,601,362

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN
for the Fiscal Year Ended
(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	**Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems**	**State Police Retirement System**
Total pension liability			
Service cost	$ 814,019	$ 451,990	$ 34,276
Interest	3,143,018	1,864,909	165,837
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(189,803)	(44,635)	(19,980)
Changes in assumptions	(897,464)	283,109	(42,874)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,296,744)	(1,465,624)	(122,446)
Net change in total pension liability	573,026	1,089,749	14,813
Total pension liability, beginning of year	42,916,205	25,530,054	2,269,293
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	$ 43,489,231	$ 26,619,803	$ 2,284,106
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	$ 1,143,584	$ 737,284	$ 86,172
Contributions - members	494,698	288,350	8,579
Net investment income	1,999,261	1,103,927	91,778
Benefit payments, including refunds and administrative expenses	(2,318,939)	(1,482,270)	(122,721)
Net Transfer	3,870	(4,830)	(28)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,322,474	642,461	63,780
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	31,480,452	17,452,939	1,446,548
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	$ 32,802,926	$ 18,095,400	$ 1,510,328
Employer net pension liability (a) - (b)	$ 10,686,305	$ 8,524,403	$ 773,778

**This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to present information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which the information is available.*

AND PENSION SYSTEM

EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2019

Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
$ 19,173	$ 39,299	$ 1,358,757
41,302	112,806	5,327,872
-	-	-
(5,570)	8,400	(251,588)
(19,037)	(4,959)	(681,225)
(34,540)	(74,265)	(3,993,619)
1,328	81,281	1,760,197
561,930	1,531,351	72,808,833
$ 563,258	$1,612,632	$74,569,030
$ 21,737	$ 65,314	$ 2,054,091
3,176	12,488	807,291
29,689	63,554	3,288,209
(34,604)	(74,870)	(4,033,404)
-	988	-
19,998	67,474	2,116,187
470,019	977,275	51,827,233
$ 490,017	$1,044,749	$53,943,420
$ 73,241	$ 567,883	$ 20,625,610

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN

for the Fiscal Year Ended

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System
Total pension liability			
Service cost	$ 791,979	$ 441,284	$ 32,285
Interest	3,070,454	1,824,968	161,440
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	(2,167)
Difference between expected and actual experience	(466,863)	(204,581)	1,513
Changes in assumptions	92,669	55,131	2,013
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,205,310)	(1,381,043)	(122,720)
Net change in total pension liability	1,282,929	735,759	72,364
Total pension liability, beginning of year	41,633,276	24,794,295	2,196,929
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	$ 42,916,205	$ 25,530,54	$ 2,269,293
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	$ 1,122,986	$ 707,194	$ 80,241
Contributions - members	484,923	283,670	8,063
Net investment income	2,364,521	1,318,438	109,405
Benefit payments, including refunds and administrative expenses	(2,223,399)	(1,395,375)	(122,963)
Net Transfer	229	(1,653)	21
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,749,260	912,274	74,767
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	29,731,192	16,540,665	1,371,781
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	$ 31,480,452	$ 17,452,939	$ 1,446,548
Employer net pension liability (a) - (b)	$ 11,435,753	$ 8,077,115	$ 822,745

**This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to present information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which the information is available.*

AND PENSION SYSTEM

EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2018

Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
$ 18,482	$ 36,988	$ 1,321,018
40,740	106,465	5,204,067
-	4,566	2,399
(14,982)	13,780	(671,133)
(139)	4,655	154,329
(32,009)	(71,650)	(3,812,732)
12,092	94,804	2,197,948
549,838	1,436,547	70,610,885
$ 561,930	$ 1,531,351	$ 72,808,833
$ 22,465	$ 62,131	$ 1,995,017
3,071	11,855	791,582
35,195	71,834	3,899,393
(32,063)	(72,143)	(3,845,943)
-	1,403	-
28,668	75,080	2,840,049
441,351	902,195	48,987,184
$ 470,019	$ 977,275	$ 51,827,233
$ 91,911	$ 554,076	$ 20,981,600

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN
for the Fiscal Year Ended
(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System
Total pension liability			
Service cost	$ 777,084	$ 444,566	$ 32,324
Interest	3,010,496	1,806,261	160,396
Difference between expected and actual experience	(644,543)	(545,442)	(45,314)
Changes in assumptions	76,937	47,996	1,438
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,120,119)	(1,305,891)	(118,833)
Net change in total pension liability	1,099,855	447,490	30,011
Total pension liability, beginning of year	40,533,421	24,346,805	2,166,918
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	$ 41,633,276	$ 24,794,295	$ 2,196,929
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	$ 1,137,472	$ 730,506	$ 83,000
Contributions - members	477,194	282,742	7,996
Net investment income	2,710,602	1,516,095	125,128
Benefit payments, including refunds and administrative expenses	(2,136,132)	(1,319,014)	(118,531)
Net Transfer	(157)	(1,117)	56
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,188,979	1,209,212	97,649
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	27,542,213	15,331,453	1,274,132
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	$ 29,731,192	$ 16,540,665	$ 1,371,781
Employer net pension liability (a) - (b)	$ 11,902,084	$ 8,253,630	$ 825,148

**This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which the information is available.*

AND PENSION SYSTEM

EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2017

Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
$ 18,225	$ 36,059	$ 1,308,258
40,009	102,873	5,120,035
(13,325)	(18,348)	(1,266,972)
(136)	3,940	130,175
(31,253)	(64,468)	(3,640,564)
13,520	60,056	1,650,932
536,318	1,376,491	68,959,953
$ 549,838	$ 1,436,547	$ 70,610,885
$ 21,861	$ 60,473	$ 2,033,312
3,004	11,753	782,689
40,128	81,490	4,473,443
(31,302)	(63,207)	(3,668,186)
(2)	1,220	-
33,689	91,729	3,621,258
407,662	810,466	45,365,926
$ 441,351	$ 902,195	$ 48,987,184
$ 108,487	$ 534,352	$ 21,623,701

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN

for the Fiscal Year Ended

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System
Total pension liability			
Service cost	$ 763,578	$ 439,705	$ 30,309
Interest	2,914,637	1,737,109	155,993
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(327,577)	16,870	(8,573)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,056,256)	(1,255,358)	(121,917)
Net change in total pension liability	1,294,382	938,326	55,812
Total pension liability, beginning of year	39,239,039	23,408,479	2,111,106
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	$ 40,533,421	$ 24,346,805	$ 2,166,918
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	$ 1,084,049	$ 640,943	$ 72,320
Contributions - members	464,470	278,944	7,251
Net investment income	301,774	168,775	13,806
Benefit payments, including refunds and administrative expenses	(2,071,845)	(1,267,809)	(122,123)
Net Transfer	(163)	(191)	41
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(221,715)	(179,338)	(28,705)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	27,763,928	15,510,791	1,302,837
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	$ 27,542,213	$ 15,331,453	$ 1,274,132
Employer net pension liability (a) - (b)	$ 12,991,208	$ 9,015,352	$ 892,786

**This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which the information is available.*

AND PENSION SYSTEM

EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2016

Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
$ 17,295	$ 34,001	$ 1,284,888
37,910	97,371	4,943,020
-	-	-
2,999	4,629	(311,652)
-	-	-
(30,487)	(63,837)	(3,527,855)
27,717	72,164	2,388,401
508,601	1,304,327	66,571,552
$ 536,318	$ 1,376,491	$68,959,953
$ 18,384	$ 54,959	$ 1,870,655
2,863	10,886	764,414
4,415	8,761	497,531
(30,532)	(64,205)	(3,556,514)
-	313	-
(4,870)	10,714	(423,914)
412,532	799,752	45,789,840
$ 407,662	$ 810,466	$45,365,926
$ 128,656	$ 566,025	$23,594,027

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN

for the Fiscal Year Ended

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System
Total pension liability			
Service cost	$ 783,603	$ 461,524	$ 30,556
Interest	2,811,261	1,663,866	147,839
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(476,190)	(19,591)	(10,512)
Changes in assumptions	753,521	375,148	86,689
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,958,092)	(1,170,116)	(119,804)
Net change in total pension liability	1,914,103	1,310,831	134,768
Total pension liability, beginning of year	37,324,936	22,097,648	1,976,338
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	$ 39,239,039	$ 23,408,479	$ 2,111,106
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	$ 1,063,763	$ 643,219	$ 76,056
Contributions - members	454,770	280,133	7,205
Net investment income	727,858	405,846	33,035
Benefit payments, including refunds and administrative expenses	(1,973,827)	(1,182,886)	(120,006)
Net Transfer	309	(535)	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	272,873	145,777	(3,710)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	27,491,055	15,365,014	1,306,547
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	$ 27,763,928	$ 15,510,791	$ 1,302,837
Employer net pension liability (a) - (b)	$ 11,475,111	$ 7,897,688	$ 808,269

**This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which the information is available.*

AND PENSION SYSTEM

EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2015

Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
$ 16,306	$ 33,934	$ 1,325,923
34,735	93,085	4,750,786
-	-	-
(843)	(5,846)	(512,982)
27,072	11,471	1,253,901
(28,899)	(55,884)	(3,332,795)
48,371	76,760	3,484,833
460,230	1,227,567	63,086,719
$ 508,601	$ 1,304,327	$ 66,571,552
$ 19,028	$ 56,546	$ 1,858,612
2,813	10,523	755,444
10,759	20,173	1,197,671
(28,945)	(56,211)	(3,361,875)
(6)	232	-
3,649	31,031	449,852
408,883	768,489	45,339,988
$ 412,532	$ 799,752	$ 45,789,840
$ 96,069	$ 504,575	$ 20,781,712

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN

for the Fiscal Year Ended

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System
Total pension liability			
Service cost	$ 796,354	$ 469,747	$ 28,508
Interest	2,694,942	1,597,397	141,875
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	-	-
Changes in assumptions	182,000	86,638	33,418
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,878,801)	(1,121,293)	(109,964)
Net change in total pension liability	1,794,495	1,032,489	93,837
Total pension liability, beginning of year	35,530,441	21,065,159	1,882,501
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	$ 37,324,936	$ 22,097,648	$ 1,976,338
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	$ 1,000,193	$ 592,185	$ 56,243
Contributions - members	441,559	267,139	6,592
Net investment income	3,458,512	1,940,319	165,097
Benefit payments, including refunds and administrative expenses	(1,878,801)	(1,121,293)	(109,964)
Net Transfer	(33)	(210)	16
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	3,021,430	1,678,140	117,984
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	24,469,625	13,686,874	1,188,563
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	$ 27,491,055	$ 15,365,014	$ 1,306,547
Employer net pension liability (a) - (b)	$ 9,833,881	$ 6,732,634	$ 669,791

**This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which the information is available.*

AND PENSION SYSTEM

EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2014

Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
$ 15,309	$ 31,927	$ 1,341,845
33,337	87,207	4,554,758
-	-	-
		-
-	-	-
46	18,798	320,900
(27,298)	(53,519)	(3,190,875)
21,394	84,413	3,026,628
438,836	1,143,154	60,060,091
$ 460,230	$ 1,227,567	$ 63,086,719
$ 21,110	$ 63,922	$ 1,733,653
2,566	9,870	727,726
50,173	92,166	5,706,267
(27,298)	(53,519)	(3,190,875)
-	227	-
46,551	112,666	4,976,771
362,332	655,823	40,363,217
$ 408,883	$ 768,489	$ 45,339,988
$ 51,347	$ 459,078	$ 17,746,731

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Total pension liability	$ 49,235,396	$ 29,867,155	$ 2,603,567	$ 645,502	$ 1,967,903	$ 84,319,523
Plan fiduciary net position	(39,126,178)	(21,428,734)	(1,820,763)	(582,543)	(1,352,773)	(64,310,991)
Employer net pension liability	$ 10,109,218	$ 8,438,421	$ 782,804	$ 62,959	$ 615,130	$ 20,008,532
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.47%	71.75%	69.93%	90.25%	68.74%	76.27%
Covered payroll	$ 7,957,775	$ 4,852,737	$ 124,367	$ 53,934	$ 213,003	$ 13,201,816
Employer net pension liability as a percent of covered-employee payroll	127.04%	173.89%	629.43%	116.73%	288.79%	151.56%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Total pension liability	$ 48,149,763	$ 29,412,444	$ 2,533,456	$ 627,781	$ 1,883,361	$ 82,606,805
Plan fiduciary net position	(41,120,780)	(22,577,487)	(1,907,226)	(613,660)	(1,385,344)	(67,604,497)
Employer net pension liability	$ 7,028,983	$ 6,834,957	$ 626,230	$ 14,121	$ 498,017	$ 15,002,308
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	85.40%	76.76%	75.28%	97.75%	73.56%	81.84%
Covered payroll	$ 7,688,846	$ 4,689,819	$ 119,048	$ 52,073	$ 199,460	$ 12,749,246
Employer net pension liability as a percent of covered-employee payroll	91.42%	145.74%	526.03%	27.12%	249.68%	117.67%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Total pension liability	$ 44,981,152	$ 27,533,679	$ 2,378,827	$ 584,225	$ 1,709,516	$ 77,187,399
Plan fiduciary net position	(33,215,011)	(18,250,832)	(1,536,121)	(496,848)	(1,087,225)	(54,586,037)
Employer net pension liability	$ 11,766,141	$ 9,282,847	$ 842,706	$ 87,377	$ 622,291	$ 22,601,362
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.84%	66.29%	64.57%	85.04%	63.60%	70.72%
Covered payroll	$ 7,492,465	$ 4,646,134	$ 116,274	$ 51,882	$ 194,667	$ 12,501,422
Employer net pension liability as a percent of covered payroll	157.04%	199.80%	724.76%	168.41%	319.67%	180.79%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Total pension liability	$ 43,489,231	$ 26,619,803	$ 2,284,106	$ 563,258	$ 1,612,632	$ 74,569,030
Plan fiduciary net position	(32,802,926)	(18,095,400)	(1,510,328)	(490,017)	(1,044,749)	(53,943,420)
Employer net pension liability	$ 10,686,305	$ 8,524,403	$ 773,778	$ 73,241	$ 567,883	$ 20,625,610
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.43%	67.98%	66.12%	87.00%	64.79%	72.34%
Covered payroll	$ 7,153,063	$ 4,415,523	$ 106,978	$ 48,935	$ 180,964	$ 11,905,463
Employer net pension liability as a percent of covered payroll	149.39%	193.06%	723.31%	149.67%	313.81%	173.24%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Total pension liability	$ 42,916,205	$ 25,530,054	$ 2,269,293	$ 561,930	$ 1,531,351	$ 72,808,833
Plan fiduciary net position	(31,480,452)	(17,452,939)	(1,446,548)	(470,019)	(977,275)	(51,827,233)
Employer net pension liability	$ 11,435,753	$ 8,077,115	$ 822,745	$ 91,911	$ 554,076	$ 20,981,600
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.35%	68.36%	63.74%	83.64%	63.82%	71.18%
Covered payroll	$ 6,941,097	$ 4,306,746	$ 100,325	$ 47,498	$ 170,556	$ 11,566,222
Employer net pension liability as a percent of covered payroll	164.75%	187.55%	820.08%	193.50%	324.86%	181.40%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Total pension liability	$ 41,633,276	$ 24,794,295	$ 2,196,929	$ 549,838	$ 1,436,547	$ 70,610,885
Plan fiduciary net position	(29,731,192)	(16,540,665)	(1,371,781)	(441,351)	(902,195)	(48,987,184)
Employer net pension liability	$ 11,902,084	$ 8,253,630	$ 825,148	$ 108,487	$ 534,352	$ 21,623,701
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.41%	66.71%	62.44%	80.27%	62.80%	69.38%
Covered payroll	$ 6,780,838	$ 4,324,315	$ 100,384	$ 46,876	$ 166,561	$11,418,974
Employer net pension liability as a percent of covered payroll	175.53%	190.87%	821.99%	231.43%	320.81%	189.37%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Total pension liability	$ 40,533,421	$ 24,346,805	$ 2,166,918	$ 536,318	$ 1,376,491	$ 68,959,953
Plan fiduciary net position	(27,542,213)	(15,331,453)	(1,274,132)	(407,662)	(810,466)	(45,365,926)
Employer net pension liability	$ 12,991,208	$ 9,015,352	$ 892,786	$ 128,656	$566,025	$ 23,594,027
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.95%	62.97%	58.80%	76.01%	58.88%	65.79%
Covered payroll	$ 6,611,038	$ 4,250,288	$ 93,491	$ 44,711	$ 156,396	$11,155,924
Employer net pension liability as a percent of covered payroll	196.51%	212.11%	954.94%	287.75%	361.92%	211.49%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Total pension liability	$ 39,239,039	$ 23,408,479	$ 2,111,106	$ 508,601	$ 1,304,327	$ 66,571,552
Plan fiduciary net position	(27,763,928)	(15,510,791)	(1,302,837)	(412,532)	(799,752)	(45,789,840)
Employer net pension liability	$ 11,475,111	$ 7,897,688	$ 808,269	$ 96,069	$ 504,575	$ 20,781,712
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.76%	66.26%	61.71%	81.11%	61.32%	68.78%
Covered payroll	$ 6,470,706	$ 4,305,637	$ 91,050	$ 44,613	$ 151,955	$ 11,063,961
Employer net pension liability as a percent of covered payroll	177.34%	183.43%	887.72%	215.34%	332.06%	187.83%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Total pension liability	$ 37,324,936	$ 22,097,648	$ 1,976,338	$ 460,230	$ 1,227,567	$ 63,086,719
Plan fiduciary net position	(27,491,055)	(15,365,014)	(1,306,547)	(408,883)	(768,489)	(45,339,988)
Employer net pension liability	$ 9,833,881	$ 6,732,634	$ 669,791	$ 51,347	$ 459,078	$ 17,746,731
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.65%	69.53%	66.11%	88.84%	62.60%	71.87%
Covered payroll	$ 6,310,253	$ 4,219,732	$ 85,660	$ 42,313	$ 145,673	$ 10,803,631
Employer net pension liability as a percent of covered payroll	155.84%	159.55%	781.92%	121.35%	315.14%	164.27%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Actuarially determined contribution	$ 1,202,102	$ 880,672	$ 95,453	$ 22,816	$ 81,260	$ 2,282,303
Actual contribution	(1,202,102)	(880,672)	(95,453)	(22,816)	(81,260)	(2,282,303)
Contribution deficiency	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 7,957,775	$ 4,852,737	$ 124,367	$ 53,934	$ 213,003	$ 13,201,816
Actual contribution as a percent of covered payroll	15.11%	18.15%	76.75%	42.30%	38.15%	17.29%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Actuarially determined contribution	$1,153,208	$856,219	$93,651	$21,277	$79,168	$2,203,523
Actual contribution	(1,153,208)	(856,219)	(93,651)	(21,277)	(79,168)	(2,203,523)
Contribution deficiency	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 7,688,846	$ 4,689,819	$ 119,048	$ 52,073	$ 199,460	$ 12,749,246
Actual contribution as a percent of covered payroll	15.00%	18.26%	78.67%	40.86%	39.69%	17.28%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Actuarially determined contribution	$ 1,170,248	$ 788,853	$ 91,390	$ 22,708	$ 71,070	$ 2,144,269
Actual contribution	(1,170,248)	(788,853)	(91,390)	(22,708)	(71,070)	(2,144,269)
Contribution deficiency	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 7,492,465	$4,646,134	$ 116,274	$ 51,882	$ 194,667	$12,501,422
Actual contribution as a percent of covered payroll	15.62%	16.98%	78.60%	43.77%	36.51%	17.15%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Actuarially determined contribution	$ 1,143,584	$ 737,284	$ 86,172	$ 21,737	$ 65,314	$ 2,054,091
Actual contribution	(1,143,584)	(737,284)	(86,172)	(21,737)	(65,314)	(2,054,091)
Contribution deficiency	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 7,153,063	$ 4,415,523	$ 106,978	$ 48,935	$ 180,964	$11,905,463
Actual contribution as a percent of covered payroll	15.99%	16.70%	80.55%	44.42%	36.09%	17.25%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Actuarially determined contribution	$ 1,122,986	$ 707,194	$ 80,241	$ 22,465	$ 62,131	$ 1,995,017
Actual contribution	(1,122,986)	(707,194)	(80,241)	(22,465)	(62,131)	(1,995,017)
Contribution deficiency	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 6,941,097	$ 4,306,746	$ 100,325	$ 47,498	$ 170,556	$11,566,222
Actual contribution as a percent of covered payroll	16.18%	16.42%	79.98%	47.30%	36.43%	17.25%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Actuarially determined contribution	$ 1,137,472	$ 730,506	$ 83,000	$ 21,861	$ 60,473	$ 2,033,312
Actual contribution	(1,137,472)	(730,506)	(83,000)	(21,861)	(60,473)	(2,033,312)
Contribution deficiency	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 6,780,838	$ 4,324,315	$ 100,384	$ 46,876	$ 166,561	$ 11,418,974
Actual contribution as a percent of covered payroll	16.77%	16.89%	82.68%	46.64%	36.31%	17.81%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Actuarially determined contribution	$ 1,112,989	$ 689,431	$ 72,320	$ 18,384	$ 54,959	$ 1,948,083
Actual contribution	(1,084,049)	(640,943)	(72,320)	(18,384)	(54,959)	(1,870,655)
Contribution deficiency	$ 28,940	$ 48,488	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 77,428
Covered payroll	$ 6,611,038	$ 4,250,288	$ 93,491	$ 44,711	$ 156,396	$ 11,155,924
Actual contribution as a percent of covered payroll	16.40%	15.08%	77.36%	41.12%	35.14%	16.77%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Actuarially determined contribution	$ 1,189,318	$ 766,782	$ 76,056	$ 19,028	$ 56,546	$ 2,107,730
Actual contribution	(1,063,763)	(643,219)	(76,056)	(19,028)	(56,546)	(1,858,612)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ 125,555	$ 123,563	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 249,118
Covered payroll	$ 6,470,706	$ 4,305,637	$ 91,050	$ 44,613	$ 151,955	$ 11,063,961
Actual contribution as a percent of covered payroll	16.44%	14.94%	83.53%	42.65%	37.21%	16.80%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System	Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
Actuarially determined contribution	$ 1,358,991	$ 812,643	$ 64,325	$ 21,110	$ 63,922	$ 2,320,991
Actual contribution	(1,000,193)	(592,185)	(56,243)	(21,110)	(63,922)	(1,733,653)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ 358,798	$ 220,458	$ 8,082	$ -	$ -	$ 587,338
Covered payroll	$ 6,310,253	$ 4,219,732	$ 85,660	$ 42,313	$ 145,673	$ 10,803,631
Actual contribution as a percent of covered payroll	15.85%	14.03%	65.66%	49.89%	43.88%	16.05%

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Fiscal Year Ended	**Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses**
2014	14.38%
2015	2.68%
2016	1.16%
2017	10.02%
2018	8.08%
2019	6.44%
2020	3.50%
2021	26.69%
2022	-2.97%

**These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to present information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which the information is available.*

***This disclosure is intended to capture performance net of pension plan investment expense, which has been adjusted for changing amounts actually invested, taking into consideration benefit payments and contributions. Currently, the Agency is experiencing net outflows resulting in contributions being used to pay benefits rather than flowing through invested funds; therefore, there is minimal variation between this schedule and the time-weighted rates of return presented in the Investment Section of this report.*

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1 ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

A. Funding Method

All six Systems use the individual entry age normal method to determine costs. Under this funding method, a total contribution rate is determined which consists of two elements, the normal cost rate and the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) rate.

The individual Entry Age Normal cost rate is determined as the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits, and divided by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of the member's expected future salary. For purposes of calculating the normal cost rate, the same benefit accrual rates used to calculate the present value of future benefits are used to calculate the normal cost. The benefit provisions applicable to each member are used in developing his/her individual normal cost rate.

In addition to contributions required to meet the System's normal cost, contributions will be required to fund the System's unfunded actuarial liability. Actuarial liability is defined as the present value of future benefits less the present value of future normal costs. The unfunded actuarial liability for all members is the actuarial liability less the actuarial value of the System's assets.

The System's unfunded actuarial liability is funded over a 25-year closed amortization period ending June 30, 2039 (16 years remaining as of the June 30, 2022 valuation date) as a level percentage of payroll.

There is an additional component in the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability amortization contribution rate that accounts for the effects of the lag between the valuation date and when the contribution is made. This calculation assumes the contributions that would be received in fiscal year 2023 are equal to the budgeted contributions developed in the valuation as of June 30, 2021, plus the proportionate share of reinvested savings allocated to each System for fiscal year 2023 under the pension reforms.

A portion of the savings from the 2011 pension reforms passed by the General Assembly are to be reinvested as additional contributions into the Systems. Beginning in fiscal year 2016, $75 million of additional contributions are to be reinvested each year until the combined System reaches 85% funded.

B. Asset Valuation Method

All six Systems use a method based on the principle that the difference between actual and expected investment returns should be subject to partial recognition to smooth out fluctuations in the total return achieved by the fund from year to year. Under this method, the actuarial value of assets reflects annually one-fifth of the market value gains or losses for the five prior years. The resulting value is restricted to be not less than 80% of market value nor greater than 120% of market value. For the 2021 valuation 40% of the investment gain from FY 2021 is recognized in the determination of the actuarial asset valuation rather than the 20% normally recognized. The remaining 60% with be recognized equally over the next four valuations (15% per year). For the Employees' Retirement and Pension System and for LEOPS, assets must be allocated between State and Municipal Corporation members. Beginning July 1, 1984, this allocation is based upon actual cash flows and shared investment results.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

C. Actuarial Assumptions

The assumptions used for the actuarial valuation were recommended by the System's independent actuary, based upon periodic analyses of the System's experience, and adopted by the Board of Trustees. The most recent analysis of the System's experience was performed in 2019 and new assumptions were adopted for the June 30, 2019 valuation. A subsequent analysis of the System's economic assumptions was performed in 2021 and the Board adopted new assumptions effective for the June 30, 2021 valuation. Differences between assumed and actual experience (i.e., actuarial gains and losses) are part of the unfunded actuarial liability. The following significant assumptions were used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022:

The following significant assumptions were used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021:

- A rate of return on investments of 6.80% compounded annually (effective June 30, 2021);
- projected salary increases of 2.75% compounded annually, attributable to wage inflation (effective June 30, 2021);
- additional projected salary increases ranging from 2.75% to 11.25% per year attributable to seniority and merit (effective June 30, 2020);
- post-retirement benefit increases ranging from 1.96% to 2.75% per year depending on the system for service earned prior to July 1, 2011, and 1.30% to 2.75% per year depending on the system for service earned on or after July 1, 2011 (effective June 30, 2021);
- rates of mortality, termination of service, disablement and retirement based on actual experience during the period from June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018 (effective June 30, 2019); and
- an increase in the aggregate active member payroll of 2.75% annually (effective June 30, 2021).

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

(Expressed in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30,	Actuarial Value of Assets a	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) b	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll c	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b - a) / c]
2013	$ 39,350,969	$ 60,060,091	$ 20,709,122	65.52%	$ 10,478,800	198%
2014	42,996,957	62,610,194	19,613,237	68.67%	10,803,632	182%
2015	46,170,624	66,281,781	20,111,157	69.66%	11,063,961	182%
2016	47,803,679	67,781,924	19,978,245	70.53%	11,155,924	179%
2017	50,250,465	69,986,576	19,736,111	71.80%	11,418,974	173%
2018	52,586,528	72,574,689	19,988,161	72.46%	11,566,220	173%
2019	54,361,969	74,526,000	20,164,031	72.94%	11,905,463	169%
2020	56,246,776	76,471,035	20,224,259	73.55%	12,501,422	162%
2021	62,817,938	81,738,557	18,920,619	76.85%	12,749,247	148%
2022	65,798,923	85,248,064	19,449,141	77.19%	13,201,815	147%

DESCRIPTION OF SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

The Schedule of Funding Progress summarizes the actuarial value of the System's assets and actuarial accrued liability as of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation date and each of the 10 preceding years. The data presented in the schedule was obtained from the System's independent actuary's annual valuation report for each year presented.

The schedule is presented to provide a consistent basis for measuring the System's annual progress toward funding its actuarial accrued liability in accordance with its actuarial funding method. The primary measure of funding progress is the System's funded ratio (i.e., actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability). An increase in the funded ratio indicates improvement in the System's ability to pay all projected benefits as they become due. The System is fully funded if the funded ratio is greater than or equal to 100 percent. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the System's funded ratio increased from 76.85%.to 77.19%.

The Schedule of Funding Progress also discloses the relationship between the System's covered payroll (i.e., all elements included in compensation paid to active members on which contributions are based) and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. This relationship, expressed as a ratio, is a measure of the significance of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability relative to the capacity to contribute based on the active participants covered payroll. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the System's ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to its covered payroll decreased from 148% to 147%.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Fund Balance Accounts

As provided by law, all System assets must be credited, according to the purpose for which they are held, to either the Annuity Savings Fund, the Accumulation Fund, or the Expense Fund. These funds are classified as accounts for financial reporting purposes and are further explained as follows:

Annuity Savings Fund

Members' contributions together with interest thereon, at statutory interest rates, are credited to the Annuity Savings Fund. Upon retirement, members' accumulated contributions and interest are transferred from the Annuity Savings Fund to the Accumulation Fund.

Accumulation Fund

Contributions made by employers, other contributions and investment income are credited to the Accumulation Fund. All retirement, disability, and death benefits are paid from this Fund.

Expense Fund

All of the System's administrative and investment management expenses are recorded in the Expense Fund. During the year, the System's investment expenses are covered by funds transferred from the Accumulation Fund, and the System's administrative expenses are covered by administrative fees assessed and collected into the Expense Fund from each participating employer to cover annual operating and administrative expenses of the System.

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF FUND BALANCES

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (with Comparative 2021 Totals)

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Annuity Savings Fund	Accumulation Fund	Expense Fund	Totals 2022	Totals 2021
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	**$ 10,672,667**	**$ 56,928,673**	**$ 3,160**	**$ 67,604,500**	**$ 54,586,037**
Additions					
Net investment income (loss)	-	**(1,377,173)**	**(564,960)**	**(1,942,133)**	14,315,762
Contributions (Note 5):					
Employers	-	**1,459,789**	**29,287**	**1,489,076**	1,436,868
Members	**894,267**	-	-	**894,267**	865,738
State contributions on behalf of local governments	-	**793,227**	-	**793,227**	766,656
Contribution interest	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions					
Benefit payments		**(4,394,350)**	-	**(4,394,350)**	(4,253,047)
Refunds (Note 7)	**(91,535)**	-	-	**(91,535)**	(64,774)
Administrative expenses (Note 2)	-	**(12,442)**	**(29,619)**	**(42,061)**	(48,740)
Transfers					
From the Accumulation Fund to the Annuity Savings Fund for interest credited to members' accounts	**517,171**	**(517,171)**	-	-	-
To the Accumulation Fund from the Annuity Savings Fund for contributions of retiring members	**(586,335)**	**586,335**	-	-	-
From the Accumulation Fund to the Expense Fund for administrative and investment expenses	-	**(564,960)**	**564,960**	-	-
Net changes in fund balances	**733,568**	**(4,026,745)**	**(332)**	**(3,293,509)**	13,018,463
Fund Balances, End of Year	**$ 11,406,235**	**$ 52,901,928**	**$ 2,828**	**$ 64,310,991**	$ 67,604,500

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands)

	2022	**2021**
Personnel services		
Staff salaries	**$18,173**	$16,043
Fringe benefits	**8,227**	7,667
Total personnel services	**26,400**	23,710
Professional and contractual services		
Actuarial services	**364**	475
Legal and financial services	**522**	525
Consulting services	**814**	1,109
Data processing services	**3,829**	5,920
Other contractual services	**5,362**	5,621
Total professional and contractual services	**10,891**	13,650
Miscellaneous		
Communications	**565**	941
Rent	**2,017**	1,846
Equipment and supplies	**219**	440
Other	**1,969**	8,153
Total miscellaneous	**4,770**	11,380
Total Administrative Expenses	**$42,061**	$48,740

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES

for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Management Fees for 2022	**Incentive Fees for 2022**	**Total**	Management Fees for 2021	Incentive Fees for 2021	Total
Investment advisors						
Public equity	**$ 88,940**	**$ 84,688**	**$ 173,628**	$ 90,758	$ 57,310	$148,068
Fixed income	**14,210**	**8 ,586**	**22,796**	13,898	19,927	33,825
Credit opportunity	**25,102**	**49**	**25,151**	28,842	6	28,848
Real return	**14,931**	**118**	**15,049**	14,675	-	14,675
Absolute return	**60,164**	**70,211**	**130,375**	51,747	91,515	143,262
Multi Asset	**1,272**	**-**	**1,272**	1,069	-	1,069
Private equity	**133,844**	**-**	**133,844**	124,508	-	124,508
Real estate	**45,273**	**8,387**	**53,660**	37,817	400	38,217
Total investment advisory fees	**383,736**	**172,039**	**555,775**	363,314	169,158	532,472
Other investment service fees						
Currency overlay	**4,271**	**-**	**4,271**	3,925	-	3,925
Other investment expenses	**4,914**	**-**	**4,914**	4,025	-	4,025
Total other investment service fees	**9,185**	**-**	**9,185**	7,950	0	7,950
Total Investment Expenses	**$ 392,921**	**$ 172,039**	**$ 564,960**	$ 371,264	$169,158	$540,422

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT

SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY NET

as of June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System
Assets:			
Cash & cash equivalents (note 3)	$ 1,191,191	$ 692,518	$ 60,574
Receivables:			
Contributions:			
Employers	13,167	48,821	4,229
Members	68	8,646	372
Accrued investment income	153,464	85,818	7,129
Investment sales proceeds	598,742	332,970	27,703
Due from other systems	81,561	47,622	138
Total receivables	847,002	518,877	39,571
Investments, at fair value (Notes 2 & 3)			
U.S. Government obligations	4,081,508	2,234,660	189,153
Domestic corporate obligations	2,353,215	1,288,405	109,056
International obligations	884,5123	484,278	40,992
Domestic stocks	4,871,659	2,667,275	225,771
International stocks	6,177,740	3,382,365	286,300
Mortgages & mortgage related securities	920,308	503,876	42,651
Alternative investments	18,456,550	10,105,118	855,346
Collateral for loaned securities	2,682,322	1,485,883	123,442
Total investments	40,427,815	22,151,860	1,972,856
Total assets	42,466,008	23,363,255	1,972,856
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable & accrued expenses	35,634	26,052	1,765
Investment commitments payable	577,598	33,415	26,913
Obligation for collateral for loaned securities	2,682,322	1,485,883	123,442
Due to other systems	44,276	92,169	(27)
Total liabilities	3,339,830	1,934,519	152,093
Net position restricted for pensions	$39,126,178	$21,428,736	$1,820,763

** Intersystem due from/to have been eliminated in the financial statements*

AND PENSION SYSTEM

POSITION BY SYSTEM

Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Subtotal	Eliminations*	Combined Total
$ 22,496	$ 39,032	$ 2,005,811	$ -	$ 2,005,811
357	3,856	65,430	-	65,430
4	290	9,380	-	9,380
2,286	4,727	253,424	-	253,424
8,877	17,515	985,807	-	985,807
-	7,172	136,493	(136,493)	-
11,524	33,560	1,450,534	(136,493)	1,314,041
60,325	140,117	6,705,763	-	6,705,763
34,781	80,785	3,866,242	-	3,866,242
13,073	30,365	1,453,221	-	1,453,221
72,003	167,243	8,003,951	-	8,003,951
91,307	212,081	10,149,793	-	10,149,793
13,602	31,594	1,512,031	-	1,512,031
272,789	633,608	30,323,411	-	30,323,411
39,787	83,359	4,414,793	-	4,414,793
597,667	1,379,152	66,429,205	-	66,429,205
631,687	1,451,744	69,885,550	(136,493)	69,749,057
749	1,202	65,402	-	65,402
8,535	14,410	957,871	-	957,871
39,787	83,359	4,414,793	-	4,414,793
75	-	136,493	(136,493)	-
49,146	98,971	5,574,559	(136,493)	5,438,066
$ 582,541	$ 1,352,773	$ 64,310,991	$ -	$ 64,310,991

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN

for the Fiscal Year Ended

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems	Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems	State Police Retirement System
Additions:			
Contributions			
Employers	$ 408,875	$ 880,672	$ 95,453
Members	554,537	311,852	9,842
State contributions on behalf of local governments	793,227	-	-
Contribution interest	-	-	-
Total Contributions	1,756,639	1,192,524	105,295
Investment Loss			
Net depreciation in fair value of investments	(3,056,766)	(1,683,016)	(142,493)
Interest	331,523	182,691	15,433
Dividends	1,874,594	1,033,156	87,257
Loss Before Securities Lending Activity	(850,649)	(467,169)	(39,803)
Gross income from securities lending activity:	19,422	10,696	904
Securities lending borrower rebates	(4,409)	(2,424)	(206)
Securities lending agent fees	(754)	(416)	(35)
Net income from securities lending activity	14,259	7,856	663
Total Investment loss	(836,390)	(459,313)	(39,140)
Less investment expenses:			
Investment advisory fees	(343,177)	(189,010)	(15,980)
Net investment loss	(1,179,567)	(648,323)	(55,120)
Transfers from other systems	-	-	-
Total Additions	577,072	544,201	50,175
Deductions:			
Benefit payments	2,508,296	1,622,772	136,182
Refunds (Note 6)	42,308	47,967	193
Administrative expenses (Note 2)	23,500	17,571	301
Transfers to other systems	(2,428)	4,645	(37)
Total Deductions	2,571,676	1,692,955	136,639
Net (decrease) increase in fiduciary net position	(1,994,604)	(1,148,754)	(86,464)
Fiduciary net position restricted for pensions			
Beginning of the fiscal year	41,120,782	22,577,490	1,907,227
End of the Fiscal Year	$ 39,126,178	$ 21,428,736	$ 1,820,763

** Intersystem due from/due to have been eliminated in the financial statements*

AND PENSION SYSTEM

FIDUCIARY NET POSITION BY SYSTEM

June 30, 2022

Judges' Retirement System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Total
$ 22,816	$ 81,260	$ 1,489,076
3,643	14,393	894,267
-	-	793,227
-	-	-
26,459	95,653	3,176,570
(45,464)	(105,273)	(5,033,012)
4,944	11,272	545,863
27,912	63,583	3,086,502
(12,608)	(30,418)	(1,400,647)
289	661	31,972
(66)	(151)	(7,256)
(11)	(26)	(1,242)
212	484	23,474
(12,396)	(29,934)	(1,377,173)
(5,106)	(11,687)	(564,960)
(17,502)	(41,621)	(1,942,133)
-	-	-
8,957	54,032	1,234,437
39,921	87,179	4,394,350
13	1,054	91,535
70	619	42,061
72	(2,252)	-
40,076	86,600	4,527,946
(31,119)	(32,568)	(3,293,509)
613,660	1,385,341	67,604,500
$ 582,541	$ 1,352,773	$ 64,310,991

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SRPS

Investment Section

CHIEF INVESTMENT OFFICER'S REPORT

INVESTMENT OVERVIEW

The Maryland State Retirement and Pension System returned -2.97 percent net of fees in fiscal year 2022, relative to the actuarial return target of 6.80 percent, and -3.48 percent for its policy benchmark. Including the payment of benefits, the market value of assets decreased by approximately $3.3 billion, from $67.9 billion on June 30, 2021 to $64.6 billion on June 30, 2022.

Most publicly traded assets generated negative returns in fiscal year 2022, as global central banks began to raise rates in the second half of the fiscal year in response to high inflation. The System's public equity portfolio returned -19.4 percent while the bond portfolio achieved -15.3 percent. While fiscal year 2022 was a challenging year for traditional asset classes like stocks and bonds, the performance was not evenly distributed across all asset classes as private markets fared much better. The private real estate portfolio produced the highest return for the fiscal year at 30.6 percent, followed by private equity at 24.5.

The Board's asset allocation policy is designed to achieve the actuarial rate of return over long periods of time by assembling a diversified portfolio of asset classes, each of which may have a large or small, positive or negative return in any given year. By assembling assets that exhibit distinct risk and return characteristics in different market environments, the Board expects more stable investment returns over time than a less diversified portfolio. This lower risk portfolio should result in a larger asset pool for the System's beneficiaries than a more volatile portfolio with the same average return. Understanding the Board's principals of asset allocation is important in evaluating the performance in any one-year period. While the realized return of -2.97 percent for fiscal year 2022 falls short of the Board's long-term expectation for the portfolio, it is within its expected ranges for annual variations.

The System's asset allocation is organized into five broad categories: Growth/Equity, Rate Sensitive, Credit, Real Assets, and Absolute Return. During the fiscal year, the Board approved minor adjustments to the asset allocation that included modest increases to private equity, rate sensitive and real assets, and corresponding decreases in public equity, credit and absolute return. These changes are expected to improve the risk and return profile of the portfolio.

The Growth/Equity portfolio is comprised of public equity and private equity. Within public equity, there are dedicated allocations to U.S., international developed, and emerging markets. The objective of this asset class is to generate high returns associated with the economic growth underlying global economies.

The Rate Sensitive category consists of exposure to core, or investment-grade, bonds. This asset class is designed to provide protection against most downturns in the equity market by offering a reliable income stream through the yield component. This yield also provides some protection against a deflationary environment, characterized by falling interest rates. This asset class includes long-duration U.S. Treasury bonds, Treasury inflation protected securities, corporate bonds and securitized debt.

The purpose of the Credit asset class is to take advantage of the potential higher returns offered by below investment-grade bonds. The return objective is similar to public equity, with a lower risk profile. This category includes high yield bonds, bank loans, emerging markets debt, distressed debt, mezzanine debt, and other credit-focused investments.

Real Assets includes real estate, natural resources and infrastructure investments. A significant portion of the assets in this category provides a regular income stream. Due to the tangible, or real, element of this asset class, it is expected to provide some level of protection against an inflationary environment, as well as additional diversification to the total portfolio.

The objective of the Absolute Return asset class is to achieve a return that falls between the expectations for public equity and bonds, with low correlation to other asset classes. The risk profile of this asset class is expected to be significantly lower than public equity, which should provide protection during periods of stock market decline. Strategies in this asset class include event-driven, global macro, relative value and opportunistic funds.

INVESTMENT POLICY AND OBJECTIVES

The Board of Trustees is charged with the responsibility of managing the assets of the System. In doing so, the Board is required to exercise its fiduciary duties solely in the interest of the participants with the care, skill, and diligence that a prudent person would exercise under similar circumstances. This standard of care encourages diversifying investments across various asset classes.

Investment objectives are designed to support the fulfillment of the Board's mission to optimize risk-adjusted returns to ensure that sufficient assets are available to pay benefits to members and beneficiaries when due. As a long-term investor, the Board understands that short-term market returns will fluctuate.

These investment objectives are implemented in accordance with investment policies developed by the Board. The "prudent person standard", as outlined in both the Maryland Annotated Code and the Board's investment policies, allows the Board to set investment policies and delegate authority to investment professionals employing active and passive strategies. Firms that have been retained generally have a demonstrated performance record and a clearly defined and consistently applied investment process.

The Board manages the assets for the System with the goal of achieving an annualized investment return that over a long-term time frame: (1) meets or exceeds the investment policy benchmark for the System; (2) in nominal terms, equals or exceeds the actuarial investment return assumption adopted by the Board; and (3) in real terms, exceeds the U.S. inflation rate by at least 3 percent. A more detailed discussion of each of these goals follows below.

1. **Meeting or exceeding the Investment Policy Benchmark for the System.** The Investment Policy Benchmark is calculated by using a weighted average of the Board-established benchmarks for each asset class. This benchmark enables the comparison of the actual performance of the System to a proxy portfolio and provides a measure of the contribution of policy implementation and active management to overall fund returns.

2. **In nominal terms, meeting or exceeding the actuarial investment return assumption of the System.** The Board adopts the actuarial rate of interest, which was set at 6.80 percent for fiscal year 2022. The actuarial investment return assumption functions as an estimate of the long-term rate of growth of the assets for the System. In adopting an actuarial return assumption, the Board anticipates that the investment portfolio will achieve higher or lower returns each year but will trend toward 6.80 percent over time.

3. **In real terms, exceeding the U.S. inflation rate by at least 3 percent.** The inflation related objective compares the investment performance against a rate of inflation measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus 3 percent. The inflation measure provides a link to the liabilities of the System, which have an embedded sensitivity to changes in the inflation rate.

The Board is also responsible for establishing the asset allocation policy for the System. It does this by weighing three liability-oriented objectives when making asset allocation determinations. These objectives include:

1. achieving and maintaining a fully funded pension plan;
2. minimizing contribution volatility year to year; and
3. realizing surplus assets.

Asset allocation policy targets are determined by recognizing that liabilities (future benefit payments to the participants and beneficiaries of the System) must be paid in full and on time. The mix of asset classes is chosen to provide sufficient growth to meet the long-term return objective of the System, while providing sufficient diversification to moderate the volatility of that return. For example, a portfolio of equities will likely provide the required return over a long time horizon but will subject the market value of the portfolio to unacceptable levels of volatility such that the goals of minimizing contribution volatility and realizing surplus assets would be difficult to achieve. Combining other asset classes with equities will provide differentiated return sources, reduce the volatility of returns and help realize those liability-oriented objectives.

The Board's long-term asset class targets and ranges as of June 30, 2022 are shown below.

ASSET CLASS	LONG-TERM POLICY TARGET	RANGE
Growth/Equity	**50%**	**+/-7%**
U.S Equity	15%	
International Developed Equity	9%	
Emerging Markets Equity	10%	
Private Equity	16%	
Rate Sensitive	**21%**	**+/- 5%**
Long-term Government Bonds	10%	
Securitized/Corporate Bonds	6%	
TIPS	5%	
Credit	**8%**	**+/- 4%**
High Yield Bonds/Bank Loans	7%	
Emerging Market Debt	1%	
Real Assets	**15%**	**+/- 4%**
Real Estate	10%	
Natural Resources/Infrastructure	6%	
Absolute Return	**6%**	**+/- 4%**
Total Assets	**100%**	

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

Investment performance is calculated using time-weighted rates of total return, including the impact of fees and expenses. Total return includes interest and dividends, as well as capital appreciation.

The investment program realized a return of -2.97 percent, net of all fees, for fiscal year 2022. Annualized returns for the 3-, 5-, 10-, 20- and 25-year periods ending June 30, 2022 were 8.4 percent, 7.9 percent, 7.8 percent, 6.8 percent and 6.1 percent, respectively.

	FY 2022 SRPS Performance	FY 2021 Benchmark Performance	SRPS Exposure June 30, 2022
Public Equity	-19.4%		28.5%
Custom Benchmark		-18.1%	
U.S. Equity	-13.3%		10.7%
Russell 3000		-13.9%	
International Equity	-18.0%		6.5%
MSCI World ex U.S.		-16.8%	
Emerging Markets Equity	-25.6%		7.9%
MSCI Emerging Markets		-25.3%	
Global Equity	-24.8%		3.4%
MSCI AC World Index		-15.8%	
Private Equity	24.5%		21.5%
Custom State Street PE		24.0%	
Rate Sensitive	-15.3%		17.6%
Custom Benchmark		-13.7%	
BBG U.S. Gov't Long Index		-18.4%	
BBG Securitized		-9.0%	
BBG Corporate		-14.2%	
BC U.S. TIPS Index		-5.7%	
Credit/Debt Strategies	-4.5%		7.9%
Custom Benchmark		-12.6%	
BBG High Yield		-12.8%	
S&P LSTA Leveraged Loan		-2.8%	
BBG EM Hard Currency Sov		-22.7%	
BBG EM USD Corporate		-19.3%	
Real Assets	25.7%		15.2%
Custom Benchmark		19.9%	
Absolute Return	1.4%		7.6%
Custom Benchmark		3.0%	
Multi-Asset	-19.0%		0.4%
Custom Benchmark		-3.5%	
Cash	0.3%		1.3%
Custom Benchmark		0.2%	
TOTAL FUND	**-3.0%**	**-3.5%**	**100%**

The allocation as of June 30, 2022 reflects the ranges and transitional targets of the System as described in the previous section.

ECONOMIC AND CAPITAL MARKET OVERVIEW

Fiscal 2022 was a challenging year for investment returns, particularly in the second half of the year when central banks globally began to hike interest rates to combat above-target inflation rates. This inflation was fueled by stimulative monetary and fiscal policies implemented in response to the Covid-19 pandemic, as well as supply chain constraints caused by the rapid economic recovery and the war in Ukraine. Inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI), stood at 5.4% at the start of fiscal year 2022, which is significantly higher than the Federal Reserve's target of 2%. The Federal Reserve initially believed that the high inflation rate would be temporary, and moderate as balance between supply and demand was restored. However, inflation proved to be more persistent than the Federal Reserve anticipated, and by the end of calendar year 2021, CPI had increased to 7.0%. To get inflation under control and on a path toward the 2% target, the Federal Reserve began raising the federal funds rate in March of 2022, and again in May and June. By the end of fiscal year 2022, the Federal Reserve had raised rates by 1.5%, with more increases expected as CPI had climbed to 9.1%. Economic growth was negatively impacted by the Federal Reserve's response to the high inflation in the second half of fiscal year 2022. For the first two quarters of calendar year 2022, real gross domestic product posted readings of -1.6% and -0.6%, respectively.

This environment of high inflation, rising interest rates and slowing growth is not conducive for generating attractive returns in traditional stocks and bonds. Historically, bonds have acted as a ballast to a declining stock market and slowing economy, as interest rates typically fall in anticipation of stimulative monetary policy. That was not the case in fiscal year 2022, as central banks were raising interest rates to curb inflation, with the ten-year Treasury yield climbing from roughly 1.5% to 3.0% over the course of the year. As a result, both stocks and bonds generated returns of roughly -15% in fiscal year 2022.

While fiscal year 2022 was challenging for publicly traded stocks and bonds, other alternative asset classes performed quite well. The System's more diversified and balanced asset allocation provides exposure to asset classes like private equity, real estate and hedge funds. These asset classes generated positive returns in fiscal year 2022. Real estate was the System's best performing asset class for the year, producing a return of over 30%. Private equity, which represented approximately 20% of the total portfolio, achieved a return of over 24%, and remains the System's top performing asset class over the last ten years. The absolute return portfolio, which consists of mostly lower risk hedge funds that are largely not dependent on the performance of traditional asset classes, generated a positive return of 1.4%.

PUBLIC EQUITIES

As of June 30, 2022, approximately $18.4 billion was invested in public equities, representing 28.5 percent of total assets. The public equity program consists of four components: U.S. equities, international developed equities, emerging markets equities and global equities.

The Terra Maria program, which seeks to identify promising smaller or developing management firms, is an integral part of the public equities' asset class. As of June 30, 2022, 71 percent of the public market Terra Maria program was invested in equities, with 57 percent in international stocks. Each of the managers in the Terra Maria program has an active management mandate. A more detailed discussion of the Terra Maria program follows below.

A. U.S. Equities

As of June 30, 2022, approximately $6.9 billion, or 10.7 percent of total assets, was invested in U.S. public equities. Passively managed U.S. equities totaled $3.4 billion, while Terra Maria program assets were $306.7 million, representing 5.1 percent, and 0.5 percent of total assets, respectively.

U.S. Equity	$ Millions	% of Total Plan
Passively/Enhanced Managed	**$3,367**	**5.2%**
Actively Managed	**$3,264**	**5.1%**
Terra Maria Program	**$307**	**0.5%**
Total U.S. Equity	**$6,938**	**10.8%**

For fiscal year 2022, U.S. equities returned -13.3 percent, compared to -13.9 percent for its benchmark, the Russell 3000 Index.

B. International Equities

As of June 30, 2022, approximately $4.1 billion, or 6.5% of total assets, was invested in international equities, nearly all of which was managed actively. Terra Maria assets were $1.3 billion, representing 1.9% of total assets. As more fully described below, in 2009 the System instituted a currency overlay program which is designed to protect the value of some foreign equities in a rising dollar environment.

International Equity	$ Millions	% of Total Plan
Passively Managed	**$42**	**0.1%**
Actively Managed	**$2,831**	**4.4%**
Terra Maria Program	**$1,250**	**1.9%**
Currency Overlay	**$63**	**0.1%**
Total International Equity	**$4,831**	**7.1%**

C. Emerging Market Equities

As of June 30, 2022, approximately $5.1 billion, or 7.9% of total assets, was invested in emerging market equities. The portfolio is comprised of actively managed assets, except for a small allocation to a passive mandate representing 0.1% of plan assets.

Emerging Equity	$ Millions	% of Total Plan
Passively Managed	**$56**	**0.1%**
Actively Managed	**$5,028**	**7.8%**
Total Emerging Markets Equity	**$5,084**	**7.9%**

For the fiscal year, the portfolio returned -25.6% compared to -25.3% for the MSCI Emerging Market Index.

D. Global Equities

As of June 30, 2022, approximately $2.2 billion, or 3.4% of total assets was invested in global equities, which includes both U.S. and foreign stocks. This portfolio is comprised of 100% active mandates.

Global Equity	$ Millions	% of Total Plan
Passive Management	**$125**	**0.2%**
Actively Managed	**$2,083**	**3.2%**
Currency Overlay	**$8**	**0.0%**
Total Global Equity	**$2,216**	**3.4%**

For the fiscal year, the portfolio returned -24.8% compared to -15.8% for the MSCI AC World Index.

CURRENCY OVERLAY PROGRAM

The currency overlay program was implemented in May of 2009. An objective of the program is to provide insurance against a strengthening dollar, which could negatively impact returns from foreign currency denominated equities. The manager in this program uses a systematic currency overlay strategy and generally, does not make fundamental currency valuation assessments. The strategy is also dynamic in that the degree to which currency hedging is applied changes depending on currency market conditions. The manager in this program uses low hedge ratios when the dollar is weakening, and high hedge ratios when the dollar is strengthening.

During fiscal year 2022, the currency program generated positive value in the System's foreign equity holdings, as the U.S. dollar strengthened relative to other currencies. The added value of the currency hedging program during the fiscal year was $111.2 million. Since the inception of the currency hedging program, it has served to reduce volatility and improve the risk/return profile of the System's international and global equity portfolios.

PRIVATE EQUITY

As of June 30, 2022, private equity totaled $13.9 billion, or 21.5% of total assets. This asset class includes buyouts, growth equity, venture capital, secondaries and funds-of-funds.

In fiscal year 2022, commitments were made to 34 private equity funds and co-investments, totaling $1.9 billion. Since the inception of the private equity program in fiscal year 2005, $20.6 billion in commitments have been made to 291 different funds and co-investments. Unfunded commitments totaled $6.0 billion as of June 30, 2022. Future commitments will follow a pacing model designed to maintain the target allocation. In fiscal year 2022, the private equity program generated a time-weighted return of 24.5%, compared to 24.0% for its benchmark, the State Street Private Equity Index. This return is net of all fees, expenses and carried interest.

RATE SENSITIVE

As of June 30, 2022, the rate sensitive portfolio represented $11.4 billion, or 17.6% of total assets. The rate sensitive portfolio returned -15.3% for the year, compared to -13.7% for its blended benchmark: 48% Bloomberg US Government Long Bond Index, 14% Bloomberg US Investment Grade Corporate Index, 14% Bloomberg US Securitized MBS/ABS/CMBS Index, and 24% Bloomberg US Government Inflation Linked Index.

CREDIT/DEBT STRATEGIES

The credit/debt strategies portfolio totaled approximately $5.1 billion, representing 7.9% of total plan assets as of June 30, 2022. Investments in this asset class are held in both liquid and illiquid structures. Typical asset types in the portfolio include: high yield bonds, bank loans, emerging market debt, and private debt. The portfolio has a blended benchmark of 87 percent U.S. (80% Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield Index, 20% S&P LSTA Leveraged Loan Index), and 13 percent Non-U.S. (50% Bloomberg EM Hard Currency Sovereign Index, 50% Bloomberg EM USD Corporate Index). The portfolio returned -4.5% for the fiscal year, versus -12.6% for its benchmark.

REAL ASSETS

The real assets portfolio totaled approximately $9.8 billion, representing 15.2% of total assets as of June 30, 2022. The objectives of this asset class are to provide a level of protection against inflation, and to enhance diversification for the total fund. As of June 30, 2022, the largest component of the asset class was real estate, totaling $7.1 billion, or 11.0% of total assets. The remaining assets consisted of investments associated with natural resources and infrastructure totaling $2.7 billion or 4.2% of total assets.

The real assets portfolio returned 25.7% for the fiscal year, compared to 19.9% for its blended benchmark, which consists of approximately 72% real estate with the remainder in natural resources and infrastructure. Real estate achieved a 30.6% return, versus the real estate benchmark return of 28.7%. The natural resources and infrastructure portion of the portfolio achieved a return of 13.7%, outperforming its benchmark by 11.4%, as the private natural resources portfolio exceeded the public market benchmarks.

ABSOLUTE RETURN

The absolute return portfolio totaled approximately $4.9 billion, representing 7.6% of total assets as of June 30, 2022. The portfolio consists of event-driven, global macro, relative value, equity long/short and opportunistic funds. Its goal is to provide diversification for the total plan through its low correlation to the broad financial markets. The absolute return portfolio returned 1.4%, compared to the 3.0% return for its benchmark.

TERRA MARIA PROGRAM

As previously mentioned, the Terra Maria program seeks to identify promising smaller or developing managers. The three public market program managers serve as an extension of staff to source investment managers, perform manager due diligence, monitor managers and prepare manager "hire/fire" and funding recommendations. The managers include Attucks Asset Management, Xponance, Inc., and Leading Edge Investment Advisors.

Terra Maria publicly-traded assets totaled approximately $2.2 billion, or 3.4 percent of total assets at June 30, 2022. The program returned -19.2% for the fiscal year, underperforming its custom benchmark return of -17.2%. The relative performance results have remained positive since the April 2007 inception of the program. The System also invests in emerging managers in other asset classes. In private equity, the System has committed $1.63 billion to developing managers that are minority and women-owned firms.

At the end of fiscal year 2022, $9.9 billion, or 15.4 percent of the System's total assets, were managed by minority and women-owned firms.

INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT FEES

The asset allocation of the System is the primary determinant of returns. The asset allocation is also the primary determinant in the cost of investing the assets. Thirty-two percent of the policy allocation does not have public market benchmarks and therefore does not have a passive option for implementation. These alternative assets such as closed-end limited partnerships used for private equity, infrastructure and some real estate, in addition to open-end partnerships used for real estate and hedge fund strategies are included in the asset allocation with the objective of earning higher returns over time, reducing risk by providing returns that are differentiated from stock and bond returns, or for both reasons.

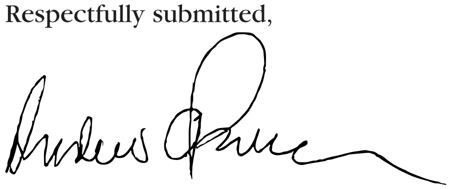
These alternative assets are typically structured as limited partnerships with embedded profit sharing provisions to motivate the manager to make profitable investments, and to ensure alignment of interests. Carried interest represents the portion of the investment profits that is earned by managers, and is only paid if performance thresholds are achieved. The percentage of profits that is allocated to the manager is substantially lower than the amount received by the System. Because of this disproportionate sharing of profits, the amounts realized by the System far exceed any incentive earned by investment managers. Large amounts of carried interest should be considered a positive result, as this would imply much greater gains to the System. In calendar year 2021, the System realized an estimated $2,017.4 million in profits from these private alternative investments, while the investment managers, or general partners, earned roughly $370.3 million in carried interest incentives.

The Board is mindful of the negative effects fees have on net investment performance and is committed to aggressively negotiating fair and reasonable terms to mitigate the drag on performance, while maintaining exposure to investments that exhibit positive risk and return characteristics in a total portfolio context.

CONCLUSION

Fiscal year 2022 was a difficult year for financial markets marked by a breakdown in the traditional relationship between stocks and bonds as both asset classes suffered double-digit losses. In this environment, a simple allocation consisting of 60% stocks and 40% bonds would have produced a negative total return of more than ten percent. While the System's -2.97% return did not meet the long-term target, it helped preserve the value of System assets and reduce the required future performance to maintain and improve the plan's funded ratio. This demonstrates the importance of a diversified and balanced asset allocation that provides exposure to several different asset classes whose investment performance is linked to many different economic variables. The Board of Trustees recognizes the importance of risk management and has adopted an asset allocation that is designed to meet the long-term objectives of the fund while providing meaning protection against significant drawdowns in asset valuation.

Respectfully submitted,



Andrew C. Palmer CFA
Chief Investment Officer

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MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO SUMMARY
as of June 30, 2022 and 2021
(Expressed in Thousands)

		2022		2021	
		Fair Value	**% of Fair Value**	**Fair Value**	**% of Fair Value**
	Rate Sensitive				
	Fixed Income	$ 8,447,837	13.1 %	$ 8,548,084	12.5 %
	Inflation linked bonds	2,806,918	4.3	2,668,760	3.9
(1)	Cash (non-manager)	912,044	1.4	943,009	1.4
(2)	Net cash & cash equivalents (manager)	117,907	0.2	-391,671	-0.6
	Total Rate Sensitive	**12,284,706**	**19.0**	**11,768,184**	**17.2**
	Credit				
	Hight Yield Bond/Bank Loans	4,478,208	6.9	4,847,074	7.1
	Emerging markets debt	483,843	0.7	1,283,865	1.9
(2)	Net cash & cash equivalents (manager)	117,983	0.2	103,716	0.2
	Total Credit	**5,080,034**	**7.8**	**6,234,655**	**9.2**
	Equity				
	Domestic stocks	6,633,901	10.3	8,086,572	11.9
	Emerging markets stocks	4,984,522	7.7	6,571,094	9.7
	Global stocks	2,161,314	3.3	4,090,622	6.0
	International stocks	4,032,252	6.2	4,634,062	6.8
(2)	Net cash & cash equivalents (manager)	613,772	0.9	772,365	1.1
	Total Public Equity	**18,425,761**	**28.4**	**24,154,715**	**35.5**
	Private Equity	**13,881,133**	**21.5**	**11,576,672**	**17.1**
	Total Equity	**32,306,894**	**49.9**	**35,731,387**	**52.6**
	Absolute Return	**4,576,572**	**7.2**	**5,776,537**	**8.6**
	Real Estate	**7,126,622**	**11.1**	**5,023,113**	**7.4**
	Multi Asset	**239,978**	**0.4**	**623,282**	**0.9**
	Natural Resources & Infrastructure	**2,677,902**	**4.1**	**2,552,874**	**3.8**
(2)	**Net cash & cash equivalents (manager)**	**341,366**	**0.5**	**172,533**	**0.3**
	Total Portfolio	**$ 64,634,074**	**100.0 %**	**$ 67,882,565**	**100.0 %**

(1) Securities lending collateral payable has been netted against the actual collateral. The amounts net to zero.
(2) Includes investment receivables and payables.

Note: This schedule includes assets invested on behalf of the Maryland Transit Administration.

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIOS BY MANAGER
as of June 30, 2022
(Expressed in Thousands)

	Fair Value	Investment Advisory Fees
Public Equity		
RhumbLine Advisors	$ 1,037,576	$ 838
D E Shaw & Co., LP	1,288,766	3,359
AQR Capital Management, LLC	549,786	2,541
Baillie Gifford & Company	1,309,048	9,152
Dimensional Fund Advisors, Inc.	735,530	1,933
Durable Capital Partners	570,112	19,837
T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.	1,488,545	5,780
Axiom International Investors	808,412	7,730
Artisan Partners Limited Partnership	486,744	2,770
RWC Partners Emerging Markets	322,552	2,968
Polunin Capital Management	436,263	4,830
TT International	566,102	4,915
Westwood Global Investment	745,346	5,208
Brown Capital Management	436,582	3,341
Xponance(1)	289,551	2,276
Attucks Asset Management, LLC (1)	844,683	5,605
Leading Edge Invest. Advisors, LLC (1)	422,592	2,661
Equity Long Short (1)	2,425,757	89,244
State Street Global Advisors	31,384	51
Record Currency Management	71,308	4,301
Other (2)	11,070	(167)
Internally Managed Assets (6)	3,548,052	0
Total Public Equity	**$ 18,425,761**	**$ 179,173**

	Fair Value	Investment Advisory Fees
Fixed Income Manager		
State Street Global Advisors	$ 277	$ 362
Pacific Investment Management Company	1,937,332	5,153
Western Asset Management	1,721,638	3,382
Pine Bridge Investments LLC	728,462	1,211
Attucks Asset Management, LLC (1)	631,900	1,656
MetLife Investment Management	515,032	1,540
Credit Suisse Asset Management	849,292	1,921
Double Line US Securitized	440,944	741
Dodge & Cox	330,891	650
Cash & Cash Equitization	912,044	N/A
Other (2)	32	40
Internally Managed Assets (6)	6,711,492	0
Total Fixed Income	**$ 14,779,336**	**$ 16,656**
Alternative Investment		
Private Equity (1)	$ 13,881,133	$ 134,804
Credit/Debt Related/Rate Sensitive (1)	2,585,404	31,636
Multi-Asset (3)	245,580	1,281
Absolute Return (1)	4,896,877	131,310
Real Assets		
Harvest Fund Advisors	405,818	2,439
Tortoise Capital Advisors	104,721	629
Rhumbline Advisors	1,196,552	722
Natural Resources & Infrastructure (1)	985,456	11,367
Private Real Estate (1)	7,126,701	54,045
Other (2)	0	4,949
Internally Managed Assets (6)	735	0
Total Alternative Investments	**$ 31,428,977**	**$ 373,182**
Total	**$ 64,634,074** *(4)*	**$ 569.011** *(5)*

(1) Sub-managers separately listed on the following pages
(2) Consulting fees and/or investment managers no longer under contract as of 6/30/22
(3) Assets that represent the overall allocation
(4) Includes assets invested on behalf of the Maryland Transit Administration.
(5) Includes management fees allocated to the Maryland Transit Administration.
(6) Funds separately listed on the following pages

Note: Investment Advisory Fees represents management fees invoiced or reported on capital statements.

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS RELATIONSHIP LISTING

as of June 30, 2022

Private Equity

1315 Capital,LP
1315 Capital II,LP
89BIO INC
Advent Central & Eastern Europe IV,LP
Advent International GPE V-D,LP
Advent International GPE VI-A,LP
Advent International GPE VIIIB,LP
Advent International GPE IX,LP
Apax Europe VI-A,LP
Apax Europe VII-A,LP
Apax IX
AP IX Connect Co-Invest Holdings, L.P. (Brightspeed)
Apollo Investment Fund VII Eruro Holdings, LP
Apollo Investment Fund VIII (AIF),LP
Apollo Investment Fund IX, LP
Arcadia II Beteiligungen BTGmbH&Co
Arcutis Biotherapeutics, INC
Astorg VII
Audax Private Equity Fund II,LP
Audax Private Equity Fund III,LP
Audax Private Equity Fund IV,LP
Audax Private Equity Fund V,LP
Audax Private Equity Fund VI,LP
Bain Capital Asia Fund III
Bain Capital Asia Fund IV
Bain Capital Europe Fund IV,LP
Bain Capital Europe Fund V,LP
Bain Capital Fund X,LP
Bain Capital Fund XI,LP
Bain Capital Fund XII,LP
Bain Capital Fund XIII,LP
Bain Capital Life Sciences Fund, LP
Bain Capital LifeSciences Fund II,LP
BCPE Osprey Investor, LP
Baring Asia Private Equity Fund VI,LP
Baring Asia Private Equity Fund VII,LP
Black River Capital Partners Fund (Agr.A), LP
Blackstone Capital Partners VI,LP
Blackstone Capital Partners VII,LP
Blue Wolf Capital Fund III,LP
Blue Wolf Capital Fund IV,LP
Bridgepoint Europe Fund V,LP
Bridgepoint Europe Fund VI,LP
Brinson Partnership 2000 Primary Fund
Brinson Partnership 2001 Primary Fund
Brinson Partnership 2002 Primary Fund
Brinson Partnership 2002 Secondary Fund
Brinson Partnership 2003 Primary Fund
CDH Fund V,LP
ChrysCapital VIII, LLC
Clayton, Dubilier&Rice Fund VIII,LP
Clayton, Dubilier&Rice Fund IX,LP
Clayton, Dubilier&Rice Fund X,LP
Clayton, Dubilier&Rice Fund XI,LP
Clearlake Capital Partners III,LP
Clearlake Capital Partners IV,LP
Clearlake Capital Partners V,LP
Clearlake Capital Partners VI, LP
Clearlake Capital Partners VII, LP
Coller Capital Partners VI,LP
Coller Capital Partners VII,LP
Coller Capital Partners VIII, LP
Crescent Capital Partners IV,LP
Crescent Capital Partners V,LP
Crowdstrike Holdings Inc. A
CVC Capital Partners VII, LP
CVC Capital Partners VIII, LP
CVC European Equity Partners V-B,LP
Datadog Inc. Class-A
Dover Street VII,LP
Eargo Inc
Equistone Partners Europe Fund IV,LP
Equistone Partners Europe Fund V,LP
Equistone Partners Europe Fund VI,LP
Everstone Capital Partners II,LLC
Everstone Capital Partners III,LLC
Exact Sciences Corp
FP Co Invest Audax
Frazier GB IX Proj Thrm Coinvestment
Frazier Healthcare Growth Buyout Fund VIII,LP
Frazier Healthcare Growth Buyout Fund IX,LP
Frazier Healthcare Growth Buyout Fund X,LP
Frazier Healthcare V,LP
Frazier Healthcare VI,LP
Frazier Healthcare VII,LP
Frazier LifeSciences VIII,LP
Frazier LifeSciences IX,LP
Frazier LifeSciences X,LP
Frazier Life Sciences XI, LP
Frontier Fund III,LP
Frontier Fund IV,LP
Frontier Fund V,LP
GGV Capital VII,LP
GGV Capital VII Plus,LP
GGV Capital VIII,LP
GGV Capital VIII Plus,LP
GGV Discovery II,LP
GGV Discovery III,LP
Goldman Sachs Vintage Fund V,LP
Great Hill Equity Partners IV,LP
Great Hill Equity Partners V,LP
Great Hill Equity Partners VI,LP
Great Hill Equity Partners VII,LP
Great Hill Project Compass
Green Equity Investors VII
Green Equity Investors VIII
Gritstone Bio Inc
Harbour Vest Partners VI-Partnership Fund,LP
Hellman&Friedman Capital Partners VI,LLC
Hellman&Friedman Capital Partners VII,LLC
Hellman&Friedman Capital Partners VIII,LLC
Hellman&Friedman Capital Partners IX,LLC
Hellman&Friedman Capital Partners X,LLC
Hg Co-Investment Fund
Hg Genesis 9
HgCapital 5,LP
HgCapital 6A,LP
HgCapital 7C,LP
HgCapital 8A,LP
HgCapital Mercury A,LP
Indigo Coinvestment MBK
Institutional Venture Partners XV
Institutional Venture Partners XVI
Institutional Venture Partners XVII
Institutional Venture Partners XVII Co-Investments
Jade Equity Investors
Jade Project Sun Co-Invest
Landmark Equity Partners Co-Investment Fund XVI,LP
Landmark Equity Partners XIV, LP
Landmark Equity Partners XV,LP
Landmark Equity Partners XVI,LP
Lexington Capital Partners,VII
Lexington Co-Investment Partners IV
Lexington Co-Investment Partners V
Lexington Co-Investment Partners V-Overage
Lexington Middle Market Investors III,LP
Lexington Middle Market Investors IV,LP
Lightspeed Opportunity Fund,LP
Lightspeed Opportunity Fund II
Lightspeed Vent Partners Select V
Lightspeed Vent Partners XIV A, LP
Lightspeed Vent Partners XIV B, LP
Littlejohn Fund III,LP
Littlejohn Fund IV,LP
Littlejohn Fund V,LP
Littlejohn Fund VI,LP
LLR Equity Partners IV,LP
LLR Equity Partners V,LP
LLR Equity Partners VI,LP
Longitude Venture Partners II LP
Longitude Venture Partners III LP
Longitude Venture Partners IV, LP
Madison Dearborn Capital Partners V,LP
Madison Dearborn Capital Partners VI,LP
Madison Dearborn Capital Partners VII,LP
Madison Dearborn Capital Partners VIII,LP
Maryland Innovation Opportunity Fund I
MBK Partners Fund III,LP
MBK Partners Fund IV,LP
MBK Partners Fund V,LP
MD Asia Investors,LP
MDAsia Investors II,LP
MD Asia Investors III,LP
MD Asia Investors IV,LP
Molecular Templates Inc
Navis Asia Fund VI,LP
New Mainstream Capital Fund II,LP
New Mainstream Capital Fund III,LP
New Mountain Partners III,LP
New Mountain Partners IV,LP
New Mountain Partners V,LP
New Mountain Partners VI,LP
North Sky CleanTech Fund IV,LP
Orchid Asia V,LP
Orchid Asia VI,LP
Orchid Asia VII,LP
Orchid Asia VIII, LP
Pacific Equity Partners V,LP
Pacific Equity Partners VI,LP
PAG Asia Capital II,LP
PAG Asia Capital III,LP
Partners Group Emerging 2011,LP
Partners Group Secondary 2008, LP
Partners Group Secondary 2011,LP
Partners Group Secondary 2015,LP
Phathom Pharmaceuticals, Inc
Point 406 Ventures 2016 Opportunities Fund
Point 406 Ventures II,LP
Point 406 Ventures III,LP
Point 406 Ventures IV,LP
Point 406 Ventures Opportunities Fund II
Roark Capital Partners IV,LP
Roark Capital Partners V,LP
Sierra Oncology, Inc
Silver Lake Partners V,LP
Silver Lake Partners VI,LP
Spark Capital Growth Fund IV, LP
Spark Capital VII, LP
Sumo Logic, Inc
TA Associates XI,LP
TA Associates XII,LP
TA Associates XIII,LP
TA Associates XIV
TDR Capital III,LP
TDR Capital IV,LP
Thoma Bravo Fund XII,LP
Thoma Bravo Fund XIII,LP
Thoma Bravo Fund XIV,LP
Thoma Bravo Project Alpine Co-Invest
Tiger Iron Old Line Fund,LP
Tiger Iron Old Line Fund II,LP
Tiger Iron Old Line Fund III
TPG Partners VI,LP
TPG Partners VII,LP
Uipath Inc, Class A
Vaxcyte, Inc
Vista Equity Partners Fund IV,LP
Vista Equity Partners Fund V,LP
Vista Equity Partners Fund VI,LP
Vista Equity Partners Fund VII,LP
Vista Foundation Fund II,LP
Vista Foundation Fund III,LP
Vista Foundation Fund IV,LP
Vista Foundation Project Avalanche Co-Invest
Vista Project Dynamo Co-Invest
Vistria Fund I,LP
Vistria Fund II,LP
Vistria Fund III,LP
Vistria Fund IV
Wind Point Partners CTSI Co-Invest
Wind Point Partners VII,LP
Wind Point Partners VIII,LP
Wind Point Partners IX

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS RELATIONSHIP LISTING
as of June 30, 2022
(continued)

Private Real Estate

Abacus Multi Family Partners V
AEW Partners Fund IX
AEW Pix MM Co-Invest
AEW Senior Housing Fund II,LP
AEW Senior Housing Fund IV,LP
ARES Industrial Real Estate Fund
Asana Partners Fund III
Carmel Partners Investment Fund VII
Carmel Partners Investment VIII
CBRE Strategic Partners EURO Fund III
CBRE Strategic Partners US Value7,LP
CBRE US Core Partners
Clarion Lion Property Fund
Federal Capita lPartners Fund III
Federal Capital Partners Fund II
FPA Core Plus Fund V
Frogmore Real Estate Partners II,LP
GI Partners Fund IV,LP
Heitman America Real Estate Trust
Heitman Value Partners V
HVP V SR Co-Investment, LP
JER Europe Fund III
JP Morgan Strategic Property
JP Morgan Sunbelt Resd Devt Fund
Lasalle Property Fund
Lion Industrial Trust
Lone Star Real Estate Fund II,LP
Lone Star Real Estate Fund III,LP
Lone Star Real Estate Fund IV,LP
Lone Star Real Estate Fund V,LP
Lone Star Real Estate Fund VI,LP
Lubert Adler Real Estate Fund VI
Lubert Adler Real Estate Fund VI-A
Morgan Stanley Global Reits
Morgan Stanley Inv. mgmt. Reit's
Morgan Stanley Prime Property Fund,LLC
North Haven Re Fund X Global
Realty Associates Fund X
Rockwood Capital RE Partners Fund IX,LP
Scout Fund II, LP
SSGA Global Liquid Re Securities
Starwood Hospitality Fund II,LP
Tristan Capital-European Special Opps3
Tristan Capital-European Special Opps4
Tristan Capital-European Special Opps5
Truamerica Workforce Housing
UBS Trumbull Property Fund
Waterton Residential Property Venture XIII
Waterton Residential Property Venture XIV

Real Return

Alinda Infrastructure Fund II, LP
Domain Timber Investments
EIF US Power Fund IV, LP
Energy and Minerals Group V, LP
Energy and Minerals Group V-Accordion, LP
First Reserve Fund XII, LP
First Reserve Fund XIII, LP
Global Timber Investors 9
Hancock Timberland X, LP
Harvest Fund Advisors, LLC
ISQ Global Infra Fund III, LP
MD Global Infrastructure
Natural Gas Partners IX, LP
Natural Gas Partners X, LP
Natural Gas Partners XI, LP
NGP Natural Resources XII
NGP Midstream & Resources, LP
Quantum Energy Partners V, LP
Quantum Energy Partners VI, LP
Quantum Energy Partners VII, LP
Rhumbline DJ Global Infastructure
Rhumbline Global Natural Resources
RMS Forest Growth III,LP
Tortoise Capital Advisors, LLC
White Deer Energy, LP

Absolute Return

1977 Merger Arbitrage Fund
Aristeia Partners, LP
Aristeia Select Opportunities I
Aristeia Select Opportunities II
Avidity Capital Fund, LP
BFAM Asian Opportunities Fund
Brevan Howard FG Macro Fund, LP
Bridgewater All Weather
Bridgewater Pure Alpha
Clover Parallel, LLC
Contrarian Emma 2
Empyrean Capital Fund
Exodus Point
HSCM Bermuda Fund Ltd
Hudson Bay Fund
ILS Property Casualty Fund II
King Street Capital
King Street Drawdown
King Street Overflow
Kirkoswald Global Macro Fund
Lone Star Fund XI
Nephila Palmetto Fund
Nimbus Weather Fund LTD
Petershill IV
Petershill Private Equity
Pharo Gaia Fund, LTD.
PHM IV Co Investment, LLC
SGM Co-Investment Fund LP
Silver Lake Alpine II, LP
Standard General II
TORQ Capital
Tudar Maniyar
Voloridge
Yiheng Capital Parnters, LP

FIXED INCOME RELATIONSHIP LISTING
as of June 30, 2022

Credit/Debt Related

AG Potomac Fund
Alchemy Special Opps. Fund II,LP
Alchemy Special Opps. Fund III,LP
Apollo Credit Opps Fund III,LP
Berkshire Multifamily Debt III
CarVal Credit Value Fund A III,LP
CarVal Credit Value Fund A IV,LP
CarVal Credit Value Fund A V,LP
CarVal Credit Value Fund A,LP
Carval Credit Value II
Castle Lake III,LP
Castle Lake IV,LP
Castle Lake V,LP
Castlelake Aviation IV Stable Yield , LP
Castlelake Aviation IV Stable Yield Opps. LP
CB HS Aggregrator II
Charlesbank Credit Dislocation Overage Fund
Crescent Capital Mezzanine Partners VI, LP
CVI Chesapeake Credit Opps A Fund, LP
CVI Chesapeake Credit Opps B Fund, LP
EIG Energy Fund XV,LP
EIG Energy Fund XVI,LP
Falcon Strategic Partners III,LP
Falcon Strategic Partners IV,LP
FP Credit Partners II
GSO Credit Alpha Fund II
HCR Potomac Fund
Healthcare Royalty Partners IV
Highbridge Convertible Dislocation Fund
KKR Mezzanine Partners I,LP
LCM Partners COPS 4
Merit Mezzanine Fund V,LP
Oaktree European Principal Fund III,LP
Oaktree Opportunity Fund VIII,LP
Oaktree Opportunity Fund VIIIB,LP
Oaktree Principal Fund V
Orion Minerals Royalty Fund I
Park Square Capital Partners II,LP
Partners Group European Mezzanine 2008,LP
Peninsula Fund V,LP
Perella Weinberg Partners
Prudential Capital Partners III,LP
Prudential Capital Partners IV,LP
Shamrock Capital Content Fund II, LP
Shamrock CCF II Coinvestment I
Shoreline China Value Fund III,LP
TA Subordinated Debt Fund III,LP
Taurus Mining Finance II
Varde Fund X,LP
Wayzata Opportunities Fund III,LP
Whitehorse Liquidity Partners III, LP
Whitehorse Liquidity Partners IV, LP
Whitehorse Liquidity Partners V
Whitehorse Liquidity V Co-Invst
WHLP Loch Raven Fund

Rate Sensitive

Garda Firvo
Voya MSR Opportunities Fund I

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

TERRA MARIA PROGRAM
as of June 30, 2022

Terra Maria Program

Attucks Asset Management
Arga Investment Management,LP
Birch Run Investments
Garcia Hamilton and Associates
Globeflex Capital,LP
Lebenthal Lisanti Capital Management, LLC
LM Capital Group, LLC
Longfellow Investment Management
Metis Global Partners
New Century Advisors
Pacific Ridge Capital Partners
Paradigm Asset Management Company,LLC
Phocas Financial Corp
Profit Investment Management
Pugh Capital Management
Ramirez Asset Management
Redwood Investments,LLC
Semper Capital Management
Sky Harbor Capital Management
Summit Creek Advisors

Xponance
Algert Global, LLC
Arga Investment Management, LP
Denali International Small Value
EAM Investors
Lizard Partners, LLC

Leading Edge Investment Advisors
Ativo Capital Management
Blackcrane Capital LLC
Frontier Global Partners
Henry James International
Redwood Investments, LLC
Strategic Global Advisors

Bold denotes Program Manager for the Terra Maria Program

EQUITY RELATIONSHIP LISTING
as of June 30, 2022

Public Equity

Axiom International Investors
Baillie Gifford
DFA Emerging Mkts
Durable Capital Onshore Fund, LP
Durable Capital Opportunities Fund, LP
Marshall Wace Americas Tops (Long-Only)
Marshall Wace TOPS China (Long/Short)
Marshall Wace TOPS Emerging Markets (Long/Short)
Polunin Capital Management
Redwheel Emerging Markets Equity Fund LP
SSGA Emerging Market Index Fund
T. Rowe US Structured

Equity Hedge

Marshall Wace Eureka Fund

INTERNALLY MANAGED ACCOUNTS
as of June 30, 2022

Commodity Structural
Emerging Markets Structural Overlay/ Tactical
Global Equity Tactical
Inflation Sensitive FI Structural
International Equity Structural/ Tactical
MD IG Corporate Bonds
MD Long Government Bonds
MD Securitized Bonds
MD US Large Cap Equity
MD US Small Cap Equity
Nominal Fixed Income Structural/ Tactical
MD TIPs
US Equity Structural/ Tactical

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

EQUITY COMMISSIONS TO BROKERS
for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022
(Expressed in Thousands)

Brokers (1)	Total Total Shares	Total Total Commission	Average Commision Per Share
Instinet	225,856	$ 674	$ 0.30
J P Morgan Securities	157,900	612	0.39
CLSA	22,923	424	1.85
Goldman Sachs	68,269	412	0.60
Citigroup Global Markets	28,645	312	1.09
BOFA Securities	36,675	305	0.83
Credit Suisse Securities	82,589	261	0.32
Merrill Lynch	56,939	244	0.43
Morgan Stanley	62,860	237	0.38
Jefferies & Company	30,179	204	0.68
UBS Securities	71,787	193	0.27
Citibank	40,099	153	0.38
HSBC Securities	43,654	150	0.34
B.Riley&Co	4,548	136	2.99
Pershing	23,858	124	0.52
Loop Capital Markets	4,130	112	2.71
CIBC	10,356	100	0.97
Other Broker Fees	414,197	1,887	0.46
Total broker commissions	**1,385,464**	**$6,540**	**$ 0.47**

(1) Proceeds from the sale and disbursements for the purchase of securities are reported net of brokers' commissions. As such, brokers' commissions are not included as investment expenses on the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets. Other broker fees include 130 brokers each receiving less than $100,000 in total commissions.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, total broker commissions averaged .47 cents per share.

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

LARGEST STOCK & BOND HOLDINGS AT MARKET

as of June 30, 2022

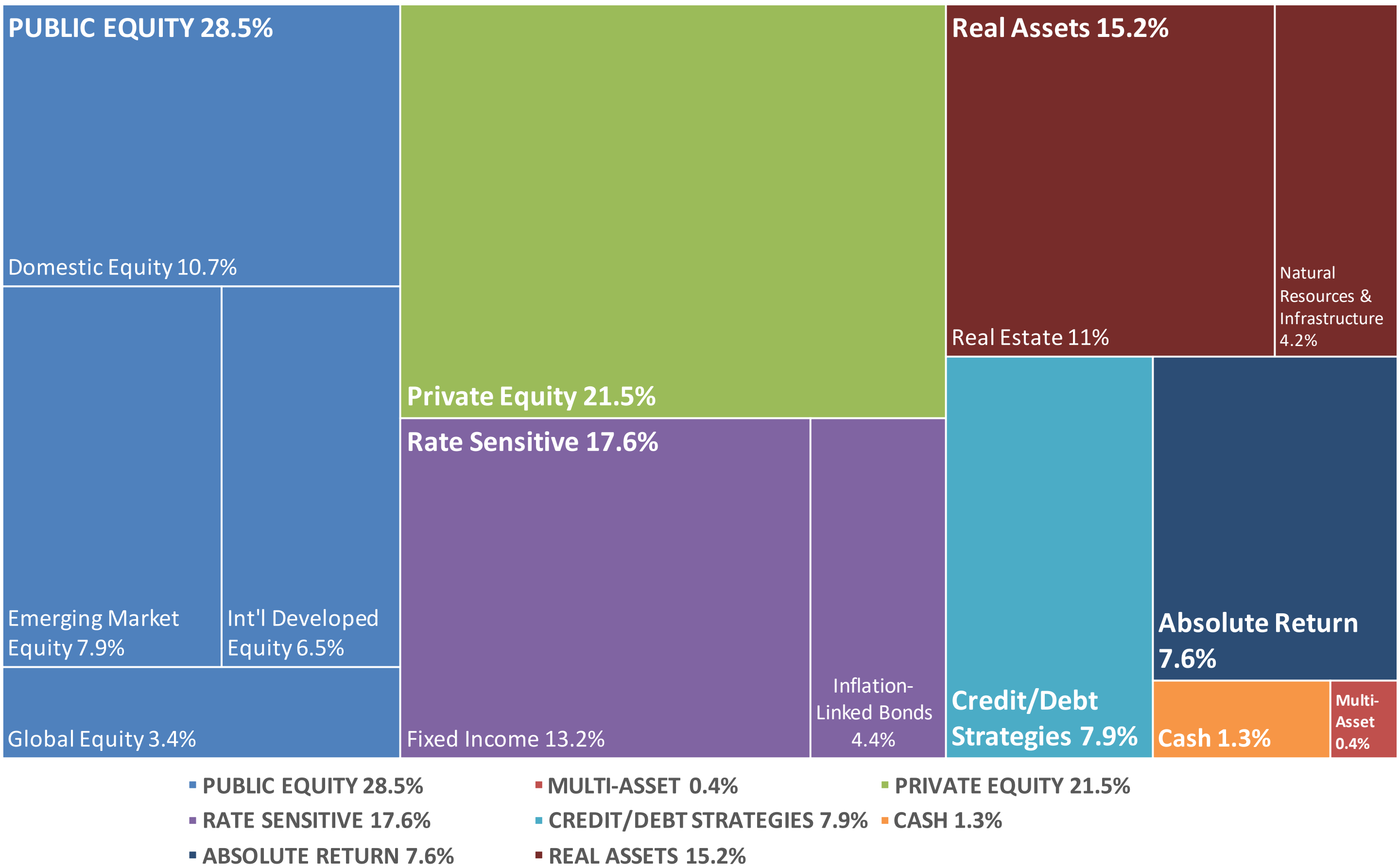
EQUITY INCOME SECURITIES:	Shares	Fair Market Value
Apple Inc.	1,770,987	$242,129,343
Microsoft Corporation	849,728	218,235,642
Amazon.com Inc.	1,326,004	140,834,885
American Tower Corp.	416,201	106,376,814
Energy Transfer LP	10,223,621	102,031,738
Tesla Inc.	150,343	101,243,983
Cheniere Energy Inc.	689,867	91,773,007
Enbridge Inc.	2,040,852	86,003,888
Enterprise Products Partners	3,482,562	84,870,036
Alphabet Inc. Class A	38,005	82,822,776
Alphabet Inc. Class C	36,027	78,807,261
Mplx LP	2,431,727	70,884,842
Crown Castle Inc.	398,423	67,086,465
Targa Resources Corp.	1,118,574	66,745,311
National Grid Plc	4,756,072	60,763,643

FIXED INCOME SECURITIES:	Par Value	Fair Market Value
United States Treasury Inflation Linked, 0.125% 15 Jan 2032	$321,170,080	$304,854,640
United States Treasury Inflation Linked, 1.75% 15 Jan 2028	282,850,800	300,234,810
United States Treasury Inflation Linked,0.625% 15 Jan 2024	251,480,460	255,783,291
United States Treasury Inflation Linked, 3.625% 15 Apr 2028	194,800,440	227,521,070
United States Treasury Bonds, 2.875% 15 May 2043	212,400,000	193,683,312
United States Treasury Inflation Linked, 3.875% 15 Apr 2029	152,973,840	184,689,906
United States Treasury Bonds, 3% 15 Nov 2044	196,000,000	181,629,280
United States Treasury Inflation Linked, 2.375% 15 Jan 2025	167,148,553	177,115,621
United States Treasury Inflation Linked, 0.75% 15 Feb 2045	197,076,731	176,436,885
United States Treasury Inflation Linked, 0.25% 15 Jan 2025	148,888,800	149,791,066
United States Treasury Bonds, 2.5% 15 Feb 2045	172,200,000	146,047,986
United States Treasury Bonds, 3.75% 15 Nov 2043	127,585,000	133,461,565
United States Treasury Inflation Linked, 0.625% 15 Jan 2026	130,743,196	132,207,520
United States Treasury Bonds, 1.625% 15 Nov 2050	163,330,000	114,873,256
United States Treasury Inflation Linked, 3.375% 15 Apr 2032	89,566,400	111,881,869

A complete list of portfolio holdings is available upon request.

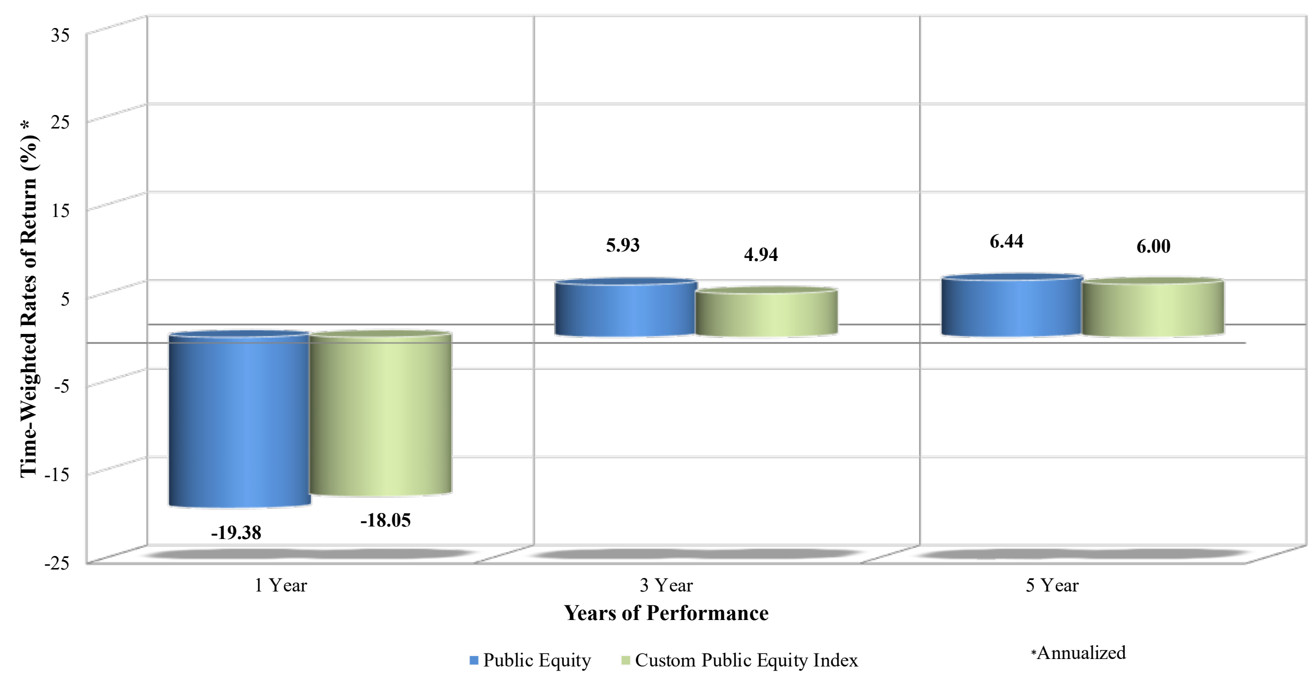
MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION
as of June 30, 2022

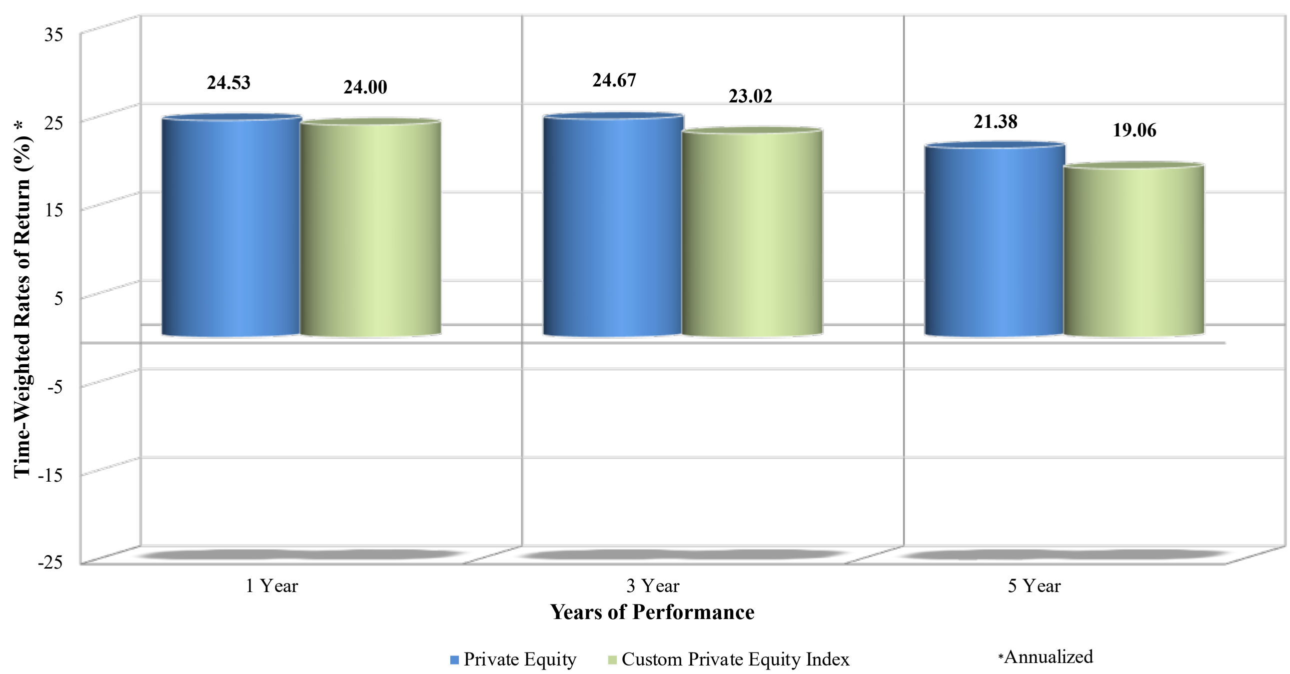


MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM
COMPARATIVE INVESTMENT RETURNS ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

PUBLIC EQUITY

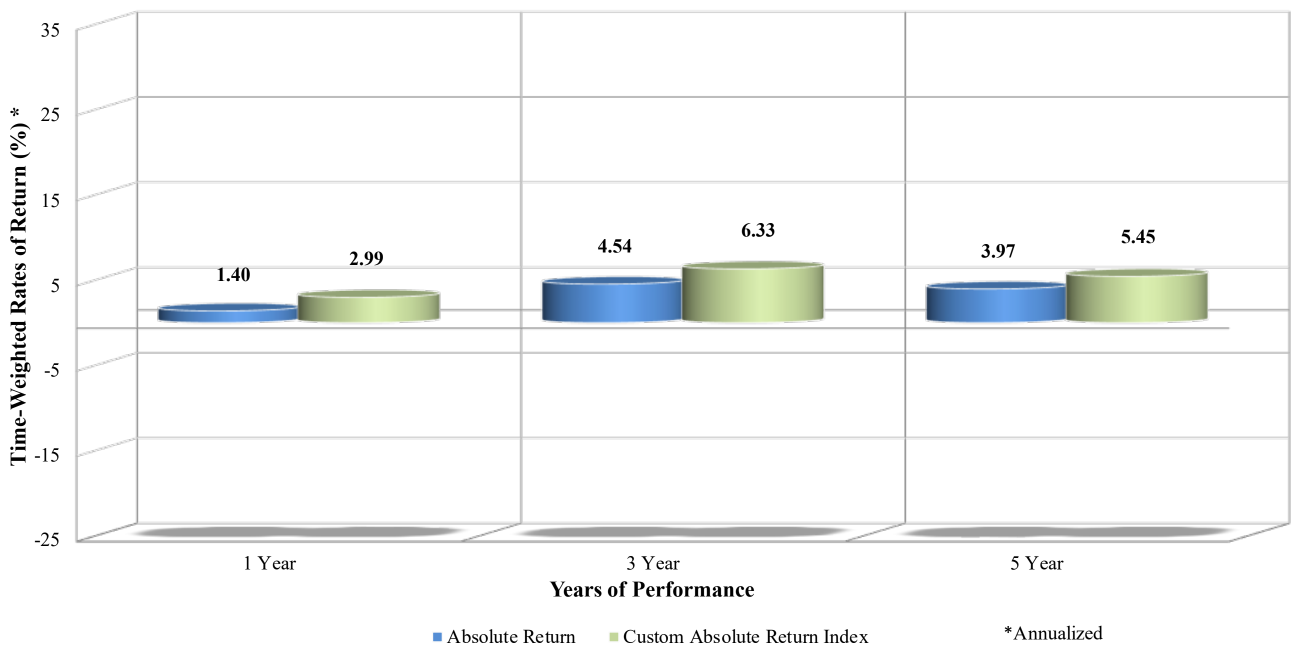


PRIVATE EQUITY

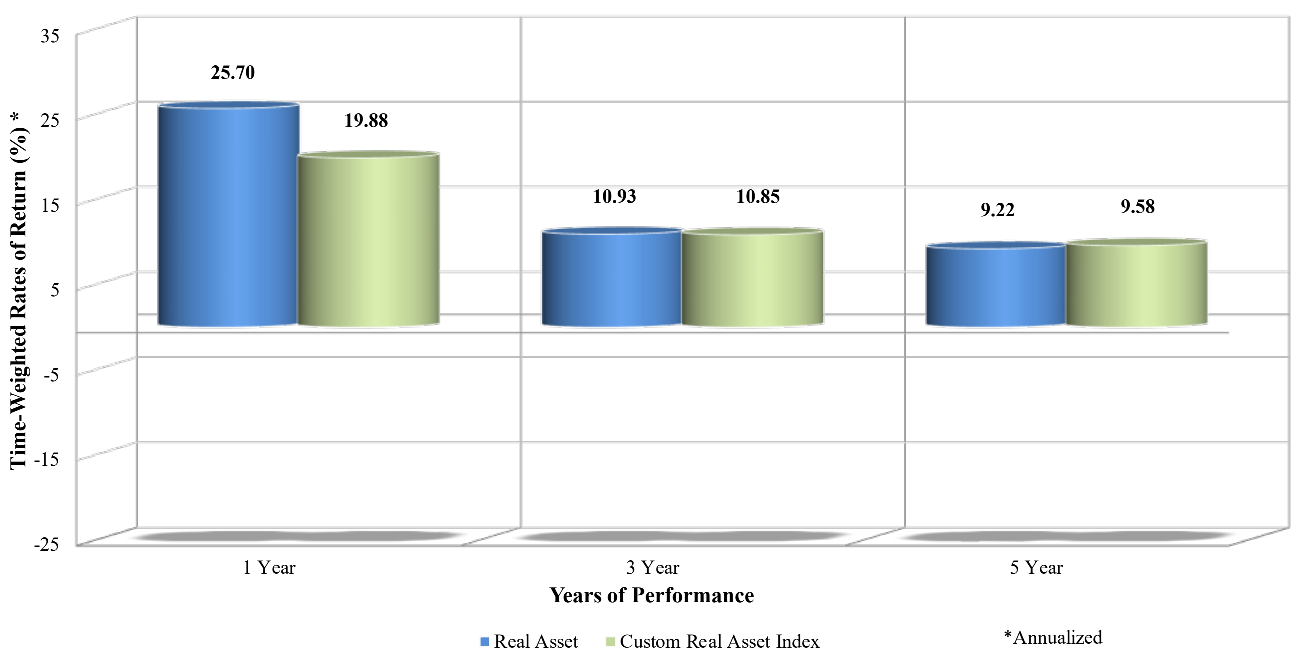


MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM
COMPARATIVE INVESTMENT RETURNS ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

ABSOLUTE RETURN

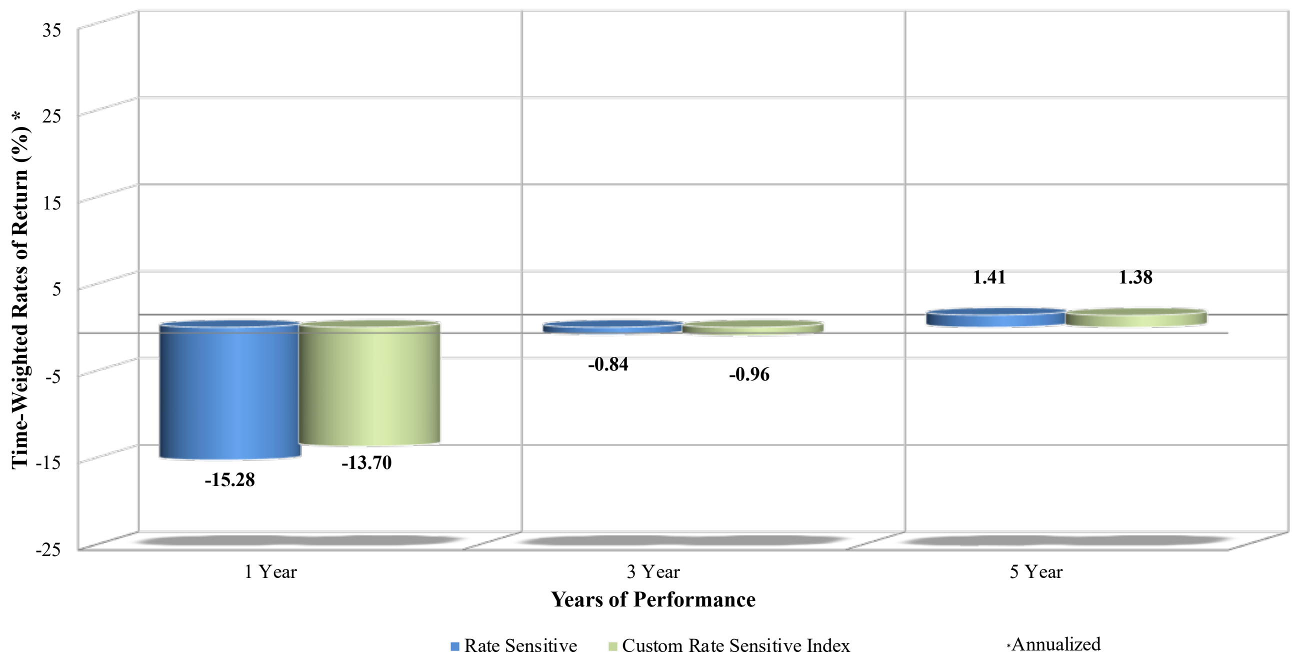


REAL ASSET

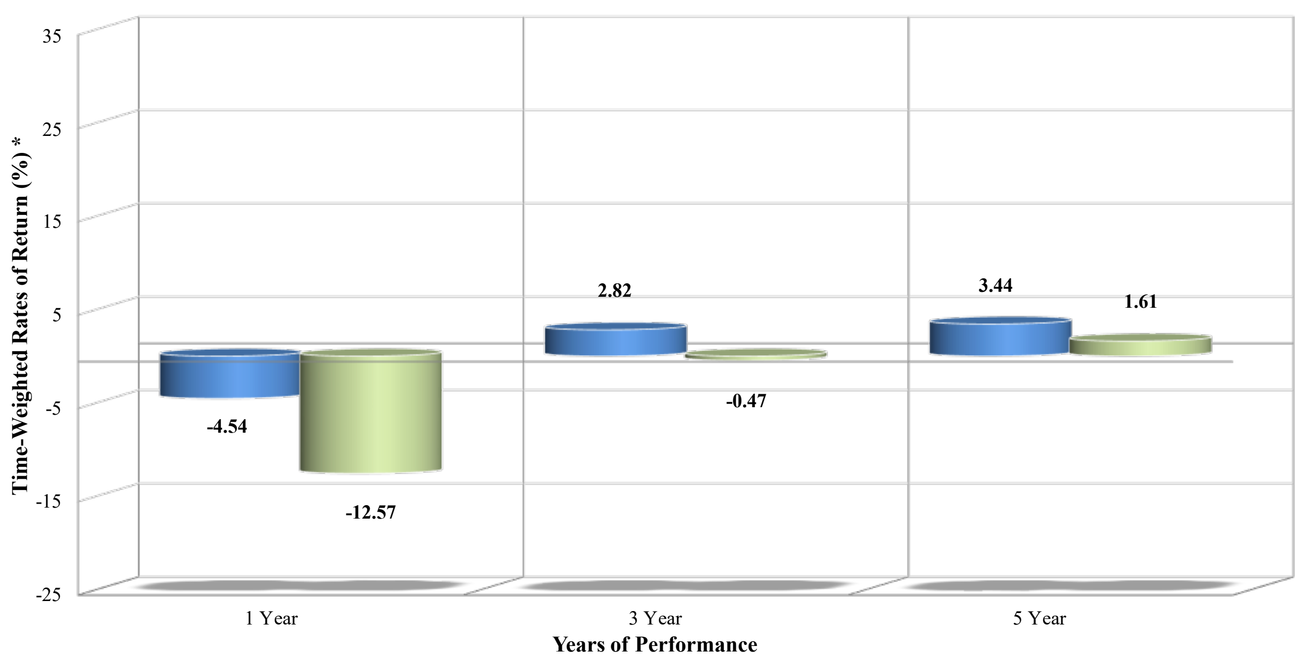


MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM
COMPARATIVE INVESTMENT RETURNS ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

RATE SENSITIVE

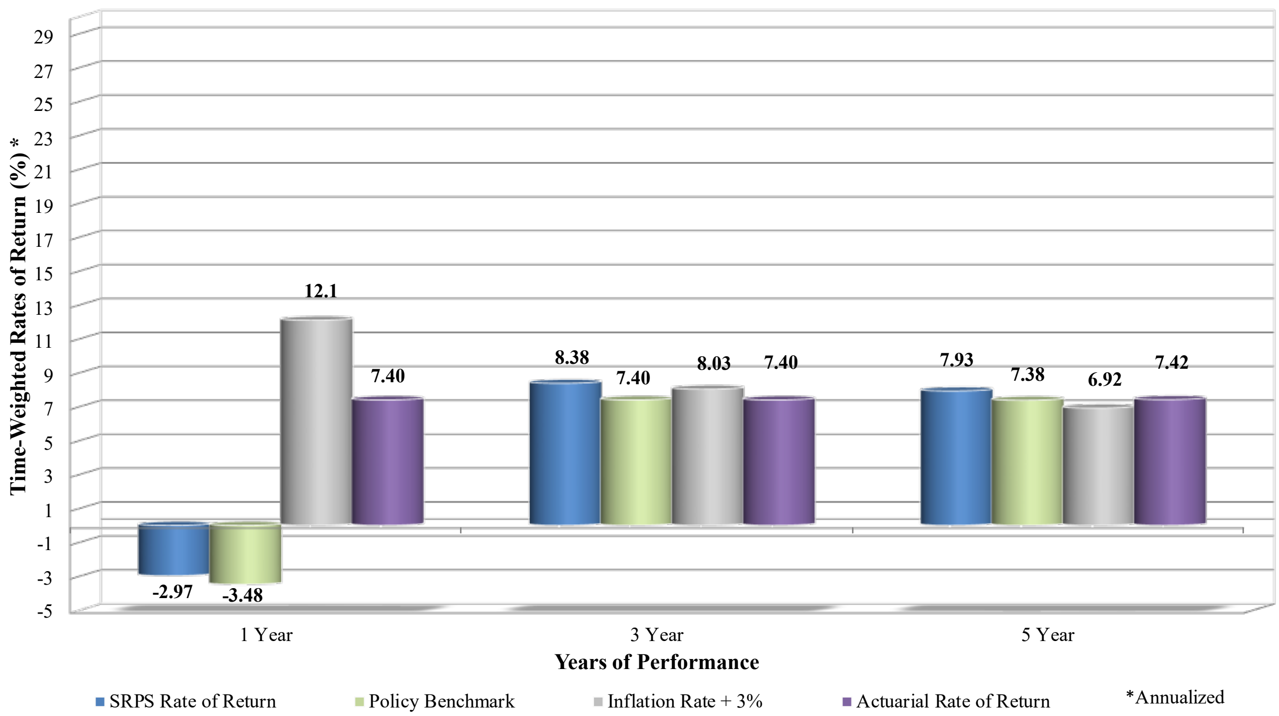


CREDIT / DEBT

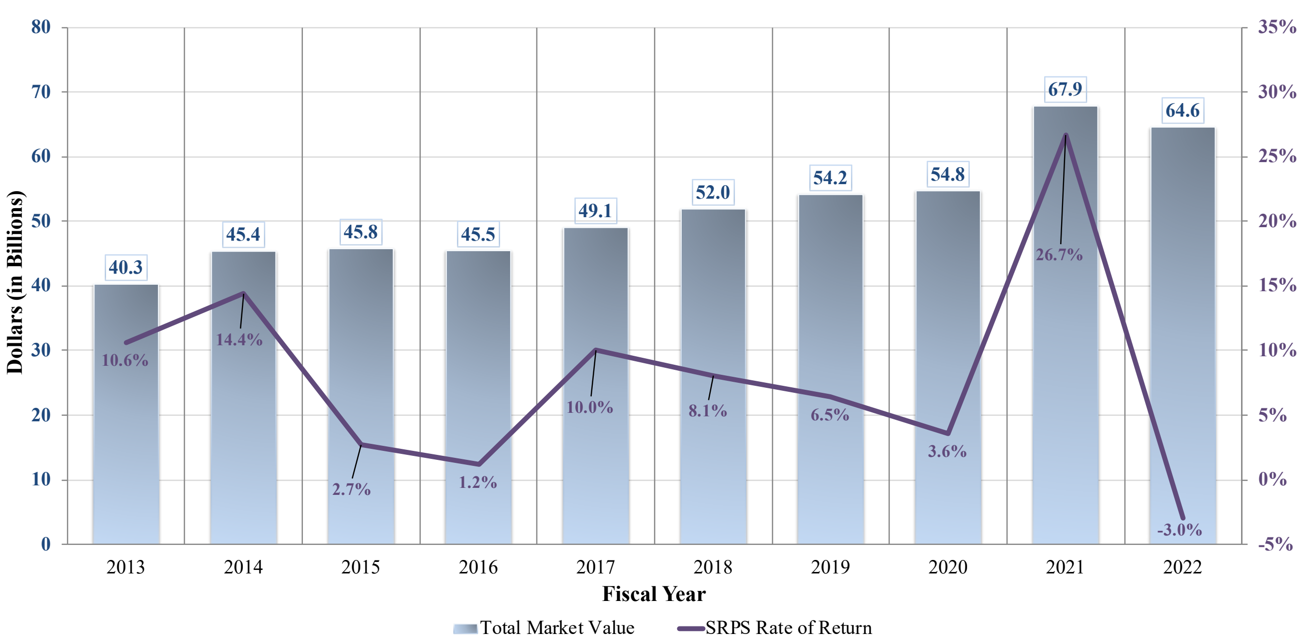


MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

TOTAL PLAN



TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF TIME-WEIGHTED ANNUAL RETURNS & GROWTH OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO



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Actuarial Section

GRS Retirement Consulting

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One Town Square | Suite 800 | Southfield, Michigan 48076-3723

October 7, 2022

Board of Trustees
Maryland State Retirement and Pension System
120 East Baltimore Street, 16th Floor
Baltimore, MD 21202

Dear Members of the Board:

The results of the ***June 30, 2022*** annual actuarial valuation of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System ("MSRPS") are presented in this Section.

The purposes of the annual actuarial valuation are as follows:

- Measure the financial position of MSRPS with regard to funding,
- Provide the Board with State and Participating Governmental Unit ("PGU") contribution rates for certification,
- Determine actuarial and statutory contribution rates with reinvested savings,
- Discuss some of the risks associated with achieving the funding objectives of MSRPS, and
- Analyze the aggregate experience of the State Systems over the past year.

Information required by Statements No. 67 and No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") for fiscal year 2022 is provided in a separate report.

The following schedules in the Actuarial Section, Financial Section, Statistical Section, and Plan Summary Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report were prepared by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company based upon certain information presented in the previously mentioned funding and financial reporting valuation reports:

Actuarial Section
- Summary of Valuation Results
- Actuary's Comments
- Other Observations
- Prior Year Asset Experience
- Trends
- Summary of Assumptions
- Schedules of Active Membership by Plan
- Summary of Unfunded Liabilities/Solvency Test
- Summary of Retirees and Beneficiaries
- Summary of Principal Results

Financial Section
- Summary of Membership by System
- Schedules of Funding Progress
- Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
- Key Methods and Assumptions Used in Valuation of Total Pension Liability
- Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate
- Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
- Schedule of Contributions from Employers and Other Contributing Entities

Statistical Section

Schedule of Benefit Expense by Type
Average Benefit Payments
History of Employer Contributions by Plan
History of Active Membership by Plan
History of Retirees and Beneficiaries by Plan
Principal Participating Employees

Plan Summary Section

Membership Schedules

The individual member data required for the valuations was furnished by the Maryland State Retirement Agency ("MSRA"), together with pertinent data on financial operations (unaudited). The cooperation and collaboration of MSRA staff in furnishing these materials is acknowledged with appreciation. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by the MSRA.

Actuarial valuations are based upon assumptions regarding future activity in specific risk areas including the rates of investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the various classes of benefits, and longevity among retired lives. The Board adopts these assumptions after considering the advice of the actuary and other professionals. The assumptions and methods used for funding and financial reporting purposes are in conformity with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. They are also in conformity with the Board's funding policy.

Each actuarial valuation considers all prior differences between actual and assumed experience in each risk area and adjusts the contribution rates as needed. GRS performed an experience study of MSRPS for the period 2014-2018 after completion of the June 30, 2018 valuation. Assumptions from the experience study including investment return, inflation, COLA increases, mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates, and rates of salary increase were adopted by the Board for first use in the June 30, 2019 valuation. New economic assumptions (investment return, inflation, wage inflation, and COLA increases) were adopted by the Board for the June 30, 2021 valuation. It is our opinion that the actuarial assumptions used for this valuation are reasonable.

Based upon the results of a projection performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 parameters, the Single Discount rate for purpose of discounting pension liabilities for pension financial reporting purpose is 6.80%.

The computed contribution rates may be considered as a minimum contribution rate that complies with the funding policy stated in the Statutes and anticipate reinvested savings. Users of this report should be aware that contributions made at that rate do not guarantee benefit security. Given the importance of benefit security to any retirement system, we suggest that contributions to the System in excess of those presented in this report be considered.

The benefit provisions valued in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 are the same as the provisions from the last actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. Portions of the savings from the 2011 pension reforms passed by the General Assembly are to be reinvested as additional contributions into the Systems. Legislation enacted in 2015 reduced the amount of reinvested savings to $75 million per year beginning in fiscal year 2016 until the combined funded ratio of the Systems reaches 85% at which point the additional contributions cease.

This valuation assumes the continuing ability of the participating employers to make the contributions necessary to fund this system. A determination regarding whether or not each participating employer is actually able to do so is outside our scope of expertise. Consequently, we did not perform such an analysis.

This report was prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software which in our professional judgment has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation and has no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. The actuary did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements in this actuarial valuation report.

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. We certify that, to the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with Maryland's Annotated Code and generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice as promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board. In particular, the assumptions and methods used for funding purposes meet the parameters set by the applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purposes previously described. Determinations of the financial results associated with benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

This is one of multiple documents comprising the actuarial report. Other documents comprising the actuarial report include the PowerPoint presentation presented to the Board in October 2022 and separately to the Joint Committee on Pensions in November 2022. Not all of these documents have been issued as of this date.

Brian B. Murphy, Brad L. Armstrong, and Jeffrey T. Tebeau are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA), and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

Respectfully submitted,

Brian B. Murphy, FSA, MAAA	Brad L. Armstrong, ASA, MAAA	Jeffrey T. Tebeau, ASA, EA, MAAA
Consulting Actuary	Consulting Actuary	Consulting Actuary

BBM/BLA/JTT:rmn:dj

GRS

3108

INTRODUCTION

The funding valuation report presents the results of the June 30, 2022 annual actuarial valuation of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS). The purposes of the annual funding valuations are as follows:

- Measure the financial position of MSRPS with regard to funding,
- Provide the Board with State and Participating Governmental Unit ("PGU") contribution rates for certification,
- Determine actuarial and statutory contribution rates with reinvested savings,
- Discuss some of the risks associated with achieving the funding objectives of MSRPS, and
- Analyze the aggregate experience of the State Systems over the past year.

A summary of the primary funding valuation results as of June 30, 2022 is presented on the following page.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 67 and No. 68 valuation report presents the results of the June 30, 2022 annual accounting valuation of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS). The purpose of the annual accounting valuations is as follows:

- Provide actuarial reporting and disclosure information for the MSRPS and State's financial report.

The accounting valuation results for the year ended June 30, 2022 are presented in a separate report.

SUMMARY OF VALUATION RESULTS
JUNE 30, 2022
($ IN MILLIONS)
(STATE AND MUNICIPAL)

	2022							2021	
	TCS	ECS	State Police	Judges	LEOPS	CORS[1]	Total	Total	% Change
A. Demographic Information									
1. Active Number Counts	110,980	78,696	1,356	317	2,736	125	194,210	194,311	-0.1%
2. Active Payroll	$ 7,958	$ 4,845	$ 124	$ 54	$ 213	$ 8	$ 13,202	$ 12,749	3.5%
3. Retired Number Counts	82,884	83,845	2,597	463	2,393	53	172,235	169,368	1.7%
4. Annual Benefits for Retired Members[2]	$ 2,566	$ 1,668	$ 146	$ 43	$ 92	$ 2	$ 4,517	$ 4,264	5.9%
5. Deferred / Inactive Number Counts	23,612	23,492	86	10	295	8	47,503	48,051	-1.1%
6. Total Number Counts	217,476	186,033	4,039	790	5,424	186	413,948	411,730	0.5%
B. Assets									
1. Market Value (MV)	$ 39,126	$ 21,389	$ 1,821	$ 583	$ 1,353	$ 40	$ 64,311	$ 67,604	-4.9%
2. Rate of Return on MV[3]							(2.90)%	26.54 %	
3. Actuarial Value (AV)	$ 40,034	$ 21,877	$ 1,863	$ 596	$ 1,387	$ 41	$ 65,799	$ 62,818	4.7%
4. Rate of Return on AV							6.97 %	14.15 %	
5. Ratio of AV to MV							102.3%	92.9%	
C. Actuarial Results									
1. Normal Cost as a % of Payroll	12.04%	10.70%	35.06%	39.23%	25.13%	14.08%	12.09%	12.15%	
2. Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)									
a. Active	$ 20,720	$ 10,143	$ 617	$ 190	$ 679	$ 23	$ 32,372	$ 31,436	3.0%
b. Retired	27,523	18,758	2,026	468	1,293	22	50,091	47,695	5.0%
c. Deferred/Inactive	1,425	1,295	17	7	42	1	2,786	2,607	6.9%
d. Total	$ 49,669	$ 30,195	$ 2,659	$ 666	$ 2,013	$ 46	$ 85,248	$ 81,739	4.3%
3. Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	$ 9,634	$ 8,318	$ 796	$ 70	$ 626	$ 5	$ 19,449	$ 18,921	2.8%
4. Funded Ratio	80.60 %	72.45 %	70.05 %	89.51 %	68.91 %	88.65 %	77.19 %	76.85 %	

D. Contribution Rates[4]

	STATE PORTION ONLY							
	FY 2024						FY 2023	FY 2022
	TCS	ECS	State Police	Judges	LEOPS	Total	Total	Total
1. Pension Contributions								
a. Employer Normal Cost	5.04%	4.36%	27.18%	32.37%	18.39%	5.34%	5.41%	4.47%
b. Member Contribution Rate	7.00%	6.74%	7.88%	6.86%	6.92%	6.93%	6.93%	6.93%
c. UAAL Contribution Rate	9.82%	16.77%	51.50%	10.63%	27.50%	12.54%	12.14%	13.03%
d. Total	21.86%	27.87%	86.56%	49.86%	52.81%	24.81%	24.48%	24.43%
2. Total Actuarial Employer Rate (1.a + 1.c)	14.86%	21.13%	78.68%	43.00%	45.89%	17.88%	17.55%	17.50%
3. Total Employer Budgeted Rate								
a. Employer Budgeted Rate	14.86%	21.13%	78.68%	43.00%	45.89%	17.88%	17.55%	17.50%
b. Reinvested Savings Rate	0.62%	0.60%	0.81%	0.00%	0.87%	0.64%	0.66%	0.68%
c. Total Employer Budgeted Rate	15.48%	21.73%	79.49%	43.00%	46.76%	18.52%	18.21%	18.18%

[1] *Includes CORS Municipal only. State CORS included in ECS.*
[2] *Retiree benefit amounts include the cost-of-living adjustment granted July 1, 2022 and July 1, 2021, respectively.*
[3] *Actuarial estimation method used is expected to produce results that differ modestly from figures reported by the System.*
[4] *Contribution rates shown in the "Total" column are for informational purposes only and are not used for funding purposes.*

Totals may not add due to rounding.

ACTUARY'S COMMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the System's assets earned -2.90% based on our estimate and -2.97% as reported by the System (using a slightly different computation method) on a market value basis and 6.97% on a smoothed or actuarial value basis. The smoothed rate of return exceeded the 6.80% assumed rate of investment return for fiscal year 2022. Recognized asset gains from fiscal years 2018 and 2021 offset recognized asset losses from fiscal years 2019, 2020, and 2022 in the actuarial value of assets as of June 30, 2022. This resulted in a gain under the asset smoothing method.

UAAL and Actuarial Gain/(Loss)
($ in Millions)

	Municipal	State	Total SRPS
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) as of June 30, 2021	$ 1,024	$ 17,896	$18,920
Expected UAAL as of June 30, 2022 before changes	1,009	17,574	18,583
Changes in benefit provisions	-	-	-
Changes in methods and assumptions	-	-	-
Expected UAAL as of June 30, 2022 after changes	1,009	17,574	18,583
Actual UAAL as of June 30, 2022	1,116	18,333	19,449
Net actuarial gain/(loss)	(107)	(759)	(866)
Actuarial gain/(loss) by source			
Actuarial investment experience	10	96	106
Actuarial accrued liability experience	(117)	(855)	(972)

Totals may not add due to rounding.

In relative terms, the overall System funded ratio of actuarial value of assets to liabilities increased from 76.85% in 2021 to 77.19% this year. If market value of assets were the basis for the measurements, the funded ratio would have decreased from 82.71% to 75.44% funded.

The market value of assets exceeds the retiree liabilities by about 28% in total (or 8% if accumulated member contributions of about $10.2 billion are netted out), a decrease from 42% last year. This is referred to as a short condition test and is demonstrated in the chart at the bottom of this page. It is looking at the current retiree liabilities as the benefits that will be paid the soonest since these benefits are already in pay status. Active liabilities and deferred vested liabilities do not have associated immediate cash flow requirements. Although the market value of assets exceeds the current retiree liabilities in total, this is not true for all of the systems individually. For State Police, the market value of assets is slightly less than the retiree liabilities.

Summary of Contribution Rates by State System ($ in Millions)

	TCS	ECS	State Police	Judges	LEOPS	CORS	Total
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	$ 39,126	$ 21,389	$ 1,821	$ 583	$ 1,353	$ 40	$ 64,311
Retiree Liability	27,523	18,758	2,026	468	1,293	22	50,091
MVA as % of Retiree Liability	142%	114%	90%	124%	105%	182%	128%
Excluding Member Contributions	119$	97%	84%	117%	94%	160%	108%

In the 2013 legislative session, the Legislature changed the method used to fund the State Systems of the MSRPS. The unfunded liability for each State System is being amortized over a single closed 25-year period beginning July 1, 2014 and ending June 30, 2039 (16 years remaining as of the June 30, 2022 valuation, which determines the fiscal year 2024 contribution). In addition, the corridor method used by the Teachers' Combined System and the State portion of the Employees' Combined System, which was established in 2001, was being phased-out over a 10-year period. In 2015, the Legislature removed the corridor funding method effective with the June 30, 2015 valuation.

The Teachers' Combined System (TCS) remained out of the corridor since the June 30, 2005 valuation and the State portion of the Employees Combined System (ECS) remained out of the corridor since the June 30, 2004 valuation resulting in contribution rates for TCS and ECS that were less than actuarial rates. With the elimination of the corridor effective with the June 30, 2015 valuation report, TCS and ECS began to contribute based on the actuarially determined rate beginning in fiscal year 2017.

Beginning in fiscal year 2012, employers pay a per-member fee to cover the Retirement Agency's operating expenses (i.e., administrative expenses). The State pays the fee for libraries.

In 2011, the General Assembly enacted pension reforms which were effective July 1, 2011, and affected both current actives and new hires. The member contribution rate was increased for members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System from 5% to 7%. The member contribution rate was increased from 4% to 7% for LEOPS. In addition, the benefit attributable to service on or after July 1, 2011 is subject to cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) that are based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and capped at 2.5% or 1.0%. The cap is 2.5% if the market value investment return from the preceding calendar year was higher or lower than the investment return assumption used in the previous valuation (6.80%) and in effect as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year, and 1.0% otherwise. There were also reforms that affected only those members hired on or after July 1, 2011.

In addition to the benefit provision changes in 2011, a portion of the savings from the pension reforms is to be reinvested in certain State Systems (TCS, ECS, State Police, and LEOPS). Reinvested savings of $191 million was contributed in fiscal year 2013. Legislation enacted in 2014 changed the amount of reinvested savings from $300 million each year beginning in fiscal year 2014 to $100 million each year for fiscal years 2014 and 2015, $150 million for fiscal year 2016, $200 million for fiscal year 2017, $250 million for fiscal year 2018, $300 million each year beginning in fiscal year 2019 and thereafter. The $300 million would then continue until the later of the combined funded ratio of the Systems reaching 85%, and the corridor funding method being fully phased-out. Legislation enacted in 2015 further reduced the amount of reinvested savings to $75 million per year beginning in fiscal year 2016 until the combined funded ratio of the Systems reaches 85% at which point the reinvestment ceases. The allocation of reinvested savings by System is in proportion to the savings from the pension reforms as measured in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2011.

The actuarially determined rates are equal to the employer normal cost plus the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability contribution rate. The unfunded actuarial contribution rate is equal to the payment resulting from amortizing the remaining unfunded liability as a level percentage of pay over a single 25-year closed period beginning July 1, 2014 and ending June 30, 2039 (16 years remaining as of the June 30, 2022 valuation). The utilization of the 25-year closed period will lead to greater volatility as the period shortens and will eventually need modification to manage contribution volatility. Each year after the current funding policy's adoption, we reminded the Board and the Joint Committee on Pensions (JCP) of this eventuality. The Board recently reviewed the amortization method and is pursuing action to modify the amortization method.

The fiscal year 2024 budgeted rates for TCS, ECS, State Police, and LEOPS are equal to the actuarially determined rate. The budgeted rates with reinvested savings are based on a projection of payroll. It is our understanding that the Retirement Agency will monitor contributions to ensure that the System receives the proper amount of reinvested dollar savings during fiscal year 2024. The fiscal year 2024 budgeted rate for Judges is equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate.

Beginning in fiscal year 2013, local employers contributed toward the normal cost for the Teachers Combined System. The required portion of normal cost contribution amounts for local employers for fiscal years 2013 through 2016 was defined by the Maryland statutes. Beginning in fiscal year 2017, local employers contribute the full normal cost contribution on behalf of their employees.

The schedules required under Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67 (beginning with fiscal year 2014) and No. 68 (beginning with fiscal year 2015) are provided in a separate report.

OTHER OBSERVATIONS

General Implications of Contribution Allocation Procedure or Funding Policy on Future Expected System Contributions and Funded Status

Given the System's contribution allocation procedure, if all actuarial assumptions are met (including the assumption of the System earning 6.80% on the actuarial value of assets), it is expected that:

1. The employer normal cost as a percentage of pay will decrease to the level of the Reformed Benefit Plan's (i.e., plans for members hired after July 1, 2011) normal cost as time passes and the active population is comprised entirely of Reformed Plan members,
2. The unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities will be fully amortized after 16 years (June 30, 2039), and
3. The funded status of the plan will increase gradually towards a 100% funded ratio.

Limitations of Funded Status Measurements

Unless otherwise indicated, a funded status measurement presented in this report is based upon the Actuarial Accrued Liability and the actuarial value of assets. Unless otherwise indicated, with regard to any funded status measurements presented in this report:

1. The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the sufficiency of System assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the System's benefit obligations; for example, transferring the liability to an unrelated third party in a free market type transaction.
2. The measurement is dependent upon the actuarial cost method which, in combination with the System's amortization policy, affects the timing and amounts of future contributions. The amounts of future contributions will most certainly differ from those assumed in this report due to future actual experience differing from assumed experience based upon the actuarial assumptions. A funded status measurement in this report of 100% is not synonymous with no required future contributions. If the funded status were 100%, the System would still require future normal cost contributions (i.e., contributions to cover the cost of the active membership accruing an additional year of service credit).
3. The measurement would produce a different result if the market value of assets were used instead of the actuarial value of assets, unless the market value of assets is used in the measurement.

PRIOR YEAR ASSET EXPERIENCE

Assets (State and Municipal)

Plan assets for this System are measured on both a market value and an actuarial or smoothed value basis. The actuarial smoothing method, described again on page Appendix A-16, annually recognizes 20% of the difference between (a) the expected investment return if the market value of assets had earned the assumed rate of 6.80% during FY 2022, and (b) the actual investment return. Bear in mind that the expected return for this purpose is based on the assumed return from the prior year's actuarial valuation. In addition, there is a market value collar that constrains the actuarial value to be within 20% of the market value of assets. In periods of high returns, this method defers the amount of asset gains above the assumed return. Conversely, in periods of returns below the assumed rate, recognition of the losses is deferred. This method limits the effect of temporary asset value fluctuations on contribution rates. The System does not immediately feel the full impact of lower (or higher) costs when asset values fluctuate dramatically.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the System's assets earned -2.90% based on our estimate and -2.97% as reported by the System (using a slightly different computation method) on a market value basis and 6.97% on an actuarial value basis. The System experienced an investment loss of $6.5 billion on a market value basis and a gain of $0.1 billion on an actuarial basis. More detail can be found in Section III. Reconciliations of market value and actuarial value of assets are presented below:

Item (In Millions)	Market Value	Actuarial Value
June 30, 2021 Value	$67,604	$62,818
Employer Contributions	2,282	2,282
Member Contributions	894	894
Benefit Payments and Other Disbursements	(4,528)	(4,528)
Expected Investment Earnings (6.80% in FY2022)	4,552	4,226
Expected Value June 30, 2022	$70,805	$65,693
Investment Gain/(Loss)	**(6,494)**	**106**
June 30, 2022 Value	$64,311	$65,799
Figures may not add exactly due to rounding		

The 2021 valuation recognized 40% of the investment gain from FY 2021 in the determination of the actuarial value of assets rather than the 20% normally recognized. The remaining 60% will be recognized equally over the next four valuations (15% was recognized in 2022).

(STATE AND MUNICIPAL)

TRENDS (STATE AND MUNICIPAL)

One of the best ways to measure or evaluate the financial condition of a pension plan is to examine the historical trends that are evolving. Below are three charts which illustrate trend information from 1993 through the end of 2022, on the System's assets and liabilities, annual cash flows in and out of the fund, and the State contribution rate. Our comments on each follow.

Chart A:
Assets/Liabilities

Chart A: Assets/Liabilities

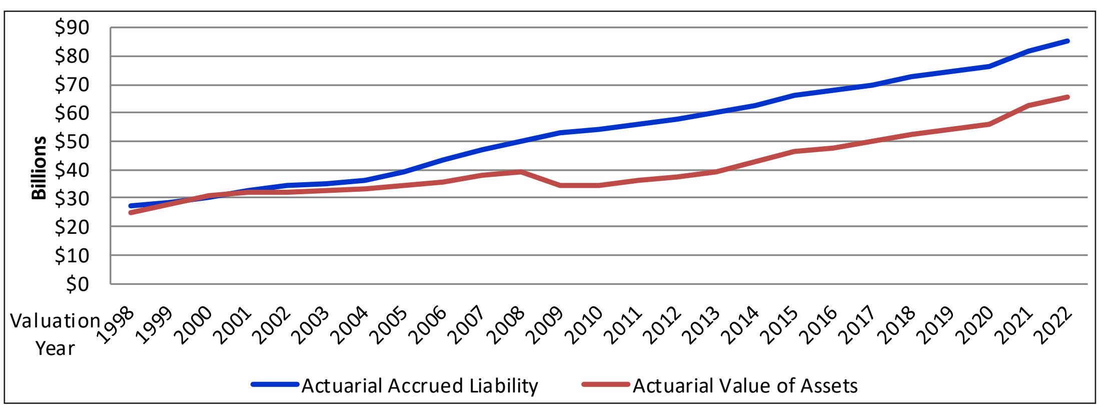


Chart B:
Benefits vs
Contributions

Chart B: Benefits vs. Contributions

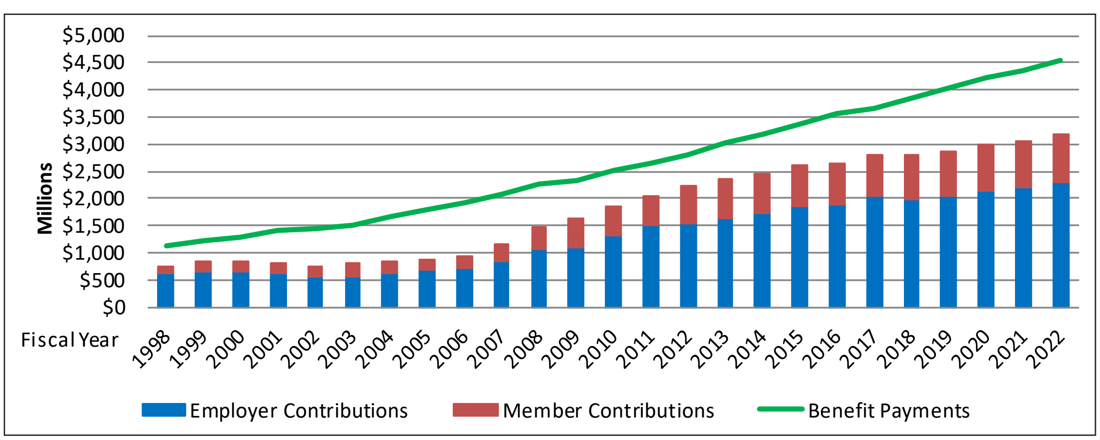
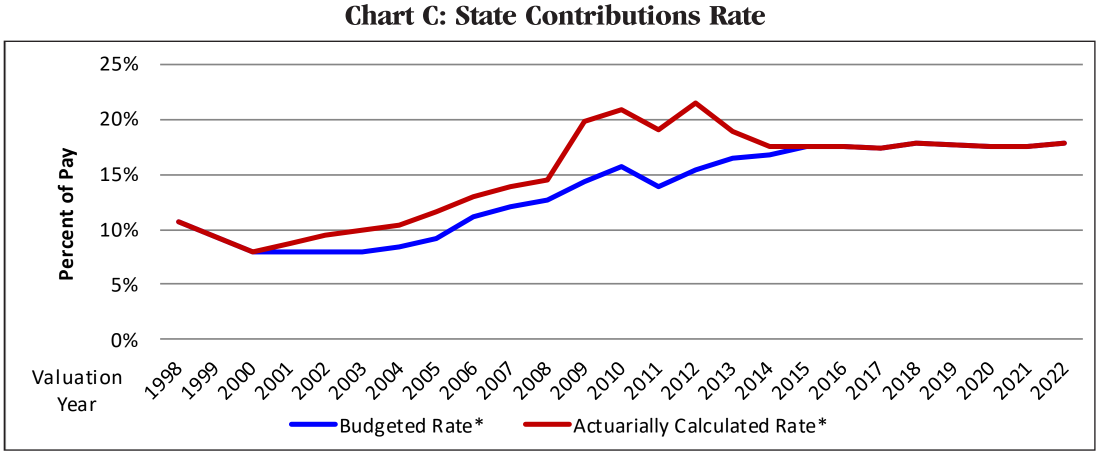


Chart C:
State Contribution Rate



** Excludes reinvested savings in valuation years 2010. 2010 rates are prior to the 2011 GA Reforms.*

Chart A displays a comparison of the actuarial value of assets and the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL). The difference between the actuarial value of assets and the AAL is the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is about $19 billion as of June 30, 2022, and increased by about $529 million since the last valuation as of June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the actuarial value of assets under the five-year asset smoothing method is 102% of the market value of assets, compared with 93% as of June 30, 2021.

Chart B presents non-investment cash flow trend information that can have investment implications. With the aging and retirements of the baby boom generation, MSRPS has seen increases in payments to retirees. This is expected for mature retirement systems such as MSRPS. Benefit payments, which are the total amount below the green line, exceeds the total contributions, which is the total amount below the top of the red bar. The amount needed to pay the excess of benefit payments over total contributions comes from either investment return or liquidation of current assets. If the difference between the total benefit payments and total contributions increases, a larger portion of investment return will be needed to pay benefits and may require a change in asset allocation. The corridor method increased the extent of negative cash flows. The corridor funding method was eliminated first effective with the June 30, 2015 valuation. The budgeted rates have been equal to the actuarial rates since fiscal year 2017.

Finally, **Chart C** looks at the composite actuarially determined and budgeted State contribution rates. The budgeted contribution rates by System determine the fiscal year State appropriation. It shows the impact of the 1990s sustained investment gains and a continuous lowering of the rate until 2000. Effective with the 2001 valuation, the State appropriations were performed under a corridor funding method for the two largest plans, TCS and ECS. The appropriation remained essentially level for a few years before increasing with the 2004 valuation. Legislation enacted in 2015 removed the corridor funding method for TCS and ECS beginning with the valuation as of June 30, 2015. The budgeted rate is now equal to the actuarial rate for TCS and ECS.

Chart C further illustrates that the corridor method consistently acted to reduce the State's contributions calculated in valuations between 2001 and 2015.

SUMMARY OF UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL
(STATE AND

Valuation Date June 30,	Actuarial Liabilities For: Active Member Contributions	Retirees, Term Vested and Inactives	Active Members Employer Fin. Portion	Total Liabilities	Actuarial Value of Assets
2012	$ 4,274,269,025	$ 34,208,190,190	$ 19,386,686,257	$ 57,869,145,472	$ 37,248,400,780
2013	4,818,674,217	36,001,888,558	19,239,528,603	60,060,091,378	39,350,969,353
2014	5,369,806,786	37,679,277,545	19,561,109,243	62,610,193,574	42,996,956,526
2015	5,908,597,531	40,321,760,550	20,051,422,798	66,281,780,879	46,170,624,066
2016	6,437,712,138	41,640,894,712	19,703,317,255	67,781,924,105	47,803,679,296
2017	7,023,662,251	43,117,075,812	19,845,837,454	69,986,575,517	50,250,464,717
2018	7,557,858,673	45,341,184,229	19,675,645,860	72,574,688,762	52,586,527,740
2019	8,142,516,497	46,654,221,664	19,729,262,120	74,526,000,281	54,361,969,141
2020	8,770,367,300	47,732,961,164	19,967,706,953	76,471,035,417	56,246,893,989
2021	9,460,950,720	50,302,226,715	21,975,379,589	81,738,557,024	62,817,937,925
2022	10,012,448,913	52,876,516,715	22,359,098,000	85,248,063,628	65,798,923,071

SUMMARY OF RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES ADDED TO AND REMOVED FROM ROLLS
(STATE AND MUNICIPAL)

Fiscal Year Ended	Added to Rolls: Number	Added to Rolls: Annual Allowance	Removed from Rolls: Number	Removed from Rolls: Annual Allowances	Rolls-End of Year: Number	Rolls-End of Year: Annual Allowances	% Increase in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowance
2012	7,936	$ 264,562,994	2,614	$ 58,769,603	132,493	$ 2,812,464,714	7.89%	$ 21,227
2013	7,874	238,239,133	2,442	62,081,371	137,925	2,988,622,476	6.26%	21,668
2014	7,698	217,542,920	2,736	58,512,733	142,887	3,147,652,663	5.32%	22,029
2015	8,459	239,724,802	3,496	64,129,306	147,850	3,323,248,158	5.58%	22,477
2016	8,243	201,205,015	3,527	75,486,723	152,566	3,448,966,450	3.87%	22,606
2017	7,384	211,608,686	3,584	73,321,980	156,366	3,587,253,156	4.01%	22,941
2018	8,105	268,295,042	4,097	64,344,782	160,374	3,791,203,416	5.69%	23,640
2019	7,484	260,126,211	2,966	69,487,028	164,892	3,981,842,599	5.03%	24,148
2020	7,150	262,737,304	4,398	103,943,419	167,644	4,140,636,484	3.99%	24,699
2021	6,813	234,688,805	5,089	111,489,084	169,368	4,263,836,205	2.98%	25,175
2022	7,700	365,253,216	4,833	112,312,265	172,235	4,516,777,156	5.93%	26,225

Notes: Members added to rolls were estimated based on a retirement date/change date after June 30, 2021.
Annual allowances added to rolls include COLA increases for continuing members.
COLA increases were estimated based on the benefits for the continuing members.

LIABILITIES / SOLVENCY TEST
MUNICIPAL)

Ratio of Assets to Actuarial Liabilities							
Active Member Contributions	**Retirees Term Vested and Inactives**	**Active Members Employer Fin. Portion**	**Funded Ratio (Assets/Liab. Coverage)**	**Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)**	**Covered Payroll**	**UAAL as % of Covered Payroll**
100.00%	96.39%	0.00%	64.37%	$ 20,620,744,692	$ 10,336,536,835	199%
100.00%	95.92%	0.00%	65.52%	20,709,122,025	10,477,544,241	198%
100.00%	99.86%	0.00%	68.67%	19,613,237,049	10,803,632,045	182%
100.00%	99.85%	0.00%	69.66%	20,111,156,814	11,063,961,664	182%
100.00%	99.34%	0.00%	70.53%	19,978,224,809	11,155,923,517	179%
100.00%	100.00%	0.55%	71.80%	19,736,110,801	11,418,973,317	173%
100.00%	99.31%	0.00%	72.46%	19,988,161,021	11,566,219,797	173%
100.00%	99.07%	0.00%	72.94%	20,164,031,140	11,905,463,225	169%
100.00%	99.46%	0.00%	73.55%	20,224,141,428	12,501,422,207	162%
100.00%	100.00%	13.90%	76.85%	18,920,619,099	12,749,246,637	148%
100.00%	100.00%	13.01%	77.19%	19,449,140,557	13,201,815,232	147%

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT
ACCOUNTING STATEMENT
AS OF
(STATE AND

	Teachers' Combined System	Employees' Combined System
1. Actuarial Accrued Liability:		
a. Employee Contributions	$ 6,476,042,895	$ 3,245,995,979
b. Retirees, Term. Vesteds & Inactives	28,948,145,207	20,052,449,112
c. Active Members	14,244,394,188	6,896,594,713
2. Total Actuarial Accrued Liability (1(a) + 1(b) + 1(c))	$49,668,582,290	$30,195,039,804
3. Actuarial Value of Assets	40,034,479,746	21,877,387,493
4. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability: (2-3)	$9,634,102,544	$ 8,317,652,311
5. Funded Ratio	80.60%	72.45%
6. Annual Payroll	$ 7,957,774,653	$ 4,844,757,859
7. UAAL as % of Payroll	121%	172%

AND PENSION SYSTEM
INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2022
MUNICIPAL)

State Police	Judges	LEOPS	CORS	Total MSRPS
$ 108,865,553	$ 35,977,359	$ 140,737,461	$ 4,829,665	$ 10,012,448,913
2,042,508,862	475,739,711	1,334,872,040	22,801,783	52,876,516,715
507,822,911	154,098,392	537,792,707	18,395,090	22,359,098,000
$2,659,197,326	$665,815,462	$2,013,402,208	$46,026,538	$85,248,063,628
1,862,898,695	595,968,442	1,387,387,178	40,801,518	65,798,923,071
$ 796,298,631	$69,847,020	$626,015,030	$ 5,225,020	$19,449,140,557
70.05%	89.51%	68.91%	88.65%	77.19%
$ 124,367,251	$ 53,934,013	$213,002,711	$ 7,978,745	$13,201,815,232
640%	130%	294%	65%	147%

REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE VALUATION OF THE
TEACHERS' COMBINED SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND
Summary of Principal Plan Results

	Actuarial Valuation Performed		
	June 30, 2022 (for FY2024)	**June 30, 2021 (for FY2023)**	**% Change**
A. Demographic Information			
Active Number Count	110,980	109,958	0.9%
Retired Member and Beneficiary Count	82,884	81,515	1.7%
Vested Former Member Count	23,612	23,733	-0.5%
Total Number Count	217,476	215,206	1.1%
Active Payroll	$7,957,774,653	$7,688,846,359	3.5%
Annual Benefits for Retired Members	$2,566,454,913	$2,432,621,448	5.5%
B. Actuarial Results			
Actuarial Accrued Liability	$49,668,582,290	$47,635,354,584	4.3%
Actuarial Value of Assets	40,034,479,746	38,215,959,171	4.8%
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	$9,634,102,544	$9,419,395,413	2.3%
Funded Ratio	80.60%	80.23%	
C. Contribution Rates			
Employer Normal Cost Rate	5.04%	5.12%	
UAAL Amortization Rate	9.82%	9.53%	
Total Actuarial Employer Contribution Rate	14.86%	14.65%	

REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE VALUATION OF THE
EMPLOYEES' COMBINED SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND
(STATE AND MUNICIPAL)

Summary of Principal Plan Results

	Actuarial Valuation Performed		
	June 30, 2022 (for FY2024)	**June 30, 2021 (for FY2023)**	**% Change**
A. Demographic Information			
Active Number Count	78,696	79,854	-1.5%
Retired Member and Beneficiary Count	83,845	82,537	1.6%
Vested Former Member Count	23,492	23,925	-1.8%
Total Number Count	186,033	186,316	-0.2%
Active Payroll	$4,844,757,859	$4,681,865,526	3.5%
Annual Benefits for Retired Members	$1,668,048,689	$1,569,543,990	6.3%
B. Actuarial Results (State and Municipal)			
Actuarial Accrued Liability	$30,195,039,804	$29,033,675,886	4.0%
Actuarial Value of Assets	21,877,387,493	20,932,359,318	4.5%
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	$8,317,652,311	$8,101,316,568	2.7%
Funded Ratio	72.45%	72.10%	
C. Contribution Rates (State Portion Only)			
Employer Normal Cost Rate	4.36%	4.41%	
UAAL Amortization Rate	16.77%	16.27%	
Total Actuarial Employer Contribution Rate	21.13%	20.68%	

REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE VALUATION OF THE STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND

Summary of Principal Plan Results

	June 30, 2022 (for FY2024)	June 30, 2021 (for FY2023)	% Change
A. Demographic Information			
Active Number Count	1,356	1,353	0.2%
Retired Member and Beneficiary Count	2,597	2,559	1.5%
Vested Former Member Count	86	86	0.0%
Total Number Count	4,039	3,998	1.0%
Active Payroll	$124,367,251	$119,048,457	4.5%
Annual Benefits for Retired Members	$145,716,052	$136,552,155	6.7%
B. Actuarial Results			
Actuarial Accrued Liability	$2,659,197,326	$2,527,230,062	5.2%
Actuarial Value of Assets	1,862,898,695	1,771,695,402	5.1%
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	$796,298,631	$755,534,660	5.4%
Funded Ratio	70.05%	70.10%	
C. Contribution Rates			
Employer Normal Cost Rate	27.18%	27.49%	
UAAL Amortization Rate	51.50%	48.96%	
Total Actuarial Employer Contribution Rate	78.68%	76.45%	

REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE VALUATION OF THE PENSION PLAN OF JUDGES AND THEIR SURVIVING SPOUSES

Summary of Principal Plan Results

	June 30, 2022 (for FY2024)	June 30, 2021 (for FY2023)	% Change
A. Demographic Information			
Active Number Count	317	315	0.6%
Retired Member and Beneficiary Count	463	442	4.8%
Vested Former Member Count	10	7	42.9%
Total Number Count	790	764	3.4%
Active Payroll	$53,934,013	$52,073,208	3.6%
Annual Benefits for Retired Members	$42,928,915	$39,054,084	9.9%
B. Actuarial Results			
Actuarial Accrued Liability	$665,815,462	$622,633,243	6.9%
Actuarial Value of Assets	595,968,442	570,319,231	4.5%
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	$69,847,020	$52,314,012	33.5%
Funded Ratio	89.51%	91.60%	
C. Contribution Rates			
Employer Normal Cost Rate	32.37%	32.42%	
UAAL Amortization Rate	10.63%	7.60%	
Total Actuarial Employer Contribution Rate	43.00%	40.02%	

REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE VALUATION OF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' PENSION SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND (STATE AND MUNICIPAL)

Summary of Principal Plan Results

	June 30, 2022 (for FY2024)	June 30, 2021 (for FY2023)	% Change
A. Demographic Information			
Active Number Count	2,736	2,697	1.4%
Retired Member and Beneficiary Count	2,393	2,264	5.7%
Vested Former Member Count	295	293	0.7%
Total Number Count	5,424	5,254	3.2%
Active Payroll	$213,002,711	$199,460,447	6.8%
Annual Benefits for Retired Members	$92,085,278	$84,571,209	8.9%
B. Actuarial Results (State and Municipal)			
Actuarial Accrued Liability	$2,013,402,208	$1,875,983,086	7.3%
Actuarial Value of Assets	1,387,387,178	1,289,508,221	7.6%
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	$626,015,030	$586,474,865	6.7%
Funded Ratio	68.91%	68.74%	
C. Contribution Rates (State Portion Only)			
Employer Normal Cost Rate	18.39%	18.48%	
UAAL Amortization Rate	27.50%	26.25%	
Total Actuarial Employer Contribution Rate	45.89%	44.73%	

REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE VALUATION OF THE CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND (MUNICIPAL)

Summary of Principal Plan Results

	June 30, 2022 (for FY2024)	June 30, 2021 (for FY2023)	% Change
A. Demographic Information			
Active Number Count	125	134	-6.7%
Retired Member and Beneficiary Count	53	51	3.9%
Vested Former Member Count	8	7	14.3%
Total Number Count	186	192	-3.1%
Active Payroll	$7,978,745	$7,952,640	0.3%
Annual Benefits for Retired Members	$1,543,309	$1,493,319	3.3%
B. Actuarial Results			
Actuarial Accrued Liability	$46,026,538	$43,680,164	5.4%
Actuarial Value of Assets	40,801,518	38,096,583	7.1%
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	$5,225,020	$5,583,581	-6.4%
Funded Ratio	88.65%	87.22%	

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP VALUATION DATA BY PLAN

Teachers' Retirement

Valuation Date As of June 30,	Number	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	% Increase Avg. Pay
2013	1,630	$ 145,207,003	$ 89,084	1.79 %
2014	1,276	116,356,416	91,188	2.36
2015	986	91,396,562	92,694	1.65
2016	724	68,494,031	94,605	2.06
2017	537	51,836,368	96,530	2.03
2018	418	41,497,070	99,275	2.84
2019	334	33,972,615	101,714	2.46
2020	261	27,675,932	106,038	4.25
2021	199	21,792,460	109,510	3.27
2022	150	$17,154,423	$114,363	4.43

Teachers' Pension

Valuation Date As of June 30,	Number	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	% Increase Avg. Pay
2013	102,398	$ 6,039,968,791	$ 58,985	1.59 %
2014	103,194	6,193,896,978	60,022	1.76
2015	104,540	6,379,309,714	61,023	1.67
2016	104,823	6,542,543,808	62,415	2.28
2017	105,765	6,729,001,984	63,622	1.93
2018	106,428	6,899,599,531	64,829	1.90
2019	107,448	7,119,090,819	66,256	2.20
2020	109,336	7,464,789,165	68,274	3.05
2021	109,759	7,667,053,899	69,854	2.31
2022	110,830	7,940,620,230	71,647	2.57

Employees' Retirement
(State and Municipal)

Valuation Date As of June 30,	Number	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	% Increase Avg. Pay
2013	8,976	$ 417,020,134	$ 46,459	0.49 %
2014	8,741	423,960,682	48,503	4.40
2015	8,566	429,223,262	50,108	3.31
2016	7,923	395,490,050	49,917	-0.38
2017	7,632	389,389,294	51,021	2.21
2018	7,725	397,640,605	51,475	0.89
2019	8,119	419,453,514	51,663	0.37
2020	8,032	434,681,795	54,119	4.75
2021	7,968	436,295,102	54,756	1.18
2022	7,777	450,844,451	57,972	5.87

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP VALUATION DATA BY PLAN
(continued)

Employees' Pension
(State and Municipal)

Valuation Date As of June 30,	Number	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	% Increase Avg. Pay
2013	75,701	$ 3,613,240,787	$ 47,730	1.49 %
2014	76,084	3,791,019,971	49,827	4.39
2015	75,228	3,871,524,469	51,464	3.29
2016	74,702	3,849,843,225	51,536	0.14
2017	74,455	3,929,663,604	52,779	2.41
2018	73,483	3,903,606,885	53,123	0.65
2019	73,098	3,990,487,247	54,591	2.77
2020	73,624	4,203,514,950	57,094	4.59
2021	71,886	4,245,570,424	59,060	3.44
2022	70,919	4,393,913,408	61,957	4.91

Judges' Retirement

Valuation Date As of June 30,	Number	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	% Increase Avg. Pay
2013	288	$ 40,000,518	$ 138,891	2.20 %
2014	301	42,313,395	140,576	1.21
2015	307	44,612,624	145,318	3.37
2016	298	44,711,221	150,038	3.25
2017	312	46,875,642	150,242	0.14
2018	316	47,498,152	150,311	0.05
2019	315	48,934,800	155,349	3.35
2020	324	51,882,186	160,130	3.08
2021	315	52,073,208	165,312	3.24
2022	317	53,934,013	170,139	2.92

State Police Retirement

Valuation Date As of June 30,	Number	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	% Increase Avg. Pay
2013	1,320	$ 79,848,029	$ 60,491	3.71 %
2014	1,351	85,660,006	63,405	4.82
2015	1,394	91,049,875	65,316	3.01
2016	1,402	93,490,648	66,684	2.09
2017	1,371	100,384,047	73,220	9.80
2018	1,347	100,324,842	74,480	1.72
2019	1,364	106,977,874	78,430	5.30
2020	1,391	116,274,059	83,590	6.58
2021	1,353	119,048,457	87,989	5.26
2022	1,356	124,367,251	91,716	4.24

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP VALUATION DATA BY PLAN
(continued)

Law Enforcement Officers' Pension
(STATE AND MUNICIPAL)

Valuation Date As of June 30,	Number	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	% Increase Avg. Pay
2013	2,407	$ 137,612,972	$ 57,172	1.92 %
2014	2,484	145,672,538	58,644	2.58
2015	2,488	151,955,067	61,075	4.15
2016	2,529	156,396,298	61,841	1.25
2017	2,574	166,560,857	64,709	4.64
2018	2,617	170,555,081	65,172	0.72
2019	2,683	180,963,077	67,448	3.49
2020	2,748	194,666,790	70,839	5.03
2021	2,697	199,460,447	73,956	4.40
2022	2,736	213,002,711	77,852	5.27

Correctional Officers' Retirement System
(MUNICIPAL)

Valuation Date As of June 30,	Number	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	% Increase Avg. Pay
2013	90	$ 4,646,007	$ 51,622	0.39 %
2014	91	4,752,059	52,220	1.16
2015	91	4,890,091	53,737	2.90
2016	93	4,954,236	53,271	-0.87
2017	96	5,261,521	54,808	2.88
2018	97	5,497,631	56,677	3.41
2019	97	5,583,279	57,560	1.56
2020	135	7,937,330	58,795	2.15
2021	134	7,952,640	59,348	0.94
2022	125	7,978,745	63,830	7.55

SRPS

Statistical Section

STATISTICAL SECTION OVERVIEW

The Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS) has implemented GASB Statement 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section. This statement establishes standardized reporting requirements relative to the supplementary information provided in this section in an effort to improve the understandability and usefulness of the information presented. GASB Statement 44 further states that the purpose of the Statistical Section is to provide historical perspective, context, and detail to assist readers in using the information in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to better understand and assess the System's overall economic condition. The schedules within the Statistical Section are classified into the following four categories: Financial Trends, Revenue Capacity, Demographic and Economic Information, and Operating Information.

The schedules beginning on page 133 show financial trend information to assist users in understanding and assessing how the MSRPS's financial position has changed over the past 10 years. The financial trend schedules presented are:

- Changes in Plan Net Position
- Benefits Expense by Type
- Refund Expense by Type

The schedules beginning on page 134 show demographic and economic information and operating information. The demographic and economic information is intended to assist users in understanding the environment in which MSRPS operates. The operating information is intended to provide contextual information about MSRPS's operations to assist readers in using financial statement information. The demographic and economic information and the operating information presented include:

- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments .
- History of Funding Progress
- Contribution Rates by Plan
- Schedule of Retired Members by Type
- Schedule of Active Membership by Plan
- Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries by Plan
- Revenues by Source and Expenses by Type
- Revenues vs. Expenses
- Principal Participating Employers

TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION

for the Years Ended June 30,

(Expressed in thousands)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Additions										
Employer contributions	$ 1,643,101	$ 1,733,653	$ 1,858,612	$ 1,870,655	$2,036,596	$ 1,995,017	$ 2,054,091	$ 2,144,270	$ 2,203,524	$ 2,282,303
Members contributions	710,856	727,726	755,444	764,414	782,686	791,583	807,291	850,298	865,738	894,267
Net Investment expense	3,845,795	5,706,267	1,197,671	497,531	4,473,443	3,899,393	3,288,209	1,866,639	14,315,762	-1,942,133
Total Additions	6,199,752	8,167,646	3,811,727	3,132,600	7,292,725	6,685,993	6,149,591	4,861,207	17,385024	1,234,437
Deductions										
Benefit payments	2,950,700	3,121.823	3,284,550	3,469,493	3,577,123	3,744,132	3,926,220	4,108,492	4,233,047	4,394,350
Refunds	38,281	42,922	48,245	58,362	63,441	68,600	67,400	68,752	64,774	91,535
Administrative expenses	26,280	26,130	29,080	28,659	30,904	33,211	39,784	41,346	48,740	42,061
Total Deductions	3,015,261	3,190,875	3,361,875	3,556,514	3,671,468	3,845,943	4,033,404	4,218,590	4,366,561	4,527,946
Changes in Plan Net Positions	$ 3,184,491	$ 4,976,771	$ 449,852	$ (423,914)	$ 3,621,257	$ 2,840,050	$ 2,116,187	$ 642,617	13,018,463	-3,293,509

SCHEDULE OF BENEFIT EXPENSE BY TYPE

(Expressed In Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Age & Service Benefits		Death In Service Pre-Retirement Benefits	Disability Benefits			Total
				Retirees			
	Retirees	Survivors		Accidental	Ordinary	Survivors	
2013	$ 2,484,792	$ 118,044	$ 20,027	$ 116,636	$ 192,440	$ 18,761	$ 2,950,700
2014	2,633,852	124,807	20,514	120,829	202,147	19,672	3,121,823
2015	2,777,136	130,215	21,005	124,090	211,373	20,731	3,284,550
2016	2,937,077	138,467	21,592	128,518	221,849	21,990	3,469,493
2017	3,028,182	145,322	21,522	130,309	229,143	22,644	3,577,122
2018	3,175,588	152,066	21,655	133,671	237,539	23,612	3,744,132
2019	3,334,495	161,203	21,720	138,313	245,429	25,059	3,926,220
2020	3,496,003	171,010	22,494	141,504	250,956	26,526	4,108,492
2021	3,622,725	180,283	23,242	144,625	254,621	27,551	4,253,047
2022	3,748,807	191,749	24,944	146,436	253,859	28,555	4,394,350

SCHEDULE OF REFUND EXPENSE BY TYPE

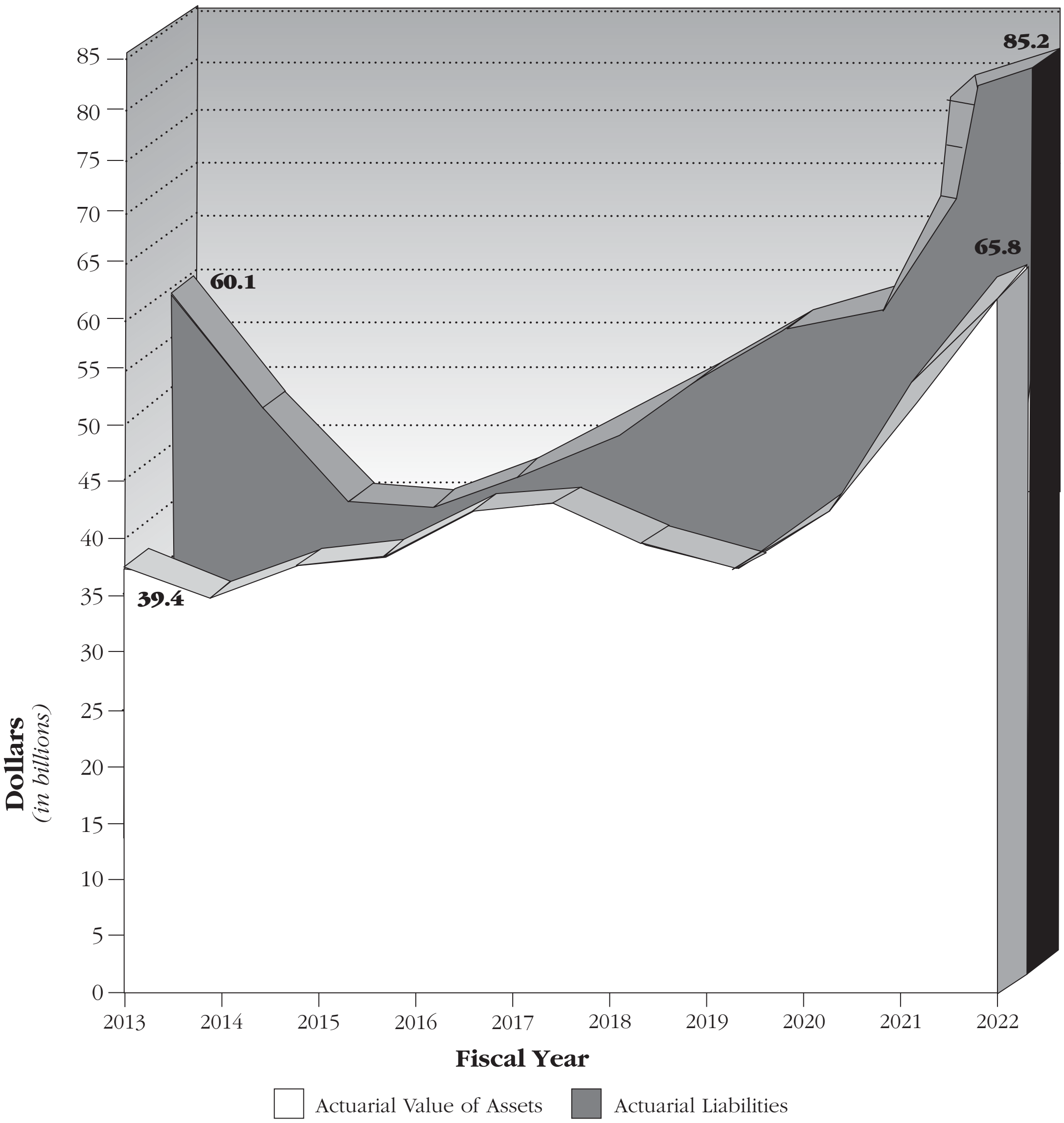
(Expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Separation	Death	Misc.	Total
2013	$ 33,348	$ 4,834	$ 99	$ 38,281
2014	36,835	5,955	132	42,922
2015	40,966	7,126	153	48,245
2016	51,372	6,869	120	58,362
2017	54,671	8,538	238	63,441
2018	59,108	9,315	177	68,600
2019	58,848	8,394	158	67,400
2020	59,871	8,804	77	68,752
2021	53,004	11,665	105	64,774
2022	74,654	16,753	128	91,535

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM
TEN YEAR HISTORY OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

	Years Credited Service						
	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+
Period 7/1/2012 to 6/30/2013							
Average monthly benefit	$ 435	$ 473	$ 802	$ 1,317	$ 1,712	$ 2,231	$ 3,297
Monthly final average salary	$ 2,810	$ 3,577	$ 3,907	$ 4,686	$ 5,028	$ 5,548	$ 6,217
Number of retired members	234	972	860	910	978	917	2,389
Period 7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014							
Average monthly benefit	$ 405	$ 472	$ 832	$ 1,324	$ 1,794	$ 2,234	$ 3,383
Monthly final average salary	$ 2,475	$ 3,508	$ 4,064	$ 4,699	$ 5,222	$ 5,673	$ 6,380
Number of retired members	218	918	873	964	910	938	2,304
Period 7/1/2014 to 6/30/2015							
Average monthly benefit	$ 454	$ 459	$ 888	$ 1,304	$ 1,804	$ 2,275	$ 3,246
Monthly final average salary	$ 2,338	$ 3,515	$ 4,139	$ 4,679	$ 5,124	$ 5,571	$ 6,134
Number of retired members	201	911	972	1,089	968	1,042	2,621
Period 7/1/2015 to 6/30/2016							
Average monthly benefit	$ 501	$ 472	$ 869	$ 1,367	$ 1,901	$ 2,366	$ 3,377
Monthly final average salary	$ 2,371	$ 3,407	$ 4,128	$ 4,773	$ 5,427	$ 5,786	$ 6,425
Number of retired members	219	918	934	1,118	953	1,016	2,423
Period 7/1/2016 to 6/30/2017							
Average monthly benefit	$ 576	$ 509	$ 864	$ 1,400	$ 1,943	$ 2,454	$ 3,479
Monthly final average salary	$ 2,199	$ 3,626	$ 4,110	$ 4,865	$ 5,389	$ 5,855	$ 6,563
Number of retired members	138	748	873	1,028	964	863	2,060
Period 7/1/2017 to 6/30/2018							
Average monthly benefit	$ 279	$ 520	$ 938	$ 1,476	$ 1,982	$ 2,626	$ 3,526
Monthly final average salary	$ 3,012	$ 3,482	$ 4,290	$ 4,934	$ 5,457	$ 6,046	$ 6,584
Number of retired members	87	704	925	1,200	1,084	964	2,428
Period 7/1/2018 to 6/30/2019							
Average monthly benefit	$ 311	$ 508	$ 950	$ 1,510	$ 2,028	$ 2,678	$ 3,597
Monthly final average salary	$ 3,082	$ 3,360	$ 4,243	$ 4,916	$ 5,460	$ 6,034	$ 6,580
Number of retired members	109	816	956	1,213	1,086	967	2,439
Period 7/1/2019 to 6/30/2020							
Average monthly benefit	$ 487	$ 512	$ 940	$ 1,549	$ 2,049	$ 2,819	$ 3,639
Monthly final average salary	$ 3,400	$ 3,639	$ 4,441	$ 5,170	$ 5,651	$ 6,431	$ 6,800
Number of retired members	42	531	830	1,023	962	840	2,151
Period 7/1/2020 to 6/30/2021							
Average monthly benefit	$ 604	$ 489	$ 947	$ 1,521	$ 2,099	$ 3,005	$ 3,772
Monthly final average salary	$ 3,856	$ 3,660	$ 4,428	$ 5,181	$ 5,699	$ 6,626	$ 6,987
Number of retired members	45	410	845	976	995	823	1,901
Period 7/1/2021 to 6/30/2022							
Average monthly benefit	$ 632	$ 567	$ 1,031	$ 1,591	$ 2,162	$ 3,039	$ 3,954
Monthly final average salary	$ 3,992	$ 3,667	$ 4,625	$ 5,345	$ 5,795	$ 6,711	$ 7,239
Number of retired members	61	480	890	1,181	1,226	900	2,066

TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF FUNDING PROGRESS



TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES BY PLAN

	State						Participating Governmental Units (PGU)		
Fiscal Year	**Combined State Rate**	**Teachers' Combined Rate**	**Employees' Combined Rate**	**Judges' Retirement**	**State Police Retirement**	**Law Enforcement Officers' Pension**	**Law Enforcement Officers' Pension**	**Employees' Combined Rate**	**Correctional Officers' Retirement**
2013	13.85%	13.29%	12.29%	61.18%	61.21%	46.81%	28.71%	5.46%	7.96%
2014	15.43	14.71	14.05	50.92	66.71	52.47	31.76	6.47	9.41
2015	16.41	15.47	15.53	42.74	83.06	41.37	30.45	6.20	11.43
2016	16.83	15.71	16.38	40.70	78.91	39.77	31.94	5.00	10.43
2017	17.58	15.79	18.28	46.56	81.40	39.60	31.18	4.64	9.81
2018	17.60	15.71	18.56	46.45	80.29	39.69	30.75	5.03	9.53
2019	17.42	15.43	18.58	44.53	78.41	39.78	31.43	5.47	9.85
2020	17.82	15.59	19.56	44.44	79.58	41.37	32.22	5.85	10.26
2021	17.85	14.96	20.71	40.27	78.09	42.96	34.93	6.71	9.67
2022	17.50	14.67	20.50	41.92	75.30	42.28	34.21	7.04	11.06

Does not include reduction of $120 Million in contributions for State Systems due to 2011 General Assembly reforms.

SCHEDULE OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE
as of June 30, 2022

Amount of Monthly Benefit	Number of Retirees	Type of Retirement NR(1)	ER(2)	SP(3)	SPD(4)	ADR(5)	ODR(6)	SPDR(7)
1 - 300	18,465	16,287	726	976	14	10	238	214
301 - 600	15,971	11,382	2,153	1,092	37	18	908	381
601 - 900	14,068	8,787	2,487	987	85	32	1,349	341
901 - 1,200	13,249	8,023	2,335	922	82	73	1,559	255
1,201 - 1,500	12,281	7,688	1,922	897	86	162	1,305	221
1,501 - 1,800	12,007	7,984	1,581	777	78	260	1,154	173
1,801 - 2,100	10,878	7,470	1,271	614	68	297	1,075	83
2,101 - 2,400	10,027	7,037	1,118	539	52	357	856	68
2,401 - 2,700	9,239	6,750	852	425	59	400	706	47
2,701 - 3,000	8,236	6,162	703	358	51	366	564	32
Over 3,000	47,814	40,120	2,039	1,488	253	1,799	1,970	145
	172,235	127,690	17,187	9,075	865	3,774	11,684	1,960

Type of Retirement:

1 – Normal retirement for age and service
2 – Early retirement
3 – Survivor payment – normal or early retirement
4 – Survivor payment – death in service
5 – Accidental disability retirement
6 – Ordinary disability retirement
7 – Survivor payment – disability retirement

OF RETIREMENT AND OPTION SELECTED

#Option Selected							
MAX	**Opt. 1**	**Opt. 2**	**Opt. 3**	**Opt. 4**	**Opt. 5**	**Opt. 6**	**Opt. 7**
10,261	3,556	1,903	759	769	727	484	6
7,873	2,546	1,895	1,231	935	730	756	5
6,324	1,961	1,714	1,349	1,153	646	917	4
5,773	1,570	1,626	1,410	1,226	626	1,015	3
5,049	1,352	1,759	1,316	1,146	715	942	2
4,621	1,405	1,766	1,340	1,163	748	961	3
4,094	1,291	1,602	1,151	1,173	638	926	3
3,757	1,113	1,508	1,137	1,068	553	888	3
3,510	1,043	1,342	994	996	520	832	2
3,221	867	1,159	887	960	404	733	5
20,629	4,090	6,040	5,071	6,537	1,800	3,621	26
75,112	20,794	22,314	16,645	17,126	8,107	12,075	62

Option Selected:

Basic – The standard benefit if no option is selected. Generally, at retiree's death, all payments cease. However, the basic allowance for the State Police, Law Enforcement Offices (LEOPS), Judges and Legislators provides a continuing benefit for spouses or children under 18.

Opt. 1 – Guarantees return of the present value of the retirement benefit less the total payments already paid to the member.

Opt. 2 – Guarantees the same payment to the designated beneficiaries for their lifetime.

Opt. 3 – Guarantees one half the member's payment to the designated beneficiaries for their lifetime.

Opt. 4 – Guarantees return of the member's accumulated contributions and interest less the member's accumulated reserves already paid.

Opt. 5 – Guarantees the same payment to the designated beneficiaries for their lifetime, unless the beneficiaries predecease the respective members. Allowance then increases to the basic.

Opt. 6 – Guarantees one half the member's payment to the designated beneficiaries for their lifetime, unless the beneficiaries predecease the respective members. Allowance then increases to the basic.

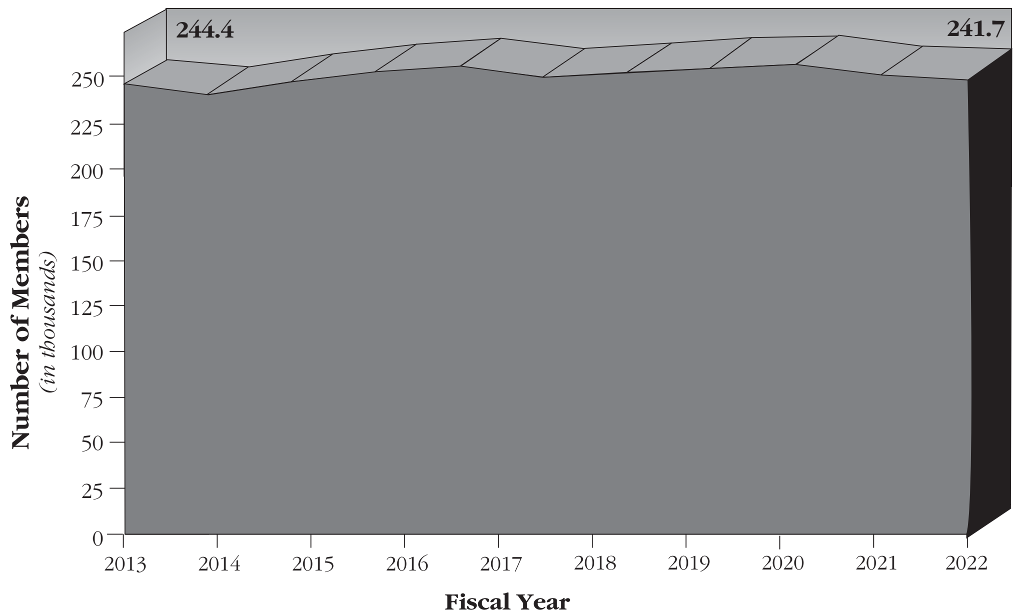
Opt. 7 – Special option calculation performed by actuary.

TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP BY PLAN

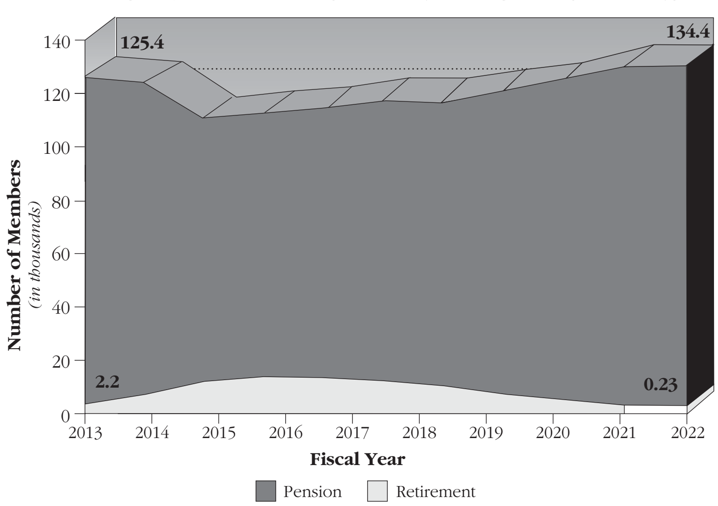
Fiscal Year	Total	Teachers' Retirement	Teachers' Pension	Employees' Retirement*	Employees' Pension	Judges' Retirement	State Police Retirement	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension	Local Correctional Officers' Retirement
2013	244,362	2,154	125,429	9,865	102,463	298	1,404	2,658	91
2014	245,655	1,718	126,972	9,572	102,791	309	1,433	2,767	93
2015	246,369	1,372	128,695	9,370	102,270	315	1,475	2,781	91
2016	246,062	1,051	129,794	8,749	101,760	305	1,486	2,823	94
2017	246,370	805	130,990	8,409	101,415	321	1,461	2,869	100
2018	244,732	617	131,417	8,481	99,425	325	1,446	2,922	99
2019	243,704	487	131,769	8,887	97,691	323	1,453	2,994	100
2020	244,753	380	133,243	8,782	97,343	332	1,478	3,054	141
2021	242,362	300	133,391	8,750	95,029	322	1,439	2,990	141
2022	241,713	235	134,357	8,527	93,661	327	1,442	3,031	133

Note: Includes vested former members. *Includes members of the Maryland General Assembly and State correctional officers.

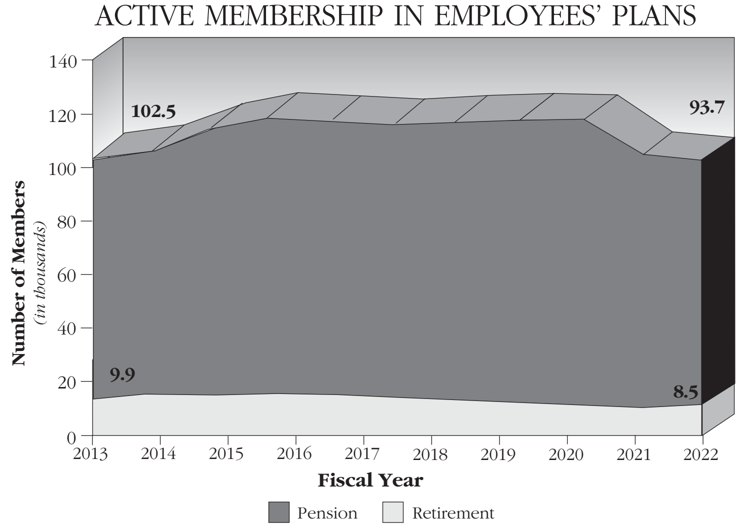
TOTAL SYSTEM ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP



ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP IN TEACHERS' PLANS



ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP IN EMPLOYEES' PLANS

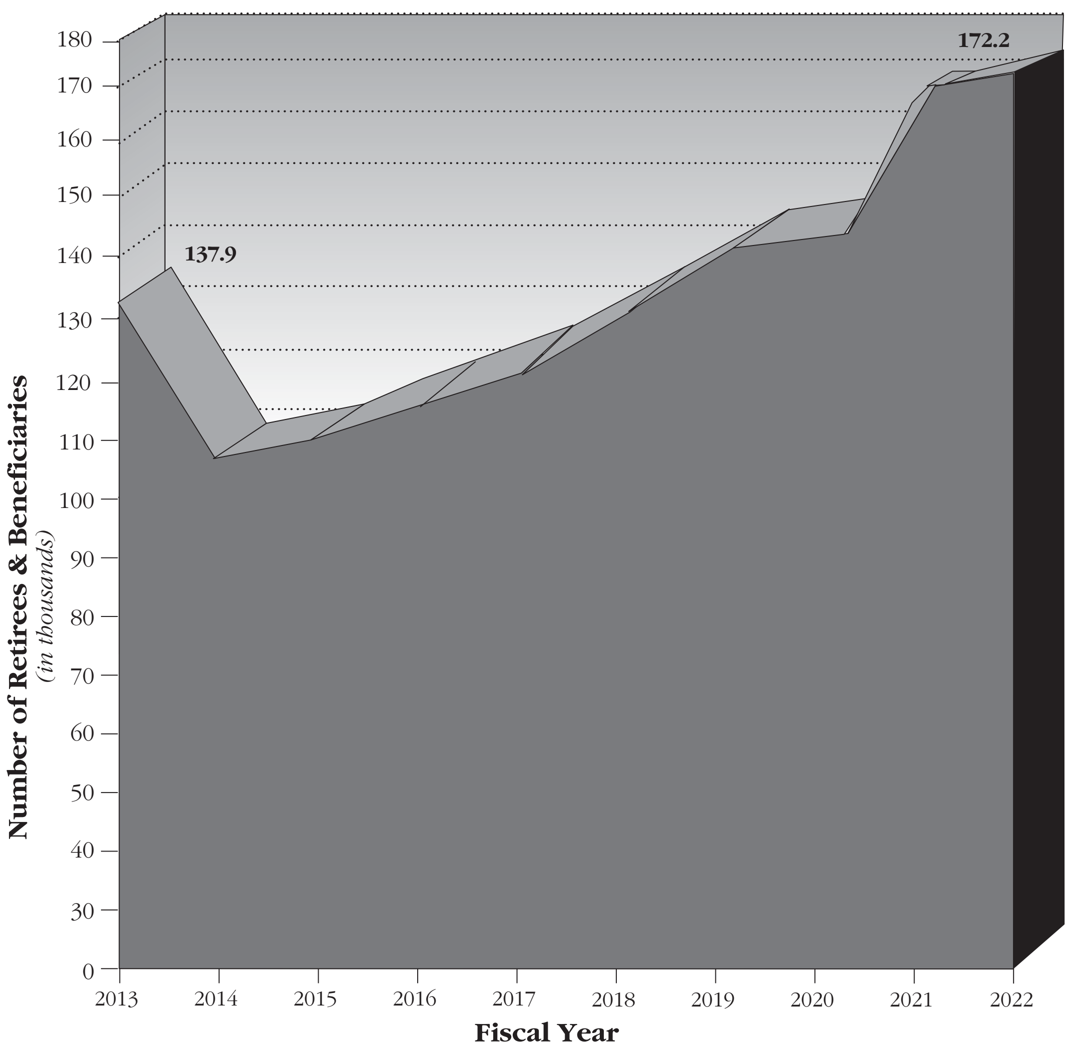


TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES BY PLAN

Fiscal Year	Total	Teachers' Retirement	Teachers' Pension	Employees' Retirement*	Employees' Pension	Judges' Retirement	State Police Retirement	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension	Correctional Officers' Retirement System
2013	137,925	29,247	37,143	22,368	44,825	378	2,428	1,518	18
2014	142,887	28,762	40,167	22,013	47,446	395	2,468	1,613	23
2015	147,850	28,131	43,045	21,571	50,460	397	2,508	1,711	27
2016	152,566	27,552	46,030	21,172	53,039	407	2,536	1,801	29
2017	156,366	26,762	48,747	20,734	55,206	417	2,572	1,896	32
2018	160,374	25,764	51,437	20,340	57,947	421	2,477	1,954	34
2019	164,892	24,822	54,329	19,955	60,757	431	2,505	2,053	40
2020	167,644	23,858	56,581	19,464	62,583	441	2,517	2,153	47
2021	169,368	22,790	58,725	18,832	63,705	442	2,559	2,264	51
2022	172,235	21,904	60,980	18,382	65,463	463	2,597	2,393	53

* Includes members of the Maryland General Assembly and correctional officers.

TOTAL SYSTEM RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES



TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENSES BY TYPE

(Expressed in Thousands)

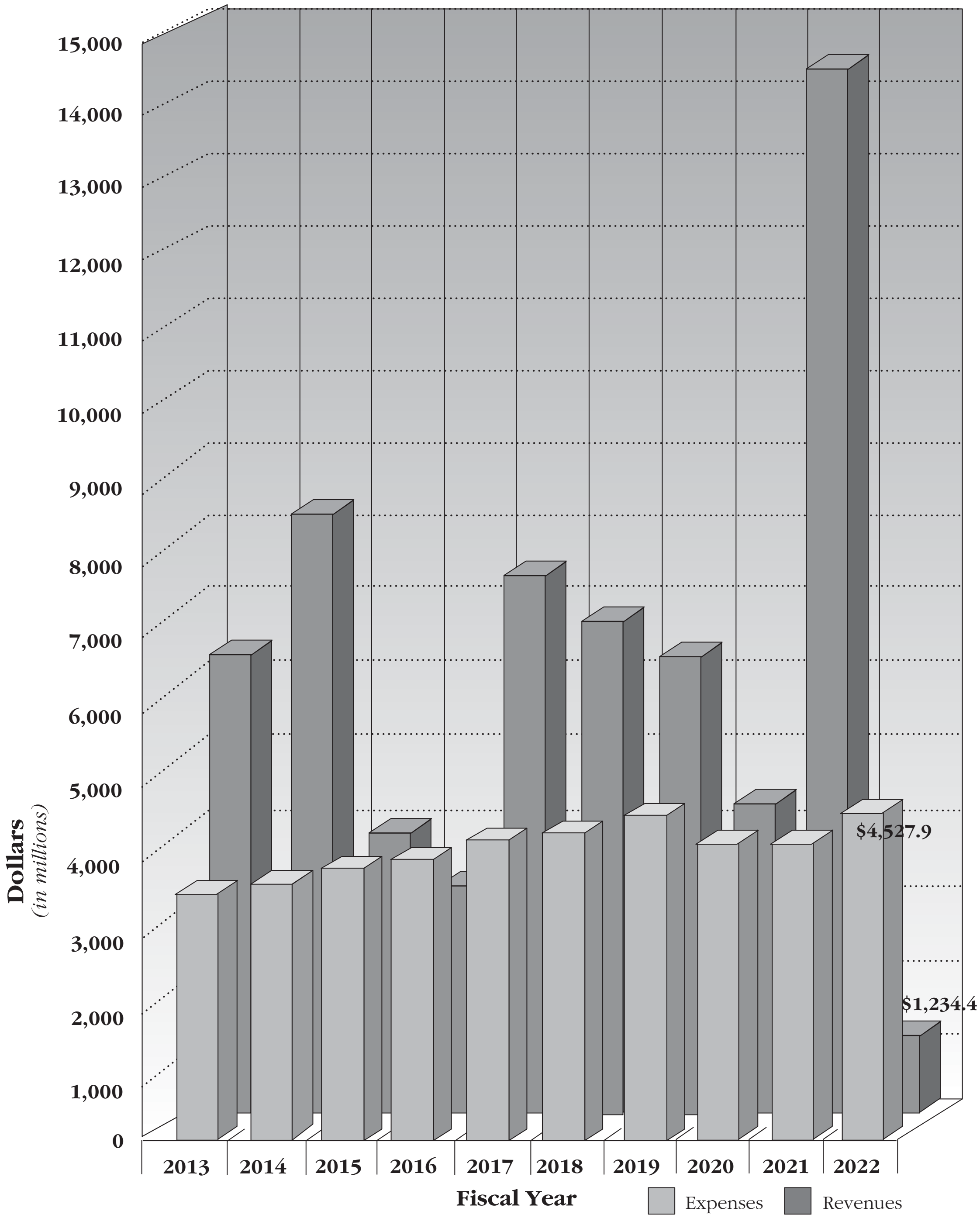
REVENUES

Fiscal Year	Members' Contributions	Employers' and Other Contributions	Annual Covered Payroll	Employers' and Other Contributions as a Percent of Covered Payroll	Net Investment Income/Loss	Total Revenues
2013	$ 710,856	$ 1,643,101	$ 10,477,544	15.68 %	$ 3,845,795	$ 6,199,752
2014	727,726	1,733,653	10,803,631	16.05	5,706,267	8,167,646
2015	755,444	1,858,612	11,063,961	16.80	1,197,671	3,811,727
2016	764,414	1,870,655	11,155,924	16.77	497,531	3,132,600
2017	782,686	2,036,596	11,418,973	17.83	4,473,443	7,292,725
2018	791,583	1,995,017	11,566,220	17.24	3,899,393	6,685,993
2019	807,291	2,054,091	11,905,463	17.25	3,288,209	6,149,591
2020	850,298	2,144,270	12,501,422	17.15	1,866,639	4,861,207
2021	865,738	2,203,524	12,749,247	17.28	14,315,762	17,385,024
2022	894,267	2,282,303	13,201,816	17.29	(1,942,133)	1,234,437

EXPENSES

Fiscal Year	Benefits	Administrative Expenses	Refunds	Total
2013	$ 2,950,700	$ 26,280	$ 38,281	$ 3,015,261
2014	3,121,823	26,130	42,922	3,190,875
2015	3,284,550	29,080	48,245	3,361,875
2016	3,469,493	28,659	58,362	3,556,514
2017	3,577,123	30,904	63,441	3,671,468
2018	3,744,132	33,211	68,600	3,845,943
2019	3,926,220	39,784	67,400	4,033,404
2020	4,108,492	41,346	68,752	4,218,590
2021	4,253,047	48,740	64,774	4,366,561
2022	4,394,350	42,061	91,535	4,527,946

TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF REVENUES VS. EXPENSES



PRINCIPAL PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

	2022			2012		
	Covered Employees	**Rank**	**Percentage of Total System**	**Covered Employees**	**Rank**	**Percentage of Total System**
Participating Government						
State of Maryland	362,115	1	87%	329,704	1	88%
All other (Participating Municipalities)	51,833	2	13%	47,013	2	12%
Total System	413,948			376,717		

Governmental Units Participating in the Systems

as of June 30, 2022

Allegany Community College
Allegany County Board of Education
Allegany County Government
Allegany County Library
Allegany County Transit Authority
Annapolis, City of
Anne Arundel Community College
Anne Arundel County Board of Education
Baltimore Metropolitan Council
Berlin, Town of
Berwyn Heights, Town of
Bladensburg, Town of
Bowie, City of
Brentwood, Town of
Brunswick, City of
Calvert County Board of Education
Cambridge, City of
Cambridge Housing Authority
Caroline County Board of Education
Caroline County Sheriff Deputies
Carroll County Board of Education
Carroll County Public Library
Carroll Soil Conservation District
Catoctin & Frederick County Soil Conservation District
Cecil County Board of Education
Cecil County Government
Cecil County Library
Centreville, Town of
Chesapeake Bay Commission
Chestertown, Town of
Cheverly, Town of
College of Southern Maryland
College Park, City of
Crisfield, City of
Crisfield Housing Authority
Cumberland, City of
Cumberland, City of -Police Department
Denton, Town of
District Heights, City of
Dorchester County Board of Education
Dorchester County Government
Dorchester County Roads Board
Dorchester County Sanitary Commission
Eastern Shore Regional Library
Edmonston, Town of
Elkton, Town of
Emmitsburg, Town of
Federalsburg, Town of
Frederick County Board of Education
Frostburg, City of
Fruitland, City of
Garrett County Board of Education
Garrett County/Western Maryland Health Planning Council
Garrett County Community Action Committee
Garrett County Roads Board
Greenbelt, City of
Greensboro, Town of
Hagerstown, City of
Hagerstown Community College
Hampstead, Town of
Harford County Board of Education
Harford County Community College
Harford County Government
Harford County Library
Harford County Liquor Board
Howard Community College
Howard County Board of Education
Howard County Community Action Committee
Hurlock, Town of
Hyattsville, City of
Kent County Board of Education
Kent County Government
Kent Soil And Water Conservation District
Landover Hills, Town of
LaPlata, Town of
Manchester, Town of
Maryland Health & Higher Educational Facilities Authority
Middletown, Town of
Montgomery College
Morningside, Town of
Mount Airy, Town of
Mount Rainier, City of
New Carrollton, City of
North Beach, Town of
Northeast Maryland Waste Disposal Authority
Oakland, Town of
Oxford, Town of
Pocomoke, City of
Preston, Town of
Prince Georges Community College
Prince Georges County Board of Education
Prince Georges County Crossing Guards
Prince Georges County Government
Prince Georges County Memorial Library
Princess Anne, Town of
Queen Anne's County Board of Education
Queen Anne's County Government
Queenstown, Town of
Ridgely, Town of
Rockhall, Town of
Salisbury, City of
Shore Up!
Snow Hill, Town of
Somerset County Board of Education
Somerset County Government
Somerset County Economic Development Commission
Somerset County Sanitary District, Inc.
Southern MD Tri-County Community Action Committee
St. Mary's County Board of Education
St. Mary's County Government
St. Mary's County Housing Authority
St. Mary's County Metropolitan Commission
St. Michaels, Town of
Sykesville, Town of
Takoma Park, City of
Talbot County Board of Education
Talbot County Government
Taneytown, Town of
Thurmont, City of
Tri-County Council For Lower Eastern Shore
Tri-County Council For Western Maryland
University Park, Town of
Upper Marlboro, Town of
Walkersville, Town of
Washington County Board of Education
Washington County Liquor Board
Washington County Library
Westminster, City of
Worcester County Board of Education
Worcester County Government
Worcester County Liquor Control Board
Wor-Wic Community College

*Withdrawn Governmental Units

Allegany County Housing Authority
Anne Arundel County Economic Opportunity Commission

**List reflects withdrawn governmental units with a withdrawal liability balance.*

SRPS

Plan Summary

This guide provides a general summary of certain features of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System ("MSRPS"). The MSRPS is governed by law, including Division II of the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland, and Title 22 of the Code of Maryland Regulations. If there is a conflict between the law and this guide, the law prevails.

CITATIONS

All citations "SPP" are to the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland.

Teachers' Retirement System

A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2022	2021
Total Membership		
Active Vested	150	199
Active Non-Vested	0	0
Vested Former Members	85	101
Retired Members	21,904	22,790
Active Members		
Number	150	199
Average Age	71.7	70.4
Average Years of Service	45.9	44.8
Average Annual Salary	$ 118,704	$ 109,510
Retirees & Beneficiaries		
Number	21,904	22,790
Average Age	79.8	79.3
Average Monthly Benefit	$ 3,741	$ 3,553

1. Membership

System closed to new members hired on or after January 1, 1980. Members on December 31, 1979 continue to be members unless they elected to transfer into the Teachers' Pension System (established January 1, 1980) prior to January 1, 2005.

Membership generally includes any teacher, helping teacher, principal, supervisor, superintendent, attendance officer or clerk employed in public day school within the State of Maryland, or supported and controlled by the State; any librarian or clerical employee of a library established or operated under the Education Article; any professional or clerical employee of a community college established or operated under the Education Article; or staff employee of the University System of Maryland, Morgan State University or St. Mary's College who is a member as of January 1, 1998.

2. Member Contributions

Retirement System members participate under one of three elections (effective July 1, 1984):

- Plan A: Generally 7% of earnable compensation to maintain all benefits, including unlimited compounded cost-of-living adjustments.
- Plan B: Generally 5% of earnable compensation to maintain all benefits, except the compounded cost-of-living adjustments which are capped at 5%.
- Plan C: 5% of earnable compensation as determined under the employee contribution for the Teachers' Pension System (Plan C provides a two-part benefit based on benefits of the Teachers' Retirement System and the Teachers' Pension System).

Interest earned on all employee contributions is 4% per year, compounded annually, until retirement, withdrawal of accumulated contributions, death, or the end of membership for former members who are not entitled to receive a vested allowance.

3. Normal Retirement Age

Normal retirement age is age 60.

4. Normal Service Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: 30 years of eligibility service or attainment of age 60.

Allowance: 1/55th of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member for each year of creditable service. Creditable service is based on a full normal working time for teachers – 10 months equals one year.

Plan C: For creditable service before election date, the amount determined by the service retirement formula for Teachers' Retirement System; for creditable service after election date, the amount determined by the service retirement formula for the applicable component of the Teachers' Pension System.

5. Early Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: 25 years of eligibility service and less than 60 years old.

Allowance: Service Retirement allowance reduced by 0.5% for each month that date of retirement precedes the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 30 years of eligibility service (maximum reduction of 30%).

Plan C: For creditable service before election date, the amount determined by the service retirement formula for Teachers' Retirement System (maximum reduction of 30%); for creditable service after election date, the amount determined by the service retirement formula for the applicable component of the Teachers' Pension System for each month retirement occurs prior to age 62 (maximum reduction of 42%).

6. Disability Retirement Allowance

Ordinary

Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is mentally or physically incapacitated from the performance of the normal duties of the member's position, and that incapacity is permanent.

Allowance: The benefit is $1/55^{th}$ of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member for each year of creditable service. The minimum benefit is 25% of average final compensation; the maximum benefit can be no greater than $1/55^{th}$ of average final compensation for each year of creditable service the member would have accrued if employment continued to age 60.

Plan C: The benefit is the greater of the Teachers' Retirement System allowance noted above, or the ordinary disability benefit of the Teachers' Pension System.

Accidental

Eligibility: Certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is totally and permanently incapacitated from the performance of the normal duties of the member's position as the natural and proximate result of an accident that occurred in the actual performance of duty at a definite time and place without willful negligence by the member.

Allowance: The benefit is 66.67% of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member, plus the annuity provided by accumulated member contributions. The maximum benefit cannot be greater than the average final compensation, including any annuitized accumulated contributions.

7. Death Benefits

Ordinary Death Benefit For Active Member With Less Than One Year of Service

Eligibility: Less than one year of eligibility service and not eligible for a special death benefit

Benefit: Return of accumulated contributions

Ordinary Death Benefit For Active Member With One Or More Years of Service

Eligibility: One or more years of eligibility service and not eligible for a special death benefit

Benefit:
Members who at the time of death are younger than age 55 or have less than 15 years of service.
One-time lump sum payment of member's annual earnable compensation at time of death plus accumulated contributions to the member's designated beneficiary.

Members who at the time of death are eligible to retire and are age 55 or older with at least 15 years of service.
The surviving spouse of a deceased member may elect to receive: (1) a one-time lump sum payment of the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus the member's accumulated contributions; or (2) a monthly allowance under Option 2 (100% survivor benefit). In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse, the decedent's children may elect to receive: (1) a one-time lump sum payment of the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus the member's accumulated contributions; or (2) an allowance equal to 50% of the basic allowance that would have been paid to the deceased member, prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. The annuity shall be reallocated among the remaining eligible children. If any child is disabled, the benefit will continue for that child as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, the member's

designated beneficiary shall receive a one-time lump sum payment consisting of the member's accumulated contributions and the member's annual compensation at the time of death.

Special Death Benefit For Active Member
Eligibility: Death arising out of or in the course of the actual performance of duty without willful negligence by the member.

Benefit: 66.67% of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member payable to a surviving spouse, decedent's children or dependent parents. Accumulated member contributions are paid to the designated beneficiary. Children of deceased members receiving a special death benefit will continue to receive this benefit, prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. The annuity shall be reallocated among the remaining eligible children. Disabled children receiving a special death benefit may receive a special death benefit as long as they remain disabled, regardless of age.

Death Benefit For Vested Former Member
If member is not active, but is eligible for a vested allowance, the member's designated beneficiary or estate is eligible to receive only accumulated member contributions at time of death.

8. Vested Allowance

Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and separation from employment other than by death or retirement.

Allowance: Vested allowance payable at normal retirement age, provided member does not withdraw accumulated contributions.

If member dies before payment of the vested allowance starts, only accumulated member contributions are returned.

9. Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)

Retirement allowances may be adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Any COLAs are effective July 1 for all allowances which have been in payment for one year.

- Selection A (Additional Member Contributions): Uncapped and compounded.
- Selection B (Limited COLA): Capped at 5% and compounded.
- Selection C (Combination Formula): For creditable service on or after the effective date of Selection C, generally, with limited exceptions, COLA is capped at 3% and compounded. For creditable service before the effective date of Selection C, COLA is calculated based on the applicable component (A or B) to which the member was subject prior to electing Section C.

In years in which COLAs would be less than zero due to a decline in the CPI, retirement allowances will not be adjusted. COLAs in succeeding years are adjusted until the difference between the negative COLA that would have applied and the zero COLA is fully recovered.

10. Optional Forms of Payment

Basic service allowance is a single life annuity.

Option 1: Lump-sum refund equal to excess of present value of basic retirement allowance at date of retirement minus total amount of payments made to date of death excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 2: 100% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 3: 50% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary.

Option 4: Lump-sum refund equal to value of accumulated member contributions minus total portion of monthly payments attributed to member contributions made to date of death, excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 5: 100% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 6: 50% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

Retirees who have selected Options 2, 3, 5, or 6 and change their designated beneficiary after they retire, will have their retirement allowance re-calculated to reflect the age of the new designated beneficiary. Retirees who elect to change their beneficiary under Options 2, 3, 5, and 6, may rescind their request to change their designated beneficiary before the second monthly allowance is paid. Retirees who rescind the change of beneficiary, will have their benefit payment amount for the next payment restored to the amount paid before the change in beneficiary was made.

Vested former members who are eligible to receive a vested allowance of less than $50 a month may elect to receive a lump-sum payment equal to the present value in lieu of a monthly benefit.

11. Reduction for Benefits Payable under Workers' Compensation

Disability retirement allowances, excluding annuity reserves, are reduced for workers' compensation benefits paid or payable after retirement from injury occurring during employment by the State if the workers' compensation benefits are for the same injury for which disability retirement was granted and are paid or payable for the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are paid. Teachers' Retirement System retirees receiving an accidental disability payment are subject to an offset if they are getting a workers' compensation payment for the same injury or illness, subject to specified limits. Offsets do not include any calculation of cost-of-living benefits that are paid on the original benefit amount. Conversely, workers' compensation payments are subject to an offset by the Workers' Compensation Commission if a recipient is receiving an ordinary disability payment from the Teachers' Retirement System for the same injury or illness. Any offset taken for an accidental disability from the Teachers' Retirement System will be adjusted if the retiree was originally awarded an ordinary disability retirement benefit that was later converted to an accidental disability benefit. The adjusted offset shall reflect any offset awarded to the retiree's employer by the Workers' Compensation Commission.

Teachers' Pension System

A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2022	2021
Total Membership		
Active Vested	60,079	59,953
Active Non-Vested	50,751	49,806
Vested Former Members	23,527	23,632
Retired Members	60,980	58,725
Active Members		
Number	110,830	109,759
Average Age	45.2	45.1
Average Years of Service	12.1	12.1
Average Annual Salary	$ 71,828	$ 69,854
Retirees & Beneficiaries		
Number	60,980	58,725
Average Age	72.3	71.9
Average Monthly Benefit	$ 2,164	$ 2,073

1. Membership

Membership is generally a condition of employment for those teachers, faculty members, and educational employees, specified in SPP § 23-206 of the Annotated Code of Maryland, hired on or after January 1, 1980. Certain eligible higher education employees may elect to join an optional defined contribution retirement program provided by the State, known as the Optional Retirement Program (ORP). The ORP is separate and distinctive from the supplemental program administered by the Maryland Supplemental Retirement Plan.

All individuals who are members of the Teacher's Pension System on or before June 30, 2011, participate in the Alternate Contributory Pension Selection (ACPS) except for the members who transferred from the Teachers' Retirement System after April 1, 1998 or former vested members who terminated employment prior to July 1, 1998.

All individuals who enroll in the Teachers' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, participate in the Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit (RCPB).

2. Member Contributions

Members of both the ACPS and the RCPB are required to make contributions of 7% of earnable compensation.

Contributions earn interest at 5% per year, compounded annually, until retirement, withdrawal of accumulated contributions, death, or the end of membership for former members who are not entitled to receive a vested allowance.

3. Normal Retirement Age

For members of the Alternate Contributory Pension Selection, normal retirement age is age 62.

For members of the Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit, normal retirement age is age 65.

4. Normal Service Retirement Allowance

ACPS Eligibility 30 years of eligibility service or attainment of one of the following:

Age 62 with five years of eligibility service.
Age 63 with four years of eligibility service.
Age 64 with three years of eligibility service.
Age 65 and older with two years of eligibility service.

ACPS Allowance The greater of (i) or (ii), plus (iii), as described below:

(i) 1.2% of average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years as a member for each year of creditable service on or before June 30, 1998;
(ii) 0.8% of average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years as a member up to the Social Security Integration Level (SSIL) plus 1.5% of average final compensation over the integration level for each year of creditable service on or before June 30, 1998;
(iii) the number of years of the member's creditable service on or after July 1, 1998 multiplied by 1.8% of the member's average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years as a member.

RCPB Eligibility: Combined age and eligibility service of at least 90 years or age 65 after 10 years of eligibility service.

RCPB Allowance: 1.5% of average final compensation for the five highest consecutive years as a member for each year of creditable service on or after July 1, 2011.

The SSIL is the average of all Social Security Wage Bases over the 35 calendar years prior to your retirement.

Note: Members who transferred into the Teachers' Pension System, on or after April 1, 1998, receive benefits based on the provisions of the NCPS (refer to page 149) in effect as of January 1, 1980, except for COLA benefits.

5. Early Retirement Allowance

ACPS Eligibility: Age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service.

ACPS Allowance: Service retirement allowance computed as of early retirement date, reduced by 0.5% for each month that early retirement date precedes age 62 (maximum reduction of 42%).

RCPB Eligibility: Age 60 with at least 15 years of eligibility service.

RCPB Allowance: Service retirement allowance computed as of early retirement date, reduced by 0.5% for each month that early retirement date precedes age 65 (maximum reduction of 30%).

6. Disability Retirement Allowance

Ordinary

Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is mentally or physically incapacitated from the performance of the normal duties of the member's position, and that incapacity is likely to be permanent.

Allowance: The benefit is the service retirement allowance computed on the basis that service continues until normal retirement age. If disability occurs after age 62 (age 65 for RCPB), the benefit is based on creditable service at time of retirement.

Accidental

Eligibility: Certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is totally and permanently incapacitated from the performance of the normal duties of the member's position as the natural and proximate result of an accident that occurred in the actual performance of duty without willful negligence by the member.

Allowance: The benefit is 66.67% of average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years (five highest for RCPB) as a member plus the annuity provided by accumulated member contributions. The maximum benefit cannot be greater than the average final compensation including any annuitized accumulated contributions.

7. Death Benefits

Ordinary Death Benefit For Active Member With Less Than One Year of Service

Eligibility: Less than one year of eligibility service and not eligible for a special death benefit.

Benefit: Return of accumulated contributions

Ordinary Death Benefit For Active Member With One Or More Years of Service

Eligibility: One or more years of eligibility service and not eligible for a special death benefit

Benefit:

Members who at the time of death are not members of the Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit, are younger than age 55 and have less than 15 years of service or are members of the Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit, are younger than age 60 and have less than 15 years of service.

One-time lump sum payment of member's annual earnable compensation at time of death plus accumulated contributions to the member's designated beneficiary.

Members who at the time of death: (1) are eligible to retire; (2) have accrued at least 25 years of eligibility service; (3) are not members of the Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit and are age 55 or older with at least 15 years of service; or (4) are members of the Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit and are age 60 or older with at least 15 years of service.

The surviving spouse of a deceased member may elect to receive: (1) a one-time lump sum payment of the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus the member's accumulated contributions; or (2) a monthly allowance under Option 2 (100% survivor benefit). In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse, the decedent's children may elect to receive: (1) a one-time lump sum payment of the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus the member's accumulated contributions; or (2) an allowance equal to 50% of the basic allowance that would have been paid to the deceased member, prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. The annuity shall be reallocated among the remaining eligible children. If any child is disabled, the benefit will continue for that child as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, the member's designated beneficiary shall receive a one-time lump sum payment consisting of the member's accumulated contributions and the member's annual compensation at the time of death.

Special Death Benefit For Active Member

Eligibility: Death arising out of or in the course of the actual performance of duty without willful negligence by the member.

Benefit: 66.67% of average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years as a member, except for member's participating in the RCPB component for which the average final compensation is the five highest consecutive years as a member, payable to a surviving spouse, decedent's children or dependent parents. Accumulated contributions are paid to the designated beneficiary. Children of deceased members receiving a special death benefit will continue to receive this benefit prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. The annuity shall be reallocated among the remaining eligible children. Disabled children receiving a special death benefit may receive a special death benefit as long as they remain disabled, regardless of age.

Death Benefit For Vested Former Member
If a member is not active, but is eligible for a vested allowance, the member's designated beneficiary or estate is eligible to receive only accumulated member contributions at time of death.

8. Vested Allowance

ACPS Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and separation from employment other than by death or retirement.

ACPS Allowance: Accrued retirement allowance payable at age 62 provided member does not withdraw accumulated contributions. A member who has completed 15 years of eligibility service may begin to receive benefit payments at any time on or after attainment of age 55, reduced by 0.5% for each month that benefit commencement date precedes age 62 (maximum reduction of 42%.)

If member dies before payment of the vested allowance starts, only accumulated member contributions are returned.

RCPB Eligibility: 10 years of eligibility service and separation from employment other than by death or retirement

RCPB Allowance: Accrued retirement allowance payable at age 65 provided member does not withdraw accumulated contributions. A member who has completed 15 years of eligibility service may begin to receive benefit payments at any time on or after attainment of age 60, reduced by 0.5% for each month that benefit commencement date precedes age 65 (maximum reduction of 30%.)

If member dies before payment of the vested allowance starts, only accumulated member contributions are returned.

9. Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)

Retirement allowances may be adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Effective July 1, 1998, and for an allowance based on creditable service before July 1, 2011, the adjustment is capped at a maximum of 3% compounded and is applied to all allowances which have been in payment for one year. For an allowance based on creditable service earned on or after July 1, 2011, the COLA adjustment is capped at 2.5% if, for the calendar year ending December 31 in the previous fiscal year, the several systems' total investment performance was greater than or equal to the assumed rate of investment return established by the Board of Trustees and in effect as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year. The adjustment is capped at 1% if, for the calendar year ending December 31 in the previous fiscal year, the several systems' total investment performance was less than the assumed rate of investment return established by the Board of Trustees and in effect as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year.

In years in which COLAs would be less than zero due to a decline in the CPI, retirement allowances will not be adjusted. COLAs in succeeding years are adjusted until the difference between the negative COLA that would have applied and the zero COLA is fully recovered.

Any adjustments are effective July 1.

10. Optional Forms of Payment

Basic service allowance is a single life annuity.

Option 1: Lump-sum refund equal to excess of present value of basic retirement allowance at date of retirement minus total amount of payments made to date of death excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 2: 100% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 3: 50% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary.

Option 4: Lump-sum refund equal to value of accumulated member contributions minus total portion of monthly payments attributed to member contributions made to date of death, excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 5: 100% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 6: 50% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

Retirees who have selected Options 2, 3, 5, or 6 and change their designated beneficiary after they retire, will have their retirement allowance re-calculated to reflect the age of the new designated beneficiary. Retirees who elect to change their beneficiary under Options 2, 3, 5, and 6, may rescind their request to change their designated beneficiary before the second monthly allowance is paid. Retirees who rescind the change of beneficiary, will have their benefit payment amount for the next payment restored to the amount paid before the change in beneficiary was made.

Vested former members who are eligible to receive a vested allowance of less than $50 a month may elect to receive a lump-sum payment equal to the present value in lieu of a monthly benefit.

11. Reduction for Benefits Payable under Workers' Compensation

Disability retirement allowances, excluding annuity reserves, are reduced for workers' compensation benefits paid or payable after retirement from injury occurring during employment by the State if the workers' compensation benefits are for the same injury for which disability retirement was granted and are paid or payable for the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are paid. Teachers' Pension System retirees receiving an accidental disability payment are subject to an offset if they are getting a workers' compensation payment for the same injury or illness, subject to specified limits. Offsets do not include any calculation of cost-of-living benefits that are paid on the original benefit amount. Conversely, workers' compensation payments are subject to an offset by the Workers' Compensation Commission if a recipient is receiving an ordinary disability payment from the Teachers' Pension System for the same injury or illness. Any offset taken for an accidental disability from the Teachers' Pension System will be adjusted if the retiree was originally awarded an ordinary disability retirement benefit that was later converted to an accidental disability benefit. The adjusted offset shall reflect any offset awarded to the retiree's employer by the Workers' Compensation Commission.

Employee's Retirement System

A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2022	2021
Total Membership		
Active Vested	4,616	4,658
Active Non-Vested	3,161	3,310
Vested Former Members	750	782
Retired Members	18,382	18,832
Active Members		
Number	7,777	7,968
Average Age	46.0	45.7
Average Years of Service	13.0	13.0
Average Annual Salary	$ 56,616	$ 54,756
Retirees & Beneficiaries		
Number	18,382	18,832
Average Age	73.6	73.5
Average Monthly Benefit	$ 2,303	$ 2,192

1. Membership

System closed to new members hired on or after January 1, 1980. Members on December 31, 1979 continue to be members unless they elected to transfer into the Employees' Pension System (established January 1, 1980) prior to January 1, 2005.

Membership generally includes employees of the State and other eligible participating employers.

2. Member Contributions

- Plan A: Generally, 7% of earnable compensation to maintain all benefits, including unlimited compounded cost-of-living adjustments.
- Plan B: Generally, 5% of earnable compensation to maintain all benefits, except the compounded cost-of-living adjustments which are capped at 5%.
- Plan C: Provides a two-part benefit based on benefits of the Employees' Retirement System and the Employees' Pension System. Employee contributions, if any, are based on participation of the employer in the applicable component of the Employees' Pension System. (refer to summary of Employees' Pension System).

Interest earned on all employee contributions is 4% per year, compounded annually, until retirement, withdrawal of accumulated contributions, death, or the end of membership for former members who are not entitled to receive a vested allowance.

3. Normal Retirement Age

Normal retirement age is age 60.

4. Normal Service Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: 30 years of eligibility service or attainment of age 60.

Allowance: 1/55th of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member for each year of creditable service.

Plan C: For creditable service before election date, the amount determined by the service retirement formula for Employees' Retirement System; for creditable service after election date, the amount determined by the service retirement formula for the applicable component of the Employees' Pension System under which the employer and member participates.

5. Early Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: 25 years of eligibility service and less than 60 years old.

Allowance: Service retirement allowance reduced by 0.5% for each month that date of retirement precedes the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 30 years of eligibility service (maximum reduction of 30%).

Plan C: For creditable service before election date, the amount determined by the service retirement formula for Employees' Retirement System with a maximum reduction of 30%; for creditable service after election date, the amount determined by the service retirement formula for the applicable component of the Employees' Pension System under which the employer participates with a 0.5% reduction for each month retirement occurs prior to age 62 (maximum reduction of 42%).

6. Disability Retirement Allowance

Ordinary

Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is mentally or physically incapacitated from the performance of the normal duties of the member's position, and that incapacity is permanent.

Allowance: The benefit is $1/55^{th}$ of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member for each year of creditable service. The minimum benefit is 25% of average final compensation; the maximum benefit can be no greater than $1/55^{th}$ of average final compensation for each year of creditable service the member would have accrued if employment continued to age 60.

Plan C: The benefit is the greater of the Employees' Retirement System allowance noted above, or the ordinary disability benefit of the Employees' Pension System.

Accidental

Eligibility: Certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is totally and permanently incapacitated from the performance of the normal duties of the member's position as the natural and proximate result of an accident that occurred in the actual performance of duty at a definite time and place without willful negligence by the member.

Allowance: The benefit is 66.67% of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member, plus the annuity provided by accumulated member contributions. The maximum benefit cannot be greater than the average final compensation, including any annuitized accumulated contributions.

7. Death Benefits

Ordinary Death Benefit For Active Member With Less Than One Year of Service
Eligibility: Less than one year of eligibility service and not eligible for a special death benefit.

Benefit: Return of accumulated contributions

Ordinary Death Benefit For Active Member With One or More Years of Service
Eligibility: One or more years of eligibility service and not eligible for a special death benefit.

Benefit:

Members who at the time of death are younger than age 55 or have less than 15 years of service.
One-time lump sum payment of member's annual earnable compensation at time of death plus accumulated contributions to the member's designated beneficiary.

Members who at the time of death are eligible to retire and are age 55 or older with at least 15 years of service.
The surviving spouse of a deceased member may elect to receive: (1) a one-time lump sum payment of the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus the member's accumulated contributions; or (2) a monthly allowance under Option 2 (100% survivor benefit). In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse, the decedent's children may elect to receive: (1) a one-time lump sum payment of the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus the member's accumulated contributions; or (2) an allowance equal to 50% of the basic allowance that would have been paid to the deceased member, prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. The annuity shall be reallocated among the remaining eligible children. If any child is disabled, the benefit will continue for that child as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, the member's designated beneficiary shall receive a one-time lump sum payment consisting of the member's accumulated contributions and the member's annual compensation at the time of death.

Special Death Benefit For Active Member
Eligibility: Death arising out of or in the course of the actual performance of duty without willful negligence by the member.

Benefit: 66.67% of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member payable to a surviving spouse, decedent's children or dependent parents. Accumulated member contributions are paid to the designated beneficiary. Children of deceased members receiving a special death benefit will continue to receive this benefit, prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. The annuity shall be reallocated among the remaining eligible children. Disabled children receiving a special death benefit may receive a special death benefit as long as they remain disabled, regardless of age.

Death Benefit For Vested Former Member
If member is not active, but is eligible for a vested allowance, the member's designated beneficiary or estate is eligible to receive only accumulated member contributions at time of death.

8. Vested Allowance

Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and separation from employment other than by death or retirement.

Allowance: Vested allowance payable at normal retirement age, provided member does not withdraw accumulated member contributions.

9. Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)

Retirement allowances may be adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Any COLAs are effective July 1 for all allowances which have been in payment for one year.

- Selection A (Additional Member Contributions): Uncapped and compounded.
- Selection B (Limited COLA): Capped at 5% and compounded.
- Selection C (Combination Formula): For creditable service on or after the effective date of Selection C, generally, with limited exceptions, COLA is capped at 3% and compounded. For creditable service before the effective date of Selection C, COLA is calculated based on the applicable component (A or B) to which the member was subject prior to electing Selection C.

In years in which COLAs would be less than zero due to a decline in the CPI, retirement allowances will not be adjusted. COLAs in succeeding years are adjusted until the difference between the negative COLA that would have applied and the zero COLA is fully recovered.

10. Optional Forms of Payment

Basic service allowance is a single life annuity.

Option 1: Lump-sum refund equal to excess of present value of basic retirement allowance at date of retirement minus total amount of payments made to date of death excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 2: 100% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 3: 50% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary.

Option 4: Lump-sum refund equal to value of accumulated member contributions minus total portion of monthly payments attributed to member contributions made to date of death, excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 5: 100% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 6: 50% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

Retirees who have selected Options 2, 3, 5, or 6 and change their designated beneficiary after they retire, will have their retirement allowance re-calculated to reflect the age of the new designated beneficiary. Retirees who elect to change their beneficiary under Options 2, 3, 5, and 6, may rescind their request to change their designated beneficiary before the second monthly allowance is paid. Retirees who rescind the change of beneficiary, will have their benefit payment amount for the next payment restored to the amount paid before the change in beneficiary was made.

Vested former members who are eligible to receive a vested allowance of less than $50 a month may elect to receive a lump-sum payment equal to the present value in lieu of a monthly benefit.

11. Reduction for Benefits Payable Under Workers' Compensation

Disability retirement allowances, excluding annuity reserves, are reduced for workers' compensation benefits paid or payable after retirement from injury occurring during employment by the State if the workers' compensation benefits are for the same injury for which disability retirement was granted and are paid or payable for the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are paid. Employees' Retirement System retirees receiving an accidental disability payment are subject to an offset if they are getting a workers' compensation payment for the same injury or illness, subject to specified limits. Offsets do not include any calculation of cost-of-living benefits that are paid on the original benefit amount. Conversely, workers' compensation payments are subject to an offset by the Workers' Compensation Commission if a recipient is receiving an ordinary disability payment from the Employees' Retirement System for the same injury or illness. Any offset taken for an accidental disability from the Employees' Retirement System will be adjusted if the retiree was originally awarded an ordinary disability retirement benefit that was later converted to an accidental disability benefit. The adjusted offset shall reflect any offset awarded to the retiree's employer by the Workers' Compensation Commission.

Correctional Officers' Retirement System

COMPOSITE THAT INCLUDES STATE & MUNICIPAL

	2022	2021
Total Membership		
Active Vested	4,465	4,475
Active Non-Vested	3,099	3,259
Vested Former Members	637	653
Retired Members	6,756	6,514
Active Members		
Number	7,564	7,734
Average Age	44.8	44.5
Average Years of Service	12.4	12.2
Average Annual Salary	$ 57,342	$ 55,035
Retirees & Beneficiaries		
Number	6,756	6,514
Average Age	63.3	62.8
Average Monthly Benefit	$ 2,099	$ 2,032

1. Membership

Membership is generally a condition of employment for correctional officers serving in the first six job classifications, individuals serving as a security chief, a facility administrator, and assistant warden or a warden, maximum security attendants at Clifton T. Perkins Hospital Center, and employees of the State as provided in SPP § 25-201. This includes participating governmental units who elect to have their detention center officers participate in the Correctional Officers' Retirement System.

2. Member Contributions

Members are required to make contributions of 5% of earnable compensation.

Interest earned on all employee contributions is 4% per year, compounded annually, until retirement, withdrawal of accumulated contributions, death, or the end of membership for former members who are not entitled to receive a vested allowance.

3. Normal Retirement Age

Normal retirement age is age 55 for service retirement, age 60 for disability retirement.

4. Normal Service Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: For individuals who are members on or before June 30, 2011, either age 55 with at least 5 years of eligibility service credit or 20 years of eligibility service, regardless of age. For individuals who are members on or after July 1, 2011, either age 55 with at least 10 years of eligibility service credit, or 20 years of eligibility service, regardless of age.

Allowance: For individuals who are members on or before June 30, 2011, 1/55th of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member for each year of creditable service. For individuals who are members on or after July 1, 2011, 1/55th of average final compensation for the five highest years as a member for each year of creditable service.

5. Early Retirement Allowance

Not applicable to the Correctional Officers' Retirement System, except for certain Baltimore City Jail employees who may retire with 10 years of creditable service., as specified in SPP § 25-401.1.

6. Disability Retirement Allowance

Ordinary
Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is mentally or physically incapacitated from the performance of the normal duties of the member's position, and that incapacity is likely to be permanent.

Allowance: The benefit is 1/55th of the average final compensation for the three highest years as a member (five highest for members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011). The minimum benefit is 25% of average final compensation; the maximum benefit can be no greater than 1/55th of average final compensation for each year of creditable service the member would have accrued if employment continued to age 60.

Accidental
Eligibility: Certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is totally and permanently incapacitated from the performance of the normal duties of the member's position as the natural and proximate result of an accident that occurred in the actual performance of duty at a definite time and place without willful negligence by the member.

Allowance: The benefit is 66.67% of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member (five highest for members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011), plus the annuity provided by accumulated member contributions. The maximum benefit cannot be greater than the average final compensation, including any annuitized accumulated contributions.

7. Death Benefits

Ordinary Death Benefit For Active Member With Less Than One Year of Service
Eligibility: Less than one year of eligibility service and not eligible for a special death benefit.

Benefit: Return of accumulated contributions

Ordinary Death Benefit For Active Members With One Or More Years of Service
Eligibility: One or more years of eligibility service and not eligible for a special death benefit.

Benefit:

Members who at the time of death are younger than age 55 or have less than 15 years of service
One-time lump sum payment of member's annual earnable compensation at time of death plus accumulated contributions to the member's designated beneficiary.

Members who at the time of death are eligible to retire and are age 55 or older with at least 15 years of service
The surviving spouse of a deceased member may elect to receive: (1) a one-time lump sum payment of the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus the member's accumulated contributions; or (2) a monthly allowance under Option 2 (100% survivor benefit). In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse, the decedent's children may elect to receive: (1) a one-time lump sum payment of the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus the member's accumulated contributions; or (2) an allowance equal to 50% of the basic allowance that would have been paid to the deceased member, prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. The annuity shall be reallocated among the remaining eligible children. If any child is disabled, the benefit will continue for that child past age 26 as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, the member's designated beneficiary shall receive a one-time lump sum payment consisting of the member's accumulated contributions and the member's annual compensation at the time of death.

Special Death Benefit for Active Member

Eligibility: Death arising out of or in the course of the actual performance of duty without willful negligence by the member.

Benefit: 66.67% of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member payable to a surviving spouse, the decedent's children or dependent parents. Accumulated member contributions are paid to the designated beneficiary. Children of deceased members receiving a special death benefit will continue to receive this benefit, prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. The annuity shall be reallocated among the remaining eligible children. Disabled children receiving a special death benefit may receive a special death benefit as long as they remain disabled, regardless of age.

Death Benefit For Vested Former Member
If member is not active, but is eligible for a vested allowance, the member's designated beneficiary or estate is eligible to receive only accumulated member contributions at time of death.

8. Vested Allowance

Eligibility: For individuals who are members on or before June 30, 2011, five years of eligibility service. For individuals who become member on or after July 1, 2011, 10 years of eligibility service. Member must also be separated from employment other than by death or retirement.

Allowance: Service retirement allowance payable at age 55 provided the member does not withdraw the member's accumulated contributions.

9. Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)

Retirement allowances may be adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Any COLAs are effective July 1 for all allowances which have been in payment for one year.

Uncapped compounded COLAs are applied to all benefits attributable to creditable service earned on or before June 30, 2011.

For an allowance based on creditable service earned on or after July 1, 2011, the COLA is capped at 2.5% if, for the calendar year ending December 31 in the previous fiscal year the several systems' total investment performance was greater than or equal to the assumed rate of investment return established by the Board of Trustees and in effect as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year. The adjustment is capped at 1% if, for the calendar year ending December 31 in the previous fiscal year, the several systems' total investment performance was less than the assumed rate of investment return established by the Board of Trustees and in effect as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year.

In years in which COLAs would be less than zero due to a decline in the CPI, retirement allowances will not be adjusted. COLAs in succeeding years are adjusted until the difference between the negative COLA that would have applied and the zero COLA is fully recovered.

10. Optional Forms of Payment

Basic service allowance is a single life annuity.

Option 1: Lump-sum refund equal to excess of present value of basic retirement allowance at date of retirement minus total amount of payments made to date of death excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 2: 100% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 3: 50% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary.

Option 4: Lump-sum refund equal to value of accumulated member contributions minus total portion of monthly payments attributed to member contributions made to date of death, excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 5: 100% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 6: 50% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

Retirees who have selected Options 2, 3, 5, or 6 and change their designated beneficiary after they retire, will have their retirement allowance re-calculated to reflect the age of the new designated beneficiary. Retirees who elect to change their beneficiary under Options 2, 3, 5, and 6, may rescind their request to change their designated beneficiary before the second monthly allowance is paid. Retirees who rescind the change of beneficiary, will have their benefit payment amount for the next payment restored to the amount paid before the change in beneficiary was made.

Vested former members who are eligible to receive a vested allowance of less than $50 a month may elect to receive a lump-sum payment equal to the present value in lieu of a monthly benefit.

11. Reduction for Benefits Payable Under Workers' Compensation

Disability retirement allowances, excluding annuity reserves, are reduced for workers' compensation benefits paid or payable after retirement from injury occurring during employment by the State if the workers' compensation benefits are for the same injury for which disability retirement was granted and are paid or payable for the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are paid. Correctional Officers' Retirement System retirees receiving an accidental disability payment are subject to an offset if they are getting a workers' compensation payment for the same injury or illness, subject to specified limits. Offsets do not include any calculation of cost-of-living benefits that are paid on the original benefit amount. Conversely, workers' compensation payments are subject to an offset by the Workers' Compensation Commission if a recipient is receiving an ordinary disability payment from the Correctional Officers' Retirement System for the same injury or illness. Any offset taken for an accidental disability from the Correctional Officers' Retirement System will be adjusted if the retiree was originally awarded an ordinary disability retirement benefit that was later converted to an accidental disability benefit. The adjusted offset shall reflect any offset awarded to the retiree's employer by the Workers' Compensation Commission.

Legislative Pension Plan

A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2022	2021
Total Membership		
Active Vested	68	69
Active Non-Vested	121	119
Vested Former Members	39	42
Retired Members	311	313
Active Members		
Number	189	188
Average Age	55.1	54.0
Average Years of Service	9.0	8.5
Average Annual Salary	$ 49,877	$ 50,490
Retirees & Beneficiaries		
Number	311	313
Average Age	76.6	76.2
Average Monthly Benefit	$ 1,524	$ 1,539

1. Membership

Membership is generally a condition of employment for members of the Maryland General Assembly during the 2019-2022 term of office.

2. Member Contributions

Members are required to contribute 7% of annual salary up to 22 years and three months of creditable service.

Interest earned on all employee contributions is 4% per year, compounded annually, until retirement or withdrawal of accumulated contributions.

3. Normal Retirement Age

For members who have creditable service prior to January 14, 2015, normal retirement age is age 60.

For members who do not have creditable service prior to January 14, 2015, normal retirement age is age 62.

4. Service Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: For individuals who have creditable service in the Legislative Pension Plan before January 14, 2015, age 60 with eight years of creditable service. For individuals who have no creditable service in the Legislative Pension Plan before January 14, 2015, age 62 with eight years of creditable service.

Allowance: 3% of salary of an active legislator for each year of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. The maximum benefit available for a member is 66.67% of salary payable to an active legislator.

5. Reduced Service Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: For individuals who have creditable service in the Legislative Pension Plan before January 14, 2015, age 50 with eight years of creditable service. For individuals who have no creditable service in the Legislative Pension Plan before January 14, 2015, age 55 with eight years of creditable service.

Allowance: For individuals who have creditable service in the Legislative Pension Plan before January 14, 2015, a service retirement allowance computed as of early retirement date, reduced by 0.5% for each month under age 60 (maximum reduction of 60%). For individuals who have no creditable service in the Legislative Pension Plan before January 14, 2015, a service retirement allowance computed as of early retirement date, reduced by 0.5% for each month under age 62 (maximum reduction of 42%).

6. Disability Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: Eight years of creditable service, regardless of age, and certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that the member is mentally or physically incapacitated from further performance of duty as a legislator, and that incapacity is likely to be permanent.

Allowance: Service retirement allowance, regardless of age.

7. Death Benefits

Death Of A Member With At Least Eight Years Of Creditable Service
Eligibility: At least eight years of creditable service.

Beneficiary: Payment of the benefit shall be made to the member's surviving spouse. If there is no surviving spouse at the time of the member's death, the benefit shall be prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. If any child is disabled, the benefit will continue as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, payment will be made to the member's designated beneficiary.

Benefit: The member's beneficiary (surviving spouse, children, or designated beneficiary) may elect to receive: (1) a return of the member's accumulated contributions plus the member's annual salary, if any, at the time of death; or (2) an annuity equal to 50% of the retirement allowance that would have been paid at the member's death, regardless of the member's age. The surviving spouse or children will begin receiving the death benefit at the time of the member's death. A designated beneficiary who elects to receive the annuity may not begin receiving the benefit until the beneficiary reaches age 60, if the deceased member had creditable service in the Legislative Pension Plan before January 14, 2015, or age 62, if the deceased member did not have creditable service before January 14, 2015. The designated beneficiary may elect to begin receiving a reduced annuity at age 50, if the deceased member had creditable service before January 14, 2015, or age 55 if the deceased member did not have creditable service before January 14, 2015.

Death Of A Member With Less Than Eight Years Of Creditable Service
Eligibility: A member currently serving in the legislature with less than eight years of creditable service

Beneficiary: Payment of the benefit shall be made to the member's surviving spouse. If there is no surviving spouse at the time of the member's death, the benefit shall be prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share if the child is under age 26 or the child is disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, payment will be made to the member's designated beneficiary. If a member designates more than one beneficiary, the benefit shall be prorated equally among each beneficiary.

Benefit: A lump-sum benefit equal to the member's accumulated contributions plus the member's annual salary at the time of death.

Death Of A Member With No Beneficiary
On death of a member who is not survived by a spouse, children, or designated beneficiary, the Board of Trustees shall pay the member's accumulated contributions to the estate of the member.

Death Of Retiree
Upon the death of a retiree, a survivor allowance equal to 50% of the retiree's retirement allowance is payable to the retiree's surviving spouse for the spouse's life. If the retiree has no surviving spouse and the retiree has creditable service before January 14, 2015, the full survivor allowance is payable to the designated beneficiary for life beginning at age 60 or an optional reduced survivor allowance is payable to the designated beneficiary for life beginning at age 50. If the retiree has no surviving spouse and the retiree has no creditable service before January 14, 2015, the full survivor allowance is payable to the designated beneficiary for life beginning at age 62 or an optional reduced survivor allowance is payable to the designated beneficiary for life beginning at age 55.

8. Vested Allowance

Eligibility: Eight years of creditable service and separation from employment other than by death or retirement.

Allowance: For individuals who have creditable service in the Legislative Pension Plan before January 14, 2015, a service retirement allowance payable at age 60, provided the member has not withdrawn the member's accumulated contributions. For individuals who have no creditable service in the Legislative Pension Plan before January 14, 2015, a service retirement allowance payable at age 62, provided the member has not withdrawn the member's accumulated contributions.

9. Cost-of-Living Adjustments

Generally, allowances are recalculated each time the salary for a sitting legislator increases.

10. Optional Forms of Payment

Basic Allowance: Normal service allowance with a 50% joint and survivor annuity to the retiree's surviving spouse. If there is no surviving spouse, to the retiree's designated beneficiary. A surviving spouse will begin receiving the death benefit at the time of the retiree's death. A designated beneficiary may not begin receiving the benefit until the beneficiary reaches age 60, if the deceased retiree had creditable service in the Legislative Pension Plan before January 14, 2015, or age 62, if the deceased retiree did not have creditable service before January 14, 2015. The designated beneficiary may elect to begin receiving a reduced annuity at age 50, if the deceased retiree had creditable service before January 14, 2015, or age 55 if the deceased retiree did not have creditable service before January 14, 2015.

Option 1: 100% joint and survivor annuity. If, at the time of retirement the member is married and elects to receive Option 1, the member's spouse must be the designated beneficiary. The designated beneficiary may not be more than 10 years younger than the member unless the beneficiary is the member's spouse or disabled child.

Employees' Pension System

A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2022	2021
Total Membership		
Active Vested	33,742	34,958
Active Non-Vested	37,177	36,928
Vested Former Members	22,742	23,143
Retired Members	65,463	63,705
Active Members		
Number	70,919	71,886
Average Age	48.9	48.8
Average Years of Service	11.4	11.6
Average Annual Salary	$ 60,925	$ 59,060
Retirees & Beneficiaries		
Number	65,463	63,705
Average Age	71.7	71.3
Average Monthly Benefit	$ 1,477	$ 1,405

1. Membership

Membership is generally a condition of employment for all regular employees of the State of Maryland hired on or after January 1, 1980, excluding those eligible for the Teachers' Retirement System, Teachers' Pension System, State Police Retirement System, certain judges, correctional officers, Law Enforcement Officers Pension System, and members of the General Assembly. Certain governmental units also have elected to participate in the System.

There are four plans under the Employees' Pension System.

- Noncontributory Pension System **(NCPS)** - The original pension system established on January 1, 1980 that only applies to certain participating governmental units that did not elect to participate in the Contributory Pension System, Alternate Contributory Pension Selection, or Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit.
- Employees' Contributory Pension System **(ECPS)** – The ECPS established July 1, 1998 that only applies to certain participating governmental units that elected the ECPS but did not elect to participate in the Alternate Contributory Pension Selection, or Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit.
- Alternate Contributory Pension Selection **(ACPS)**

applies to all State employees and employees of participating governmental units that are members of the ACPS on or before June 30, 2011.

- Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit (**RCPB**) – Applies to all State employees and, employees of participating governmental units enrolling in the Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011. It does not apply to employees of participating governmental units that did not elect to participate in the ACPS or RCPB.

2. Member Contributions

NCPS: Members are only required to make contributions of 5% on earnable compensation that exceeds the Social Security Taxable Wage Base.

ECPS: Members are required to make contributions of 2% of earnable compensation.

ACPS: Members are required to make contributions of 7% of earnable compensation.

RCPB: Members are required to make contributions of 7% of earnable compensation.

Contributions earn interest at 5% per year, compounded annually, until retirement, withdrawal of accumulated contributions, death, or the end of membership for former members who are not entitled to receive a vested allowance.

3. Normal Retirement Age

For members of the Non-Contributory, Contributory, or Alternate Contributory Pension Selection, normal retirement age is age 62.

For members of the Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit, normal retirement age is age 65.

4. Normal Service Retirement Allowance

NCPS, ECPS, and ACPS Eligibility 30 years of eligibility service or attainment of one of the following:

Age 62 with five years of eligibility service
Age 63 with four years of eligibility service
Age 64 with three years of eligibility service
Age 65 or older with two years of eligibility service

NCPS Allowance:

0.8% of average final compensation up to the Social Security Integration Level (SSIL) for the three highest consecutive years as a member plus 1.5% of average final compensation over the SSIL for each year of creditable service;

ECPS Allowance: The greater of (i) or (ii), plus (iii), as described below:

(i) 1.2% of average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years as a member for each year of creditable service on or before June 30, 1998;

(ii) 0.8% of average final compensation up to the SSIL for the three highest consecutive years as a member plus 1.5% of average final compensation over the SSIL for each year of creditable service on or before June 30, 1998;

(iii) 1.4% of average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years as a member for each year of creditable service after June 30, 1998.

ACPS Allowance: The greater of (i) or (ii), plus (iii), as described below:

(i) 1.2% of average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years as a member for each year of creditable service on or before June 30, 1998;

(ii) 0.8% of average final compensation up to the SSIL for the three highest consecutive years as a member plus 1.5% of average final compensation over the SSIL for each year of creditable service on or before June 30, 1998;

(iii) 1.8% of average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years as a member for each year of creditable service after June 30, 1998.

RCPB Eligibility Combined age and eligibility service of at least 90 years or age 65 with 10 or more years of eligibility service.

RCPB Allowance: 1.5% of average final compensation for the five highest consecutive years as a member for each year of creditable service on or after July 1, 2011.

SSIL is the average of all Social Security Wage Bases over the 35 calendar years prior to your retirement.

Note: Members who transferred into the Employees' Pension System, on or after April 1, 1998, receive benefits based on the provisions of the NCPS as in effect on January 1, 1980 except for COLA benefits.

5. Early Retirement Allowance

NCPS, ECPS, and ACPS Eligibility: Age 55 and at least 15 years of eligibility service.

NCPS, ECPS, and ACPS Allowance: Service retirement allowance computed as of early retirement date, reduced by 0.5% for each month that early retirement date precedes age 62 (maximum reduction is 42%).

RCPB Eligibility: Age 60 with at least 15 years of eligibility service.

RCPB Allowance: Service retirement allowance computed as of early retirement date, reduced by 0.5% for each month that early retirement date precedes age 65 (maximum reduction is 30%).

6. Disability Retirement Allowance

Ordinary

Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is mentally or physically incapacitated from the performance of the normal duties of the member's position, and that incapacity is likely to be permanent.

Allowance: The benefit is the service retirement allowance computed on the basis that service continues until normal retirement age. If disability occurs on or after age 62 (age 65 for RCPB), the benefit is based on creditable service at time of retirement.

Accidental

Eligibility: Certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is totally and permanently incapacitated from the performance of the normal duties of the member's position as the natural and proximate result of an accident that occurred in the actual performance of duty without willful negligence by the member.

Allowance: The benefit is 66.67% of average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years (five highest for RCPB) as a member, plus the annuity provided by accumulated member contributions. The maximum benefit cannot be greater than the average final compensation including any annuitized accumulated contributions.

7. Death Benefits

Ordinary Death Benefit For Active Member With Less Than One Year of Service

Eligibility: Less than one year of eligibility service and not eligible for a special death benefit.

Benefit: Return of accumulated contributions

Ordinary Death Benefit For Active Member With One Or More Years of Service

Eligibility: One or more years of eligibility service and not eligible for a special death benefit.

Benefit:

Members who at the time of death are not members of the Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit, are younger than age 55, and have less than 15 years of service or are members of the Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit, are younger than age 60, and have less than 15 years of service.
One-time lump sum payment of member's annual earnable compensation at time of death plus accumulated contributions to the member's designated beneficiary.

Members who at the time of death: (1) are eligible to retire ; (2) have accrued at least 25 years of eligibility service; (3) are not members of the Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit and are age 55 or older with at least 15 years of service; or (4) are members of the Reformed Contributory Pension Benefit and are age 60 or older with at least 15 years of service.
The surviving spouse of a deceased member may elect to receive: (1) a one-time lump sum payment of the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus the member's accumulated contributions; or (2) a monthly allowance under Option 2 (100% survivor benefit). In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse, the decedent's children may elect to receive: (1) a one-time lump sum payment of the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus the member's accumulated contributions; or (2) an allowance equal to 50% of

the basic allowance that would have been paid to the deceased member, prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. The annuity shall be reallocated among the remaining eligible children. If any child is disabled, the benefit will continue for that child as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, the member's designated beneficiary shall receive a one-time lump sum payment consisting of the member's accumulated contributions and the member's annual compensation at the time of death.

Special Death Benefit For Active Member

Eligibility: Death arising out of or in the course of the actual performance of duty without willful negligence by the member.

Benefit: 66.67% of average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years as a member, except for member's participating in the RCPB component for which the average final compensation is the five highest consecutive years as a member, payable to a surviving spouse, the decedent's children or dependent parents. Accumulated member contributions are paid to the designated beneficiary. Children of deceased members receiving a special death benefit will continue to receive this benefit, prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. The annuity shall be reallocated among the remaining eligible children. Disabled children receiving a special death benefit may receive a special death benefit as long as they remain disabled, regardless of age.

Death Benefit For Vested Former Member

If a member is not active, but is eligible for a vested allowance, the member's designated beneficiary or estate is eligible to receive only accumulated member contributions at time of death.

8. Vested Allowance

NCPS, ECPS, and ACPS Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and separation from employment other than by death or retirement.

NCPS, ECPS, and ACPS Allowance: Accrued retirement allowance payable at age 62. A member who has completed 15 years of eligibility service may begin to receive benefit payments at any time on or after attainment of age 55, reduced by 0.5% for each month that benefit commencement date precedes age 62 (maximum reduction of 42%).

If member dies before payment of the vested allowance starts, only accumulated member contributions are returned.

RCPB Eligibility: 10 years of eligibility service and separation from employment other than by death or retirement.

RCPB Allowance: Accrued retirement allowance payable at age 65 provided member does not withdraw accumulated contributions. A member who has completed 15 years of eligibility service may begin to receive benefit payments at any time on or after attainment of age 60, reduced by 0.5% for each month that benefit commencement date precedes age 65 (maximum reduction of 30%).

If member dies before payment of the vested allowance starts, only accumulated member contributions are returned.

9. Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)

Retirement allowances may be adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Generally, effective July 1, 1998, and for an allowance based on creditable service earned before July 1, 2011, the adjustment is capped at a maximum of 3% compounded and is applied to all allowances which have been in payment for one year.

Generally, for an allowance based on creditable service earned on or after July 1, 2011, the COLA is capped at 2.5% if, for the calendar year ending December 31 in the previous fiscal year, the several systems' total investment performance was greater than or equal to the assumed rate of investment return established by the Board of Trustees and in effect as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year. The adjustment is capped at 1% if, for the calendar year ending December 31 in the previous fiscal year the several systems' total investment performance was less than the assumed rate of investment return established by the Board of Trustees and in effect as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year.

For certain individuals, such as employees of a participating governmental unit that has not elected the contributory pension benefit or the Alternate

Contributory Pension Selection for its members, or their surviving beneficiaries, the allowance is subject to a simple COLA capped at 3%.

In years in which COLAs would be less than zero due to a decline in the CPI, retirement allowances will not be adjusted. COLAs in succeeding years are adjusted until the difference between the negative COLA that would have applied and the zero COLA is fully recovered.

10. Optional Forms of Payment

Basic service allowance is in a single life annuity.

Option 1: Lump-sum refund equal to excess of present value of basic retirement allowance at date of retirement minus total amount of payments made to date of death excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 2: 100% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 3: 50% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary.

Option 4: Lump-sum refund equal to value of accumulated member contributions minus total portion of monthly payments attributed to member contributions made to date of death, excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 5: 100% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 6: 50% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

Retirees who have selected Options 2, 3, 5, or 6 and change their designated beneficiary after they retire, will have their retirement allowance re-calculated to reflect the age of the new designated beneficiary. Retirees who elect to change their beneficiary under Options 2, 3, 5, and 6, may rescind their request to change their designated beneficiary before the second monthly allowance is paid. Retirees who rescind the change of beneficiary, will have their benefit payment amount for the next payment restored to the amount paid before the change in beneficiary was made.

Vested former members who are eligible to receive a vested allowance of less than $50 a month may elect to receive a lump-sum payment equal to the present value in lieu of a monthly benefit.

11. Reduction for Benefits Payable Under Workers' Compensation

Disability retirement allowances, excluding annuity reserves, are reduced for workers' compensation benefits paid or payable after retirement from injury occurring during employment by the State if the workers' compensation benefits are for the same injury for which disability retirement was granted and are paid or payable for the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are paid. Employees' Pension System retirees receiving an accidental disability payment are subject to an offset if they are getting a workers' compensation payment for the same injury or illness, subject to specified limits. Offsets do not include any calculation of cost-of-living benefits that are paid on the original benefit amount. Conversely, workers' compensation payments are subject to an offset by the Workers' Compensation Commission if a recipient is receiving an ordinary disability payment from the Employees' Pension System for the same injury or illness. Any offset taken for an accidental disability from the Employees' Pension System will be adjusted if the retiree was originally awarded an ordinary disability retirement benefit that was later converted to an accidental disability benefit. The adjusted offset shall reflect any offset awarded to the retiree's employer by the Workers' Compensation Commission.

State Police Retirement System

A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2022	2021
Total Membership		
Active Vested	765	774
Active Non-Vested	591	579
Vested Former Members	86	86
Retired Members	2,597	2,559
Active Members		
Number	1,356	1,353
Average Age	36.4	36.5
Average Years of Service	12.1	12.3
Average Annual Salary	$ 90,363	$ 87,989
Retirees & Beneficiaries		
Number	2,597	2,559
Average Age	65.6	65.2
Average Monthly Benefit	$ 4,676	$ 4,447

1. Membership

Membership is a condition of employment for all officers of the Maryland State Police.

2. Member Contributions

Members are required to contribute 8% of earnable compensation. Beginning July1, 2020, no member contributions are required after 28 years of service.

Contributions earn interest at 4% per year, compounded annually, until retirement, withdrawal of the accumulated contributions, or the end of membership for former members who are not entitled to receive a vested allowance.

3. Normal Retirement Age

Normal retirement age is age 50.

4. Normal Service Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: For individuals who are members on or before June 30, 2011, 22 years of eligibility service or attainment of age 50. For individuals who become members on or after July 1, 2011, 25 years of eligibility service or attainment of age 50. Retirement at age 60 is mandatory for all but the Secretary of State Police.

Allowance: For individuals who are members on or before June 30, 2011, 2.55% of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member. For individuals who become members on or after July 1, 2011, 2.55% of average final compensation for the five highest years as a member. Maximum benefit is 71.4% of average final compensation.

5. Early Retirement Allowance

Not applicable to the State Police Retirement System.

6. Disability Retirement Allowance

Ordinary

Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is mentally or physically incapacitated from the performance of the normal duties of the member's position, and that incapacity is likely to be permanent.

Allowance: The allowance is the greater of a normal service retirement allowance (as described above) or 35% of the member's average final compensation.

Special (Accidental)

Eligibility: Total and permanent incapacity for duty as certified by the medical board arising out of or in the course of the actual performance of duty without willful negligence by the member.

Allowance: For members who are under normal retirement age, the benefit is the lesser of either the member's average final compensation, or the sum of 66.67% of the member's average final compensation and an annuity that is actuarially equivalent to the member's accumulated contributions. Members who are at least normal retirement age are entitled either to the benefit as calculated for members under normal retirement age, or a normal service retirement allowance, whichever is greater.

7. Death Benefits

Normal Death Benefit – Return of Accumulated Contributions
Eligibility: Death while employed as a member and less than one year of eligibility service. A normal death benefit may be not paid if a special death benefit is paid for that death.

Benefit: Lump sum payment of member's accumulated member contributions to the member's designated beneficiary or, if there is no designated beneficiary, to the member's estate.

Normal Death Benefit – Return of Accumulated Contributions and Annual Earnable Compensation
Eligibility: Death while employed as a member and at least one year of eligibility service. A normal death benefit may not be paid if a special death benefit is paid for that death.

Benefit: Lump sum payment of member's accumulated contributions and an amount equal to the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death to the member's designated beneficiary or, if there is no designated beneficiary, to the member's estate.

Special Death Benefit For Death While Employed And Not In Performance Of Duty
Eligibility: Death while employed as a member, without member's willful negligence, and not in the performance of duty. Member has more than two years of eligibility service. The member is survived by a spouse, a child under the age of 26, a disabled child, or a dependent parent.

Benefit: Accumulated member contributions plus an allowance equal to 50% of the member's average final compensation.

Beneficiary: Payment of the member's accumulated member contributions shall be paid to the member's designated beneficiary, or otherwise to the member's estate. An allowance equal to 50% of the member's average final compensation shall be made to the surviving spouse; however, if there is no surviving spouse or spouse dies before youngest child reaches age 26, 50% of average final compensation continues prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. If the child is disabled, the benefit will continue as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, payment is made to dependent parents. If none of the above conditions is met, the normal death benefit is paid to the designated beneficiary.

Special Death Benefit For Death In The Performance Of Duty
Eligibility: Death while employed as a member, without member's willful negligence, and in the performance of duty. The member is survived by a spouse, a child under the age of 26, a disabled child, or a dependent parent.

Benefit: Accumulated member contributions plus an allowance equal to 66.67% of the member's average final compensation.

Beneficiary: Payment of the member's accumulated member contributions shall be paid to the member's designated beneficiary, or otherwise to the member's estate. An allowance equal to 66.67% of the member's average final compensation shall be made to the surviving spouse; however, if there is no surviving spouse or spouse dies before youngest child reaches age 26, 66.67% of average final compensation continues prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. If the child is disabled, the benefit will continue as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, payment is made to dependent parents. If none of the above conditions is met, the normal death benefit is paid to the designated beneficiary.

Waiver of Special Death Benefit
Before the payment of any special death benefit is made under this section, if all individuals eligible for a special death benefit elect to waive the payment of the special death benefit, a normal death benefit is paid to the member's designated beneficiary, or otherwise to the member's estate.

Death Benefit For Vested Former Member
If a member is not active, but is eligible for a vested allowance, the member's designated beneficiary or estate is eligible to receive only accumulated member contributions at time of death.

8. Vested Allowance

Eligibility: For individuals who became members on or before June 30, 2011, five years of eligibility service and separation from employment other than by death or retirement. For individuals who become members on or after July 1, 2011, 10 years of eligibility service and separation from employment other than by death or retirement.

Allowance: Service retirement allowance payable at normal retirement age, provided the member does not withdraw the member's accumulated contributions.

9. Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)

Retirement allowances may be adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Any COLAs are effective July 1, for all allowances which have been in payment for one year.

Uncapped compounded COLAs are applied to all benefits attributable to creditable service earned on or before June 30, 2011.

For an allowance based on creditable service earned on or after July 1, 2011, the COLA adjustment is capped at 2.5% if, for the calendar year ending December 31 in the previous fiscal year, the several systems' total investment performance was greater than or equal to the assumed rate of investment return established by the Board of Trustees and in effect as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year. The adjustment is capped at 1% if, for the calendar year ending December 31 in the previous fiscal year, the several systems' total investment performance was less than the assumed rate of investment return established by the Board of Trustees and in effect as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year.

In years in which COLAs would be less than zero due to a decline in the CPI, retirement allowances will not be adjusted. COLAs in succeeding years are adjusted until the difference between the negative COLA that would have applied and the zero COLA is fully recovered.

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving a retirement allowance on or before June 30, 1999, who receive an annual adjustment to their benefit ranging from $1,200 to $2,100 receive separate COLAs on this adjustment commencing effective July 1, 2000.

10. Optional Forms of Payment

If, at the time of death, the retiree is married, the retiree's spouse is entitled to receive a survivor benefit consisting of 80% of the retiree's retirement allowance. If there is no surviving spouse or upon the death of the surviving spouse, payment of the survivor benefit is divided equally among any children of the deceased retiree under the age of 18 years, until each child dies or becomes age 18. If the child is disabled, the benefit will continue as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. If there is no spouse at time of retirement, member may select an optional allowance.

Option 1: Lump-sum refund equal to excess of present value of basic retirement allowance at date of retirement minus total amount of payments made to date of death excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 2: 100% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 3: 50% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary.

Option 4: Lump-sum refund equal to value of accumulated member contributions minus total portion of monthly payments attributed to member contributions made to date of death, excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 5: 100% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 6: 50% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

Retirees who have selected Options 2, 3, 5, or 6 and change their designated beneficiary after they retire, will have their retirement allowance re-calculated to reflect the age of the new designated beneficiary. Retirees who elect to change their beneficiary under Options 2, 3, 5, and 6, may rescind their request to change their designated beneficiary before the second monthly allowance is paid. Retirees who rescind the change of beneficiary, will have their benefit payment amount for the next payment restored to the amount paid before the change in beneficiary was made.

11. Reduction for Benefits Payable Under Workers' Compensation

Disability retirement allowances, excluding annuity reserves, are reduced for workers' compensation benefits paid or payable after retirement from injury occurring during employment by the State if the workers' compensation benefits are for the same injury for which disability retirement was granted and are paid or payable for the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are paid. State Police Retirement System retirees receiving an accidental disability payment are subject to an offset if they are getting a workers' compensation payment for the same injury or illness, subject to specified limits. Offsets do not include any calculation of cost-of-living benefits that are paid on the original benefit amount. Conversely, workers' compensation payments are subject to an offset by the Workers' Compensation Commission if a recipient is receiving an ordinary disability payment from the State Police Retirement System for the same injury or illness. Any offset taken for an accidental disability from the State Police Retirement System will be adjusted if the retiree was originally awarded an ordinary disability retirement benefit that was later converted to an accidental disability benefit. The adjusted offset shall reflect any offset awarded to the retiree's employer by the Workers' Compensation Commission.

12. Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Eligibility: Members who joined the State Police Retirement System on or before June 30, 2011 are eligible to participate in the DROP if they are less than 60 years old and have at least 22 but less than 30 years of eligibility service. Members who join the State Police System on or after July 1, 2011 are eligible to participate in the DROP if they are less than 60 years old and have at least 25 but less than 30 years of eligibility service.

Participation: An eligible member may participate in the DROP for the lesser of 5 years, the difference between 30 years and the member's creditable service, the difference between 60 years and the member's age on date of election to participate, or a term selected by the member. Participation also ends if the participant dies, is terminated from employment, accepts a special disability retirement allowance, or submits a binding letter of resignation or notice of intent to terminate employment. Members who participate in the DROP are retired and cease making member contributions, and cease accruing service credit and additional benefits.

Allowance: For members who entered the DROP on or before June 30, 2011, the service retirement allowance, with COLAs, is credited to an account earning interest at the rate of 6% per year, compounded monthly. For members who enter DROP on or after July 1, 2011, the service retirement allowance, with COLAs, is credited to an account earning interest at the rate of 4% per year, compounded annually. When the DROP period ends, members terminate employment and begin receiving their monthly allowance plus the lump sum payment from their DROP account. During the DROP period, members remain eligible for Special Disability benefits if incapacitated while in DROP.

Judges' Retirement System

A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2022	2021
Total Membership		
Active Vested	209	204
Active Non-Vested	108	111
Vested Former Members	10	7
Retired Members	463	442
Active Members		
Number	317	315
Average Age	57.3	57.8
Average Years of Service	8.0	8.3
Average Annual Salary	$ 169,921	$ 165,312
Retirees & Beneficiaries		
Number	463	442
Average Age	77.9	77.8
Average Monthly Benefit	$ 7,727	$ 7,363

1. Membership

Membership is a condition of employment for a judge of the Court of Appeals, Court of Special Appeals, Circuit Court, or District Court of Maryland and members of the State Workers' Compensation Commission. Membership ends if the member is separated from employment for more than four years, withdraws the member's accumulated contributions, retires, or dies.

2. Member Contributions

Members are required to make contributions of 8% of salary until they have completed 16 years of service as a member.

Contributions earn interest at 4% per year, compounded annually, until retirement or withdrawal of accumulated contributions. Non-vested members who became members of the Judges' Retirement System on or after July 1, 2012 shall not receive interest after membership ends.

3. Normal Retirement Age

Normal retirement age is age 60.

4. Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: An individual who is a member of the Judges' Retirement System before July 1, 2012 is entitled to a retirement allowance: (1) on termination of service if the member is at least age 60; (2) on resignation for disability and recommendation of the medical board, (3) when retired by order of the Court of Appeals, or (4) at the age of 60 years. An individual who becomes a member of the Judges' Retirement System on or after July 1, 2012 is entitled to a retirement allowance: (1) on termination of service if the member is at least 60 and has at least 5 years of eligibility service; (2) on resignation for disability and recommendation of the medical board, (3) when retired by order of the Court of Appeals if the member has at least 5 years of eligibility service; (4) at the mandatory retirement age required by the Maryland Constitution with less than five years of service, if the member has eligibility service equal to the mandatory retirement age minus the member's age when the member joined the Judges' Retirement System; or (5) at the age of 60, if the former member's termination of service occurred earlier and the former member had at least five years of eligibility service when the former member terminated service.

Allowance: Generally, the retirement allowance equals 66.67% of salary payable in that fiscal year to member holding same level of judicial position that retiree held on termination of service. For members with less than 16 years of service credit, the benefit is reduced based on the ratio of years of service credit to 16.

5. Early Retirement Allowance

Not applicable to the Judges' Retirement System.

6. Disability Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: Certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is incapacitated for the performance of duty, and that incapacity is likely to be permanent.

Allowance: A retirement allowance payable immediately. However, if a judge has at least three years of service credit as a member, the allowance will be at least .333% of the judge's salary at the time of retirement.

7. Death Benefits

Monthly Allowance

Eligibility: Death of a judge or former judge at any age, leaving a surviving spouse or children under the age of 26, or a child who is disabled, regardless of age.

Allowance: 50% of the pension that would have been payable to the judge or former judge as of the date of death, as if the judge or former judge was eligible to receive a retirement allowance, is payable to surviving spouse. If there is no spouse, payment is divided equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. If the child is disabled, the benefit will continue as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age.

Lump Sum

On death of a member who is not survived by a spouse or children, the Board of Trustees shall pay the member's accumulated contributions and an amount equal to the member's annual salary at time of death to the member's designated beneficiary. If the member has designated more than one beneficiary, this lump-sum death benefit shall be divided equally among the beneficiaries. If a member's service is terminated by death and the member leaves no spouse, child under the age of 18 years, or designated beneficiary, the member's accumulated contributions shall be paid to the member's estate.

8. Vested Allowance

Eligibility: Individuals who became members before July 1, 2012, are eligible once they have both separated from service and reached age 60 years. Individuals who become members on or after July 1, 2012, are eligible once they have separated from service, reached age 60 years, and earned five years of eligibility service. Also eligible are individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 who are required to retire due to mandatory retirement and have less than 5 years of service at that time, if they have an amount of eligibility service equal to constitutional mandatory retirement age minus the member's age when the individuals first become members of the System.

Allowance: Same as allowance payable at age 60.

In lieu of a deferred vested allowance pension, a former judge may elect to withdraw accumulated contributions following the judge's termination of service.

9. Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)

Generally, allowances are recalculated each time the salary for a sitting judge from the Court from which the judge retired increases.

NOTE: Magistrates who retire from the Judges' Retirement System receive COLA allowances equal to the percentage increase in salary provided to judges of the Circuit Court.

10. Optional Forms of Payment

For survivor allowance payable to a member's surviving spouse, children under age 26, or disabled children, see Death Benefits section above. A judge or former judge, who at the time of retirement, does not have a spouse or child under the age of 18 years, may elect one of the following optional forms of payment:

Option 1: Lump-sum equal to excess of present value of basic retirement allowance at date of retirement minus total amount of payments made to date of death excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 2: 100% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 3: 50% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary.

Option 4: Lump-sum equal to value of accumulated member contributions minus total portion of monthly payments attributed to member contributions made to date of death, excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 5: 100% “pop-up” joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree’s reduced allowance after the retiree’s death or returns the retiree’s benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree’s spouse or disabled child.

Option 6: 50% “pop-up” joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree’s reduced allowance after the retiree’s death or returns the retiree’s benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

A retiree who has elected one of these optional forms of allowance may not change the designated beneficiary.

Law Enforcement Officers’ Pension System

A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2022	2021
Total Membership		
Active Vested	1,357	1,357
Active Non-Vested	1,379	1,340
Vested Former Members	295	293
Retired Members	2,393	2,264
Active Members		
Number	2,736	2,697
Average Age	40.9	41.2
Average Years of Service	10.7	10.9
Average Annual Salary	$ 75,601	$ 73,956
Retirees & Beneficiaries		
Number	2,393	2,264
Average Age	62.5	62.2
Average Monthly Benefit	$ 3,207	$ 3,113

A. PENSION PROVISIONS

1. Membership

Membership generally is a condition of employment for all law enforcement officers who are employees of the State as provided in SPP § 26-201, or whose employers are participating governmental units who elect to have their law enforcement officers or firefighters/paramedics participate in the Law Enforcement Officers’ Pension System.

2. Member Contributions

Members are required to contribute 7% of earnable compensation. Beginning July1, 2020, no member contributions are required after 32 years and six months of service.

Contributions earn interest at 5% per year, compounded annually, until retirement, withdrawal of accumulated contributions, death, or the end of membership for former members who are not entitled to receive a vested allowance.

3. Normal Retirement Age

Normal retirement age is age 50.

4. Normal Service Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: 25 years of eligibility service or attainment of age 50.

Allowance: For individuals who became members on or before June 30, 2011, 2.0% of average final compensation for the three highest consecutive years as a member. For individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2011, 2.0% of average compensation for the five highest consecutive years as a member. For members who retired before July 1, 2018, the maximum benefit was 60% of average final compensation. For members who retire on or after July 1, 2018, the maximum benefit is 65% of average final compensation.

5. Early Retirement Allowance

Not applicable to the Law Enforcement Officers’ Retirement System.

6. Disability Retirement Allowance

Ordinary

Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is incapacitated for the performance of duty, and that incapacity is likely to be permanent.

Allowance: Service retirement allowance computed on the basis that service continues until age 50 without any change in rate of earnable compensation. If disability occurs after age 50, the benefit is based on creditable service at time of retirement.

Accidental
Eligibility: Total and permanent incapacity for duty as certified by the medical board arising out of or in the course of the actual performance of duty, without willful negligence.

Allowance: The benefit is 66.7% of average final compensation plus an annuity provided by accumulated member contributions. The maximum benefit cannot be greater than the average final compensation.

7. Death Benefits

Normal Death Benefit – Return of Accumulated Contributions
Eligibility: Death while employed as a member and less than one year of eligibility service. A normal death benefit may not be paid if a special death benefit is paid for that death.

Benefit: Lump sum payment of member's accumulated member contributions to the member's designated beneficiary or, if there is no designated beneficiary, to the member's estate.

Normal Death Benefit – Return of Accumulated Contributions and Annual Earnable Compensation
Eligibility: Death while employed as a member and at least one year of eligibility service. A normal death benefit may not be paid if a special death benefit is paid for that death.

Benefit: Lump sum payment of member's accumulated member contributions and an amount equal to the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death to the member's designated beneficiary or, if there is no designated beneficiary, to the member's estate.

Special Death Benefit For Death While Employed And Not In Performance Of Duty
Eligibility: Death while employed as a member, without the member's willful negligence, and not in the performance of duty. The member is survived by a spouse, a child under the age of 26, a disabled child, or a dependent parent.
Benefit: Accumulated member contributions plus an allowance equal to 50% of the ordinary disability allowance the member would have received at the time of the member's death.

Beneficiary: Payment of the member's accumulated member contributions shall be paid to the member's designated beneficiary, or otherwise to the member's estate. An allowance equal to 50% of the ordinary disability allowance the member would have received at the time of the member's death shall be made to the surviving spouse; however, if there is no surviving spouse or spouse dies before youngest child reaches age 26, 50% of average final compensation continues prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. If the child is disabled, the benefit will continue as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, payment is made to dependent parents. If none of the above conditions is met, the normal death benefit is paid to the designated beneficiary.

Special Death Benefit For Death In The Performance Of Duty
Eligibility: Death while employed as a member, without the member's willful negligence, and not in the performance of duty. The member is survived by a spouse, a child under the age of 26, a disabled child, or a dependent parent.

Benefit: Accumulated member contributions plus an allowance equal to 66.67% of the member's average final compensation.

Beneficiary: Payment of the member's accumulated member contributions shall be paid to the member's designated beneficiary, or otherwise to the member's estate. An allowance equal to 66.67% of the member's average final compensation be made to the surviving spouse; however, if there is no surviving spouse or spouse dies before youngest child reaches age 26, 66.67% of average final compensation continues prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. If the child is disabled, the benefit will continue as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, payment is made to dependent parents. If none of the above conditions is met, the normal death benefit is paid to the designated beneficiary.

Waiver of Special Death Benefit
Before the payment of any special death benefit is made under this section, if all individuals eligible for a special death benefit elect to waive the payment of the special death benefit, a normal death benefit is paid to the member's designated beneficiary, or otherwise to the member's estate.

Death Benefit For Vested Former Member
If a member is not active, but is eligible for a vested allowance, the member's designated beneficiary or estate is eligible to receive only accumulated member contributions at time of death.

8. Vested Allowance

Eligibility: For individuals who are members on or before June 30, 2011, five years of eligibility service. For individuals who become members on or after July 1, 2011, 10 years of eligibility service.

Allowance: Accrued retirement allowance payable at age 50 if the member does not withdraw the member's accumulated member contributions.

9. Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)

Retirement allowances may be adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Any COLAs are effective July 1, for allowances which have been in payment for one year. Effective July 1, 2000, for an allowance based on creditable service earned before July 1, 2011, the adjustment is capped at a maximum 3% compounded and is applied to all allowances which have been in payment for one year.

For an allowance based on creditable service earned on or after July 1, 2011, the COLA adjustment is capped at 2.5% if, for the calendar year ending December 31 in the previous fiscal year, the several systems' total investment performance was greater than or equal to the assumed rate of investment return established by the Board of Trustees and in effect as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year. The adjustment is capped at 1% if, for the calendar year ending December 31 in the previous fiscal year, the several systems' total investment performance was less than the assumed rate of investment return established by the Board of Trustees and in effect as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year.

In years in which COLAs would be less than zero due to a decline in the CPI, retirement allowances will not be adjusted. COLAs in succeeding years are adjusted until the difference between the negative COLA that would have applied and the zero COLA is fully recovered.

10. Optional Forms of Payment

If, at the time of death, the retiree is married, the retiree's spouse is entitled to receive a survivor benefit consisting of 50% of the retiree's basic allowance. If there is no surviving spouse or upon the death of the surviving spouse, payment of the survivor benefit is divided equally among any children of the deceased retiree under the age of 26 years, until each child dies or becomes age 26. If the child is disabled, the benefit will continue as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. If there is no spouse at time of retirement, member may select an optional allowance.

Option 1: Lump-sum refund equal to excess of present value of basic retirement allowance at date of retirement minus total amount of payments made to date of death excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 2: 100% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 3: 50% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary.

Option 4: Lump-sum refund equal to value of accumulated member contributions minus total portion of monthly payments attributed to member contributions made to date of death, excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 5: 100% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 6: 50% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

Retirees who have selected Options 2, 3, 5, or 6 and change their designated beneficiary after they retire, will have their retirement allowance re-calculated to reflect the age of the new designated beneficiary. Retirees who elect to change their beneficiary under Options 2, 3, 5, and 6, may rescind their request to change their designated beneficiary before the second monthly allowance is paid. Retirees who rescind the change of beneficiary, will have their benefit payment amount for the next payment restored to the amount paid before the change in beneficiary was made.

11. Reduction for Benefits Payable under Workers' Compensation

Disability retirement allowances, excluding annuity reserves, are reduced for workers' compensation benefits paid or payable after retirement from injury occurring during employment by the State if the workers' compensation benefits are for the same injury for which disability retirement was granted and are paid or payable for the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are paid. Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System retirees receiving an accidental disability payment are subject to an offset if they are getting a workers' compensation payment for the same injury or illness, subject to specified limits. Offsets do not include any calculation of cost-of-living benefits that are paid on the original benefit amount. Conversely, workers' compensation payments are subject to an offset by the Workers' Compensation Commission if a recipient is receiving an ordinary disability payment from the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System for the same injury or illness. Any offset taken for an accidental disability from the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System will be adjusted if the retiree was originally awarded an ordinary disability retirement benefit that was later converted to an accidental disability benefit. The adjusted offset shall reflect any offset awarded to the retiree's employer by the Workers' Compensation Commission.

12. Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

Eligibility: Members are eligible to participate in the DROP if they have at least 25 and less than 30 years of creditable service.

Participation: An eligible member may participate in the DROP for the lesser of 5 years, the difference between 30 years and the member's creditable service, or a term selected by the member. Participation also ends if the participant dies, is terminated from employment, accepts an accidental disability retirement allowance, or submits a binding letter of resignation or notice of intent to terminate employment. Members who participate in the DROP are retired and cease making member contributions, and cease accruing service credit and additional benefits.

Allowance: For members who entered the DROP on or before June 30, 2011, the service retirement allowance, with annual COLAs, is credited to an account earning interest at the rate of 6% per year, compounded monthly. For members who enter DROP on or after July 1, 2011, the service retirement allowance, with annual COLAs, is credited to an account earning interest at the rate of 4% per year, compounded annually. When the DROP period ends, members terminate employment and begin receiving their monthly allowance plus the lump sum payment from their DROP account. During the DROP period, members remain eligible for accidental disability benefits if incapacitated while in DROP.

B. Members Transferring from the Employees' Retirement System[1]

1. Membership

The retirement tier was closed to new participants effective January 1, 2005.

2. Member Contributions

Members who transferred from Employees' Retirement System (Plan A) are required to contribute 7% of earnable compensation. Members who transferred from the Employees' Retirement System (Plan B) contribute 5% of earnable compensation.

Contributions earn interest at 4% per year, compounded annually, until retirement, withdrawal of accumulated contributions, death, or the end of membership for former members who are not entitled to receive a vested allowance.

3. Normal Retirement Age

Normal retirement age is age 50.

4. Normal Service Retirement Allowance

Eligibility: 25 years of eligibility service or attainment of age 50.

Allowance: 2.3% of average final compensation for the three highest years as a member for each of the first 30 years of creditable service, plus 1.0% of average final compensation for each additional year.

5. Early Retirement Allowance

Not applicable to this System.

1 This section B outlines the provisions applicable to members of LEOPS who transferred from the Employees' Retirement System before January 1, 2005 and were subject to Selection A or Selection B and did not elect to participate in the contributory law enforcement officers' modified benefit.

6. Disability Retirement Allowance

Ordinary

Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and certification of the medical board designated by the Board of Trustees that member is incapacitated for the performance of duty, and that incapacity is likely to be permanent.

Allowance: The greater of normal service retirement allowance or 25% of average final compensation.

Accidental

Eligibility: Total and permanent incapacity for duty as certified by the medical board arising out of or in the course of the actual performance of duty, without willful negligence.

Allowance: The benefit is 66.7% of average final compensation plus an annuity that is the actuarial equivalent of accumulated contributions. The maximum benefit cannot be greater than the average final compensation.

7. Death Benefits

Normal Death Benefit – Return of Accumulated Contributions

Eligibility: Death while employed as a member and less than one year of eligibility service. A normal death benefit may not be paid if a special death benefit is paid for that death.

Benefit: Lump sum payment of member's accumulated member contributions to the member's designated beneficiary or, if there is no designated beneficiary, to the member's estate.

Normal Death Benefit – Return of Accumulated Contributions and Annual Earnable Compensation

Eligibility: Death while employed as a member and at least one year of eligibility service. A normal death benefit may not be paid if a special death benefit is paid for that death.

Benefit: Lump sum payment of member's accumulated member contributions and an amount equal to the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death to the member's designated beneficiary or, if there is no designated beneficiary, to the member's estate.

Special Death Benefit For Death While Employed And Not In Performance Of Duty
Eligibility: Death while employed as a member, without the member's willful negligence, and not in the performance of duty. The member is survived by a spouse, a child under the age of 26, a disabled child, or a dependent parent.

Benefit: Accumulated member contributions plus an allowance equal to 50% of the ordinary disability allowance the member would have received at the time of the member's death.

Beneficiary: Payment of the member's accumulated member contributions shall be paid to the member's designated beneficiary, or otherwise to the member's estate. An allowance equal to 50% of the ordinary disability allowance the member would have received at the time of the member's death shall be made to the surviving spouse; however, if there is no surviving spouse or spouse dies before youngest child reaches age 26, 50% of average final compensation continues prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. If the child is disabled, the benefit will continue as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, payment is made to dependent parents. If none of the above conditions is met, the normal death benefit is paid to the designated beneficiary.

Special Death Benefit For Death In The Performance Of Duty
Eligibility: Death while employed as a member, without the member's willful negligence, and not in the performance of duty. The member is survived by a spouse, a child under the age of 26, a disabled child, or a dependent parent.

Benefit: Accumulated member contributions paid plus an allowance equal to 66.67% of the member's average final compensation.

Beneficiary: Payment of the member's accumulated member contributions shall be paid to the member's designated beneficiary, or otherwise to the member's estate. An allowance equal to 66.67% of the member's average final compensation be made to the surviving spouse; however, if there is no surviving spouse or spouse dies before youngest child reaches age 26, 66.67% of average final compensation continues prorated equally among the eligible children. A child is eligible for a prorated share of the annuity until reaching age 26. If the child is disabled, the benefit will continue as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. In cases where a deceased member is not survived by a spouse or children, payment is made to dependent parents. If none of the above conditions is met, the normal death benefit is paid to the designated beneficiary.

Waiver of Special Death Benefit
Before the payment of any special death benefit is made under this section, if all individuals eligible for a special death benefit elect to waive the payment of the special death benefit, a normal death benefit is paid to the member's designated beneficiary, or otherwise to the member's estate.

Death Benefit For Vested Former Member
If a member is not active, but is eligible for a vested allowance, the member's designated beneficiary or estate is eligible to receive only accumulated member contributions at time of death.

8. Vested Allowance

Eligibility: Five years of eligibility service and separation from employment other than by death or retirement.

Allowance: Service retirement allowance payable at normal retirement age if the member does not withdraw the member's accumulated member contributions.

9. Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)

Retirement allowances may be adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Any COLAs are effective July 1, for all allowances which have been in payment for one year.

For an allowance for members that elected Selection A (contributing 7% of earnable compensation), uncapped COLA is compounded annually. For an allowance for members that elected Selection B (contributing 5% of earnable compensation), the COLA is capped at a maximum 5% compounded annually.

In years in which COLAs would be less than zero due to a decline in the CPI, retirement allowances will not be adjusted. COLAs in succeeding years are adjusted until the difference between the negative COLA that would have applied and the zero COLA is fully recovered.

10. Optional Forms of Payment

If, at the time of death, the retiree is married, the retiree's spouse if entitled to receive a survivor benefit consisting of 50% of the retiree's basic allowance. If there is no surviving spouse or upon the death of the surviving spouse, payment of the survivor benefit is divided equally among any children of the deceased retiree under the age of 26 years, until each child dies or becomes age 26. If the child is disabled, the benefit will continue as long as the child remains disabled, regardless of age. If there is no spouse at time of retirement, member may select an optional allowance.

Option 1: Lump-sum refund equal to excess of present value of basic retirement allowance at date of retirement minus total amount of payments made to date of death excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 2: 100% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 3: 50% joint and survivor annuity, which pays the retiree's surviving designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance for the life of the designated beneficiary.

Option 4: Lump-sum refund equal to value of accumulated member contributions minus total portion of monthly payments attributed to member contributions made to date of death, excluding any cost of living adjustments for retirees before July 1, 2017.

Option 5: 100% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 100% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree. The designated beneficiary cannot be more than 10 years younger than the retiree unless the beneficiary is the retiree's spouse or disabled child.

Option 6: 50% "pop-up" joint and survivor annuity, which pays the designated beneficiary 50% of the retiree's reduced allowance after the retiree's death or returns the retiree's benefit to the unreduced basic allowance if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

Retirees who have selected Options 2, 3, 5, or 6 and change their designated beneficiary after they retire, will have their retirement allowance re-calculated to reflect the age of the new designated beneficiary. Retirees who elect to change their beneficiary under Options 2, 3, 5, and 6, may rescind their request to change their designated beneficiary before the second monthly allowance is paid. Retirees who rescind the change of beneficiary, will have their benefit payment amount for the next payment restored to the amount paid before the change in beneficiary was made.

11. Reduction for Benefits Payable under Workers' Compensation

Disability retirement allowances, excluding annuity reserves, are reduced for workers' compensation benefits paid or payable after retirement from injury occurring during employment by the State if the workers' compensation benefits are for the same injury for which disability retirement was granted and are paid or payable for the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are paid. Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System retirees receiving an accidental disability payment are subject to an offset if they are getting a workers' compensation payment for the same injury or illness, subject to specified limits. Offsets do not include any calculation of cost-of-living benefits that are paid on the original benefit amount. Conversely, workers' compensation payments are subject to an offset by the Workers' Compensation Commission if a recipient is receiving an ordinary disability payment from the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System for the same injury or illness. Any offset taken for an accidental disability from the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System will be adjusted if the retiree was originally awarded an ordinary disability retirement benefit that was later converted to an accidental disability benefit. The adjusted offset shall reflect any offset awarded to the retiree's employer by the Workers' Compensation Commission.

12. Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Eligibility: Members are eligible to participate in the DROP if they have at least 25 and less than 30 years of creditable service.

Participation: An eligible member may participate in the DROP for the lesser of 5 years, the difference between 30 years and the member's creditable service, or a term selected by the member. Participation also ends if the participant dies, is terminated from employment, accepts an accidental disability retirement allowance, or submits a binding letter of resignation or notice of intent to terminate employment. Members who participate in the DROP are retired and cease making member contributions, and cease accruing service credit and additional benefits.

Allowance: For members who entered the DROP on or before June 30, 2011, the service retirement allowance, with annual COLAs, is credited to an account earning interest at the rate of 6% per year, compounded monthly. For members who enter DROP on or after July 1, 2011, the service retirement allowance, with annual COLAs, is credited to an account earning interest at the rate of 4% per year, compounded annually. When the DROP period ends, members terminate employment and begin receiving their monthly allowance plus the lump sum payment from their DROP account. During the DROP period, members remain eligible for Accidental Disability benefits if incapacitated while in DROP.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